

-/T. JO/EPH CEMETERY

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

- Prepared By -

The Department of Finance Kevin Jacobson, Director

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CITY OFFICIALS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Eric Bookmeyer	Mayor	2017
Travis Hickey	Mayor Pro-Tem	2017
Alex Kuhn	Council Member (through 7/15/16)	2019
Bill Schickel	Council Member	2017
Paul Adams	Council Member (effective 12/6/16)	2019
John Lee	Council Member	2019
Janet Solberg	Council Member	2017
Brett Schoneman	Council Member	2019
Brent Trout	City Administrator/Clerk	2017
Diana Black	Deputy City Clerk	2017
Kevin Jacobson	Director of Finance/Treasurer	2017
Randy Nielsen	City Attorney, Civil Law	2017
Pam Osgood	Airport Manager	2017
Edith Blanchard	MacNider Museum Director	2017
Dana Nauman	City Assessor	2017
Russ Kramer	Band Director	2017
Randy Opheim	Elmwood Cemetery Manager	2017
Steven Van Steenhuyse	Development Services Director	2017
Douglas D. Janssen (Interim)	Fire Chief (as of $11/15/17$ )	2017
Al Dyer Jr.	Fire Chief $(10/24/16 \text{ thru } 11/15/17)$	2017
Perry Buffington	Human Resources Manager	2017
Mary Markwalter	Library Director	2017
William Stangler	Operations and Maintenance Manager	2017
William Stangler	Parks Superintendent	2017
Jeffrey Brinkley	Police Chief	2017
Mark Rahm	City Engineer	2017
Brian Pauley	Recreation Superintendent	2017

# City of Mason City



(8) APPOINTED by Administrator with Park Board approval

Board of Education



10 First Street Northwest Mason City, IA 50401-3224 (641) 421-3600 www.masoncity.net

December 27, 2017

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mason City, Iowa

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Mason City, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (FY17) is submitted herewith in accordance with the provisions of Section 384.22 of the Code of Iowa, 1995, as amended, the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance. The introductory section includes a table of contents, a list of City Officials, the organizational chart, this transmittal letter, and a copy of the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting earned for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The financial section includes management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and nonmajor funds and other schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, as well as the independent auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The compliance section encompasses requirements related to the single audit, various federal and state grants, and statutory and regulatory compliance.

This report was prepared by the City's Department of Finance. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Mason City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE

The City of Mason City operates under the Mayor/Council form of government with six City Council members, four of which are elected from wards and two elected at large. The Mayor is elected at large for a four-year term. The City Council is elected to four-year terms. Three Council seats are up for election every two years. The City Administrator reports to the City Council. Ten departments are under the direction of the City Administrator. The City Attorney is a contracted position under the direction of the City Administrator. Six departments are under the direction of a board or commission. The Mayor and Council appoint members of the Airport, Human Rights Commission, and Youth Task Force Commissions, Library, Cemetery, and Museum Boards.

Departments include City Clerk, Development Services, Engineering, Finance, Fire, Human Resources, Operations and Maintenance, Parks, Recreation, Police and Volunteer Services. The Neighborhood Services Division oversees Transit, Health, Inspections and Animal Control services. The City owns the Mason City Public Library, the Highland Park Golf Course and the Mason City Municipal Airport.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City's Development Services Department continues its planning and economic development efforts to spur development and redevelopment in the community in accordance with the City's Comprehensive Plan and City Council goals. Development activities are focused on both downtown and the community's industrial parks. The buyout and demolition efforts related to the June 8, 2008 flood event in the community are finally complete. A total of 169 houses were purchased and either demolished or moved due to the 2008 flood; the land will become permanent public open space. Fortunately, the business and industrial areas of the community suffered limited flood losses. A flood in 2016 did not cause any major damage; the efforts of the City to prevent or mitigate damage from future floods appears to have been effective. A major focus of the department is on Downtown development, particularly the River City Renaissance Reinvestment District. This project, which will be partially financed with rebated state sales and hotel/motel taxes as well as tax increment financing and private participation, includes a select-service hotel, conversion of the Music Man Square museum into a mid-sized conference and convention facility, an indoor-outdoor performing arts pavilion, and a 2,400-seat multi-use arena. These projects will increase the downtown tax base and retain/draw younger skilled workers and their families to Mason City.

The City continues to work with the North Iowa Corridor Economic Development Corporation (NICEDC), to promote and facilitate job creation and capital investment in the Mason City area. The NICEDC is a county-wide economic development corporation that has merged the assets and efforts of Mason City, Clear Lake and Cerro Gordo County to market the entire county, assist local industries and attract new capital investment and jobs.

NICEDC is partially funded by Mason City to serve as the City's economic development marketing and recruitment arm. They provide information and support to prospective employers, maintain a database of available buildings and sites within the region and partner with numerous local, regional, state and national organizations to market and recruit business to North Iowa. Key industries targeted by NICEDC are warehousing, value-added agriculture, food processing and advanced manufacturing.

The population in the City of Mason City, IA was 27,643 per American Community Survey data for 2011-2015. The region has a civilian labor force of 15,213 with a participation rate of 66.6 percent. Of individuals aged 25 to 64, 22.0% have a bachelor's degree or higher, compares to 31.3% nationwide. The median household income is \$43,525 and the median house value is \$102,300.

The local economy continued to be very strong. Unemployment rates in the County stayed around 3% most of the year and saw a 5.3% increase in total employment year over year to 20,344. The average worker in Mason City earned annual wages of \$41,017 as of the second quarter of 2017. Average annual wages per worker increased 0.5% in the region during the preceding four quarters.

The Cost of Living Index estimates the relative price levels for consumer goods and services. When applied to wages and salaries, the result is a measure of relative purchasing power. The cost of living is 11.5% lower in City of Mason City, IA than the U.S. average.

The largest employment sector in Mason City is Health Care and Social Assistance, employing 4,577 workers. The next-largest sectors in the region are Retail Trade

(3,073 workers) and Manufacturing (2,493). High location quotients (LQs) indicate sectors in which a region has high concentrations of employment compared to the national average. The sectors with the largest LQs in the region are Health Care and Social Assistance (LQ = 1.58), Manufacturing (1.49), and Retail Trade (1.40).

Sectors with the highest average wages per worker are Utilities (\$106,979), Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting (\$61,554), and Finance and Insurance (\$60,005). Regional sectors with the best job growth (or most moderate job losses) over the last 5 years are Health Care and Social Assistance (+358 jobs), Manufacturing (+237), and Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (+131).

A cluster is a geographic concentration of interrelated industries or occupations. The industry cluster with the highest relative concentration is Metal & Product Manufacturing, with a location quotient of 3.49. This cluster employs 532 workers in the region with an average wage of \$34,991.

Accomplishments for the past fiscal year include:

- The North Iowa Corridor Economic Development Corporation (NICEDC) worked with Cargill Kitchen Solutions, Inc. to submit an application for the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) High Quality Jobs Program. This included High Quality Jobs Program tax credits, Investment Tax Credits of \$350,000, and refund of sales, service, or use taxes paid during construction valued at \$86,451. As part of the local match component, the NICEDC worked with the City of Mason City on a Property Tax Rebate of up to \$210,000. The \$15 million project created 50 new jobs to bring the facility to nearly 300 jobs in Mason City. The project was completed in November.
- NICEDC secured a \$1,126,875 RISE grant for Mason City from the Iowa DOT for the construction of a new road into the South Industrial Park to serve a \$30 million expansion project with 10 new jobs for Golden Grain Energy, as well as a prospective new business development with a \$15 million investment and 25 new jobs. It will also serve the existing Helena Corporation facility, which is expected to have a \$5 million expansion in the coming year.
- Workforce initiatives: The NICEDC worked in collaboration with local schools and North Iowa Area Community College (NIACC) to further post-high school degree attainment, engage our youth in the local business culture to encourage staying in the area post high school, and grow our curriculum to meet current and future workforce needs. NICEDC hosted or participated in a number of school/business connection events reaching approximately 809 students (691 from Mason City), 40 educators (11 from Mason City) and 72 businesses (25 from Mason City).
- Business Retention and Expansion (BRE): The NICEDC staff make weekly contact with businesses and each year conduct on-site in-depth interviews with local leaders of nearly 15 program-targeted companies to gather comprehensive data and intelligence on business challenges and opportunities with each company. This information is used to identify common areas of concern, which are presented to the governing bodies and used to make adjustments to find solutions to issues. In addition to company interviews, the NICEDC has more than 300 company touches with discussions involving workforce, VNI, downtown projects, school/business connections, future planning, buildings and sites, operations, utilities, etc.
- The NICEDC assists with promotion of industrial park sites along the Avenue of the Saints, I-35, and other areas within the city. Also, promotion and marketing of the industrial sites in Mason City's South Industrial Park and other areas of the city, as well as a number of industrial and commercial buildings.

- The NICEDC hosted visits from the Iowa Economic Development Authority and commercial real estate-generated prospect visits to buildings and sites in the community, with the City offering public financial incentive packages in some instances.
- The NICEDC continued to be the lead organization of the seven-county North Central Iowa Alliance regional marketing group, which markets the entire North Central Iowa region as a location to create jobs and wealth. This included increased efforts to grow and retain the region's workforce with refreshed marketing materials and a website.
- The City and the NICEDC continued their partnerships with small business development organizations, including the John Pappajohn Entrepreneurial Center and the Small Business Development Center, to ensure better information sharing and flow.
- The NICEDC developed 16 potential business leads, with total capital investment potential over \$250 million and potential for 600+ new jobs.
- Finally, the NICEDC worked with 8 existing industries on potential expansion projects, with potential of over \$60 million in private investment, and potential for 60+ new jobs.

Mason City, with its transportation network of interstate highways, four-lane highways, airport, rail service, regional workforce, low property tax rates, excellent education system and community college, top notch hospital and health care, regional retail center, regional cultural and recreational amenities, and the willingness to use public financial incentives to assist quality job retention and creation, remains a competitive force for economic development in North Central Iowa.

#### EXPANDED AND NEW INDUSTRIES 7/1/16 - 6/30/17

The valuation of expanded industrial development totaled approximately \$2,833,633.00 while new or expanded commercial and industrial development together totaled \$17,373,788.52 (these figures are based on construction value used to calculate permit fees).

Major commercial development projects included two new restaurants (valued at \$750,000 and \$1.1 million) and several new self-storage units (valued at \$1.8 million). Major developments in the institutional sector include a new Behavioral Health wing at Mercy - North Iowa Medical Center (preliminarily valued at \$6,000,000) and a Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Center at North Iowa Area Community College (valued at \$9.4 million).

Other commercial and industrial ventures commenced or were completed in FY17, including a major expansion to Cargill Kitchen Solutions, which added a new product line as well as 40 new employees (valued at \$2.4 million). The Mason City offices of The Principal Financial Group completed a major remodel of their downtown building, including energy and technology upgrades, valued at \$5 million.

#### DOWNTOWN

In 2017, the City initiated the Downtown Revitalization Loan (DoRL) Program, which provides a matching loan of up to \$30,000, forgivable after seven years. Since inception, the City has approved \$144,185 in loan funds, which have leveraged over \$848,000 in private investment.

The City has continued to work with Main Street Mason City (MSMC) to stabilize and enhance the downtown area. The Federal Avenue Streetscape project, completed in 2012, continues to serve as a catalyst for downtown redevelopment, as does the 2011 restoration of Frank Lloyd Wright's only surviving hotel, the Historic Park Inn. In 2014, the Downtown Façade Rehabilitation Program was completed, funded with a \$500,000 CDBG grant. These funds were used to rehabilitate 11 historic facades in the downtown area, and leveraged an additional \$5,000,000 in private funding from local banks for downtown development. As a part of the CDBG grant, MSMC also assists the City in management of a \$150,000 low-interest revolving loan fund for building improvements in the downtown TIF district.

The MSMC organization and its many volunteers provide a program that includes economic development, organizational development, promotions/events/marketing and design (appearance) improvements in the downtown. Unfortunately, the Executive Director hired late in 2016 failed to meet Board expectations, so metrics for FY17 are still being compiled at this time. In spite of this, however, the organization continued to operate and provided several successful events, such as four Friday Night Live summer concerts (including one co-sponsored with North Iowa Area Community College that drew over 3,000) and the Great River City Festival, as well as co-sponsoring several others. The organization maintains its recognition as a National Main Street Community and is working with Main Street Iowa to promote Downtown Mason City as a premier place to do business and be entertained.

#### HOUSING

Housing construction for FY17 included completion of a major housing project for seniors. The Good Shepherd Care Center opened its 32-unit independent living facility, Prairie Place, across the street from their managed care center. New construction in FY17 also included 16 new single-family dwellings. The number of single family dwelling units built is slightly higher than that of previous years. Thirteen (13) single-family dwellings were demolished. After comparing the number of housing units built by the number demolished, the net gain for housing in FY17 totals 35 dwelling units for the community.

#### TRAFFIC

In 2017, the Mason City Engineering Department completed the inspection and accepted the following transportation improvement projects within the City of Mason City. The purpose of these projects is to expand the existing network to accommodate the increase in vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

The Stone Pillar 18th Subdivision project included a new 39' wide Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) street extension and a 31' wide PCC street which will be the start of a future cul-de-sac. The total length of the street extension, South Illinois Avenue, is 760'. The total length of the future cul-de-sac paving, Opal Drive, is 120'.

The Bridge Repair and Maintenance Project included repairs to three bridges. Repairs included steel beam repairs to the bridge on 12th Street NW over Willow Creek, concrete beam end repairs on the bridge on North Pierce Avenue over Willow Creek, and concrete repairs on the bridge on 13th Street NE over the Winnebago River.

The Downtown Street Lighting Improvements included all labor and materials necessary to construct approximately 85 new street light fixtures in the downtown area along Delaware and Washington Avenues between 2nd Street South and 4th Street North.

This was a complete rebuild of the street lighting system that included foundations, poles and luminaires, demolition of existing lighting, installation of new electrical conduits, wiring, control panels, junction boxes and pavement restoration.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, the City includes all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are financially accountable to the City.

Single Audit: As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the City also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the City.

As a part of the City's single audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 provided one instance of material weakness in the internal control structure.

Internal Controls: To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Budgetary Controls: In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of control for budgetary purposes for all funds as set by Iowa law is at the program level.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. As with the financial section, all amounts presented in the remainder of this letter are expressed in whole dollars.

General Governmental Functions: The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue fund and debt service fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

		Percent
Revenues	Amount	of Total
Taxes	\$18,514,875	69.34%
Licenses and Permits	571 <b>,</b> 825	2.14
Intergovernmental	5,725,407	21.44
Service Revenues	826 <b>,</b> 617	3.10
Fines and Forfeitures	37 <b>,</b> 919	.14
Use of Monies and Properties	348,372	1.30
Special Assessments	16,125	.06
Miscellaneous	650 <b>,</b> 282	2.44
Refunds	10,048	0.04
Total	\$26,701,470	<u>100.00</u> %

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue fund and debt service fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

		Percent
Expenditures	Amount	of Total
Public Safety	\$10,092,328	31.26%
Public Works	3,665,692	11.35
Health and Social Services	374 <b>,</b> 330	1.16
Culture and Recreation	3,110,549	9.63
Community & Economic Development	2,259,927	7.00
General Government	2,580,027	7.99
Capital Projects	6,151,066	19.05
Debt Service	4,055,200	12.56
Total	\$32,289,119	<u>100.00</u> %

#### GENERAL FUND BALANCE

The General Fund closed the FY17 with a fund balance of \$5,281,987 compared to \$6,859,833 on June 30, 2016. This was due to a \$1,577,846 increase of expenditures over revenues for FY17.

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds of the City include the following:

- 1. <u>Cemetery Fund</u> Operating revenues were \$109,126 in FY17, an increase of 15.23% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$342,047 in FY17, an increase of 0.86% from FY16. Net income was \$100,375 in FY17, an 8,007.84% increase from FY16.
- 2. Waterworks Fund Operating revenues were \$5,932,570 in FY17, an increase of 2.05% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$4,838,725 in FY17, an increase of 1.32% from FY16. Net income was \$974,554 in FY17, a 13.06% increase from FY16.
- 3. Sewer Rental Fund Operating revenues were \$4,597,032 in FY17, an increase of 7.02% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$3,348,076 in FY17, an increase of 1.28% from FY16. Net income was \$1,110,677 in FY17, a 41.91% increase from FY16.
- 4. Parking Lots Fund Operating revenues were \$6,377 in FY17, a decrease of 88.80% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$138,160 in FY17, an increase of 6.87% from FY16. Net income was \$(101,324) in FY17, a 125.14% decrease from FY16.
- 5. Storm Sewer Fund Operating revenues were \$293,194 in FY17, an increase of 1.12% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$192,538 in FY17, an increase of 1.46% from FY16. Net income was \$71,089 in FY17, an 82.10% decrease from FY16.
- 6. Solid Waste Fund Operating revenues were \$1,425,925 in FY17, an increase of 2.74% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$1,349,985 in FY17, an increase of 6.42% from FY16. Net income was \$78,470 in FY17, a 35.02% decrease from FY16.
- 7. Golf Course Fund Operating revenues were \$360,825 in FY17, a decrease of 0.78% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$451,115 in FY17, a decrease of 1.18% from FY16. Net income was \$(41,716) in FY17, a 532.83% decrease from FY16.
- 8. Ambulance Fund Operating revenues were \$1,804,627 in FY17, a decrease of 2.01% from FY16. Operating expenses were \$1,982,264 in FY17, an increase of 6.86% from FY16. Net income was \$(118,628) in FY17, a 1,314.21% decrease from FY16.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Central Services Internal Service Fund is used to account for the costs of the centralized service operations, and the Employee Health Care Fund is used to account for the payment of health insurance costs and the reimbursement of employee's portion of costs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are established to account for assets held by the governmental units in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

#### DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's debt position to management, citizens, and investors. The following shows this information as of June 30, 2017:

		RATIO	S
		Debt to	Debt per
	Amount	Assessed Value	Capita
Net Bonded Debt	\$21,598,336	1.77%	\$789.24

The City issued \$1,590,000 of General Obligation bonds during the year to fund various public works, parks and utility-related projects.

#### FINANCIAL POLICIES AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Council has adopted budget and fiscal policies. For the City's General Fund, the fund balance policy strives to maintain an unassigned general fund balance no less than \$5,000,000. These funds are necessary to meet cash flow needs during the initial months of the new fiscal year as property tax revenue, the primary source of funding for general operations, is collected semi-annually with the vast majority of those taxes remitted to the City in the months of October and April. Fund balance policies are also set for Road Use Tax, Local Option Sales & Service Tax (LOST), Water, Sewer and Sanitation. During FY 2017, the City met all fund balance policies.

As a guideline for the budget process the City uses the established financial and budget policies which are reviewed and adopted annually by the City Council in connection with the budget process. Some of the goals of the financial policies include preserving capital through prudent budgeting and financial management, achieving a stable balance between the City's ongoing financial commitments and the continuing revenues available to the City, and to leverage local dollars with Federal and State funding grants. These financial policies ensure the City has appropriately recorded and accounted for transactions in our financial statements.

The City's adopted financial and budget policies generally provide for the City to use unrestricted cash reserves, not to exceed 5% of the projected year-end level, to keep the tax levy rate from increasing in the next fiscal year. Reserve use greater than 5% will need City Council approval. For fiscal year 2017, the City used approximately \$200,000 of General Fund reserves to maintain the General Fund levy.

The City Council annually adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Plan. The plan identifies capital projects associated with the various departments throughout the City. It also shows the funding source for each of the projects. Major funding sources for capital projects include new debt, LOST, Road Use Tax and proprietary revenues.

The City Council approves the Debt Service policy during the budget process. The policy establishes the following measures in regard to the issuance of debt. First, the City prefers to limit the amount of general obligation debt payment to 25% of the total general operating budget.

Second, debt maturities shall be for the shortest time possible under the circumstances, and in no situation will debt maturities exceed the useful life of the asset being acquired or constructed. Third, the debt service property tax rate will be maintained between \$2.00 to \$3.00 per \$1,000 of valuation. Voter approved debt is removed from this calculation. Finally, the City's debt shall be rated by Moody's Investor Services and the City shall maintain its current "Aa2" rating.

The City Council also adopted Debt Service, Investment and Fund Transfer policies.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit: The Code of Iowa requires an annual audit be made of the financial condition and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by the State Auditor or by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the City Council. The audit for FY17 was made by Kronlage & Olson, P.C., Certified Public Accountants. Their opinion has been included in this report.

Awards: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Mason City, Iowa, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the thirty-first consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. The City of Mason City was one of only approximately 20 Iowa cities to receive the award for this fiscal year.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Department of Finance and the various department heads and employees who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We wish to thank each one of you for your interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kai E Garolin

Kevin E. Jacobson Director of Finance



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

## City of Mason City Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# FINANCIAL SECTION

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mason City, Iowa

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mason City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Mason City Housing Authority, which represents the entire assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Mason City Housing Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mason City, Iowa, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Road Use Tax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information on pages 4 through 13 and pages 76 through 85 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mason City, Iowa basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining individual and nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Single Audit Act and Subpart F of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison statements, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic Such information has been subjected to the auditing financial statements. procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison statements, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles City, Iowa

Kronlage & Olon, P.C.

December 27, 2017

#### City of Mason City, Iowa Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Mason City, we offer the readers of the City of Mason City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Mason City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages vi-xiv of this report. Professional standards require the inclusion of certain comparative information in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The assets of the City of Mason City exceeded its liabilities at the close of June 30, 2017 by \$155.85 million (net position). Of this amount, \$6.40 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- > The government's total net position increased by \$1,695,998.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Mason City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16.43 million, a decrease of \$3.77 million as compared to the prior fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3.80 million, or 19.16% of the total general fund expenditures.
- > Total debt decreased by approximately \$4,407,000 (10.75%) during the current fiscal year. The City issued approximately \$1,590,000 million of new bonds and retired approximately \$5,997,000 million of existing bonds.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Mason City's basic financial statements. The City of Mason City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Mason City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Mason City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Mason City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Mason City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Mason City include general government, police and fire protection, parks and recreation oriented activities, library services, museum services, airport, cemetery services, and street operations and maintenance. The business-type activities of the City include the water and wastewater treatment facilities, storm sewer system, solid waste collection, ambulance service, parking lots and the golf course. The City's two component units, the Museum Foundation and the Mason City Housing Authority are included. Financial information for the foundation is included with governmental special revenue funds, while the housing authority is shown separately as a component unit.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mason City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Mason City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Mason City maintains 24 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road Use Tax Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Mason City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all of these funds to demonstrate compliance with the approved budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-27 of this report.

#### Proprietary Funds

The City of Mason City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sanitary Sewer funds. All other business type funds are combined into one non-major business type fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Mason City uses internal service funds to account for its maintenance functions and employee health care trust. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Treatment and Sanitary Sewer as these are considered major funds of the City. Data from the other six enterprise funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary financial statements can be found on pages 28-37 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Mason City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 38-39 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-75 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Mason City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$155,853,963 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Mason City's net position (93.17%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City of Mason City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City of Mason City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following two tables present condensed financial information on the City's Net Position and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

City of Mason	City's Net Position
Governmental	<b>Business-Type</b>

	30,611	menun	Dubilie	55-1 ypc				
_	Activities		Acti	vities	Total			
•	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current & other assets	\$ 37,565,597	\$ 41,583,229	\$ 4,648,586	\$ 4,463,566	\$ 42,214,183	\$ 46,046,795		
Capital assets	107,724,195	105,489,002	77,433,004	78,186,044	185,157,199	183,675,046		
Total assets	145,289,792	147,072,231	82,081,590	82,649,610	227,371,382	229,721,841		
<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	5,172,760	3,104,786	1,473,047	784,433	6,645,807	3,889,219		
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	150,462,552	150,177,017	83,554,637	83,434,043	234,017,189	233,611,060		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	29,618,323	28,062,215	21,956,590	23,516,712	51,574,913	51,578,927		
Other liabilites	7,163,469	7,767,293	4,022,738	4,068,918	11,186,207	11,836,211		
Total liabilites	36,781,792	35,829,508	25,979,328	27,585,630	62,761,120	63,415,138		
Deferred Inflows	15,119,078	15,606,512	283,028	431,445	15,402,106	16,037,957		
Total liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources	51,900,870	51,436,020	26,262,356	28,017,075	78,163,226	79,453,095		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	90,307,081	86,127,886	54,903,077	53,212,613	145,210,158	139,340,499		
Restricted	1,519,348	1,390,705	2,719,918	2,783,610	4,239,266	4,174,315		
Unrestricted	6,735,253	11,222,406	(330,714)	(579,255)	6,404,539	10,643,151		
Total	98,561,682	98,740,997	57,292,281	55,416,968	155,853,963	154,157,965		

A portion of the City of Mason City's net position (2.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$6,404,539) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Mason City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for governmental as a whole, as well as separate governmental activities. The business-type activities have a negative unrestricted net position, due to the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds. As projects are finalized and closed, the majority are financed through the issuance of bonds, which are then repaid through the debt service levy, tax-increment financing or increased enterprise rates.

The government's overall net position increased by \$1,695,998 for the current fiscal year. Most of the increase was due to the additional fees collected in the business type funds due to the increase in rates at July 1, 2016 as well as an increase in investment earnings in the business type.

## City of Mason City Change in Net Position Governmental Business-Type

Governmentar				Dusiness Type						
Activities		Activ	Activities			Total				
	2017		2016	2017	2016		2017		2016	
\$	1,459,996	\$	1,581,051	\$ 14,560,135	\$ 14,171,109	\$	16,020,131	\$	15,752,160	
	4,969,902		4,638,840	7,740	-		4,977,642		4,638,840	
	1,425,444		2,139,435	232,870	471,576		1,658,314		2,611,011	
	20,847,403		22,125,422	147,450	148,886		20,994,853		22,274,308	
	804,827		1,013,796	214,361	105,188		1,019,188		1,118,984	
	499,536		130,946	193,127	134,024		692,663		264,970	
	30,007,108		31,629,490	15,355,683	15,030,783		45,362,791		46,660,273	
	11,199,350		10,754,469	-	-		11,199,350		10,754,469	
	8,485,842		9,511,930	-	-		8,485,842		9,511,930	
	390,046		413,573	-	-		390,046		413,573	
	4,149,309		4,258,749	-	-		4,149,309		4,258,749	
	2,717,656		2,054,156	-	-		2,717,656		2,054,156	
	2,683,181		2,506,268	-	-		2,683,181		2,506,268	
	623,661		686,189	-	-		623,661		686,189	
	-		-	5,146,266	5,193,904		5,146,266		5,193,904	
	-		-	3,725,216	3,739,623		3,725,216		3,739,623	
			-	4,546,266	4,393,029		4,546,266		4,393,029	
	30,249,045		30,185,334	13,417,748	13,326,556		43,666,793		43,511,890	
	(241,937)		1,444,156	1,937,935	1,704,227		1,695,998		3,148,383	
	62,622		(54,818)	(62,622)	54,818		-			
	(179,315)		1,389,338	1,875,313	1,759,045		1,695,998		3,148,383	
	98,740,997		97,351,659	55,416,968	53,657,923	]	154,157,965		151,009,582	
\$	98,561,682	\$	98,740,997	\$ 57,292,281	\$ 55,416,968	\$ 1	155,853,963	\$	154,157,965	
		\$ 1,459,996 4,969,902 1,425,444 20,847,403 804,827 499,536 30,007,108 11,199,350 8,485,842 390,046 4,149,309 2,717,656 2,683,181 623,661 - - 30,249,045 (241,937) 62,622 (179,315) 98,740,997	\$ 1,459,996 \$ 4,969,902   1,425,444    20,847,403   804,827   499,536   30,007,108    11,199,350   8,485,842   390,046   4,149,309   2,717,656   2,683,181   623,661	\$ 1,459,996 \$ 1,581,051 4,969,902 4,638,840 1,425,444 2,139,435 20,847,403 22,125,422 804,827 1,013,796 499,536 130,946 30,007,108 31,629,490 11,199,350 10,754,469 8,485,842 9,511,930 390,046 413,573 4,149,309 4,258,749 2,717,656 2,054,156 2,683,181 2,506,268 623,661 686,189  30,249,045 30,185,334 (241,937) 1,444,156 62,622 (54,818) (179,315) 1,389,338 98,740,997 97,351,659	Activities         Activities         Activities           2017         2016         2017           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450           804,827         1,013,796         214,361           499,536         130,946         193,127           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683           11,199,350         10,754,469         -           8,485,842         9,511,930         -           390,046         413,573         -           4,149,309         4,258,749         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -           623,661         686,189         -           -         -         5,146,266           30,249,045         30,185,334         13,417,748           (241,937)         1,444,156         1,937,935           62,622         (54,818)         (62,622)           (179,315)         1,389,338         1,875,313           98,740,997         97,351,659         55,416,968	Activities         Activities           2017         2016         2017         2016           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886           804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188           499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783           11,199,350         10,754,469         -         -           8,485,842         9,511,930         -         -           390,046         413,573         -         -           4,149,309         4,258,749         -         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -           -         -         5,146,266         5,193,904           -         -         3,725,216         3,739,623           -         -         4,546,266         4,393,029           30,249,045         30,185,334         13,417,748 <td< td=""><td>Activities         Activities           2017         2016         2017         2016           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 4,969,902           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886           804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188           499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783           11,199,350         10,754,469         -         -           8,485,842         9,511,930         -         -           390,046         413,573         -         -           4,149,309         4,258,749         -         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -           -         -         5,146,266         5,193,904           -         -         3,725,216         3,739,623           -         -         4,546,266</td><td>Activities         Activities         To           2017         2016         2017         2016         2017           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 16,020,131           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -         4,977,642           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576         1,658,314           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886         20,994,853           804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188         1,019,188           499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024         692,663           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783         45,362,791           11,199,350         10,754,469         -         -         11,199,350           8,485,842         9,511,930         -         -         390,046           4,149,309         4,258,749         -         -         4,149,309           2,717,656         2,054,156         -         -         2,717,656           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -         2,683,181           623,661         686,189</td><td>Activities         Activities         Total           2017         2016         2017         2016         2017           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 16,020,131         \$ 4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -         4,977,642         -         4,977,642         -         4,977,642         -         1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576         1,658,314         -         -         4,977,642         -         20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886         20,994,853         -         804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188         1,019,188         499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024         692,663         30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         44,362,791         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -</td></td<>	Activities         Activities           2017         2016         2017         2016           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 4,969,902           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886           804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188           499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783           11,199,350         10,754,469         -         -           8,485,842         9,511,930         -         -           390,046         413,573         -         -           4,149,309         4,258,749         -         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -           -         -         5,146,266         5,193,904           -         -         3,725,216         3,739,623           -         -         4,546,266	Activities         Activities         To           2017         2016         2017         2016         2017           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 16,020,131           4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -         4,977,642           1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576         1,658,314           20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886         20,994,853           804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188         1,019,188           499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024         692,663           30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783         45,362,791           11,199,350         10,754,469         -         -         11,199,350           8,485,842         9,511,930         -         -         390,046           4,149,309         4,258,749         -         -         4,149,309           2,717,656         2,054,156         -         -         2,717,656           2,683,181         2,506,268         -         -         2,683,181           623,661         686,189	Activities         Activities         Total           2017         2016         2017         2016         2017           \$ 1,459,996         \$ 1,581,051         \$ 14,560,135         \$ 14,171,109         \$ 16,020,131         \$ 4,969,902         4,638,840         7,740         -         4,977,642         -         4,977,642         -         4,977,642         -         1,425,444         2,139,435         232,870         471,576         1,658,314         -         -         4,977,642         -         20,847,403         22,125,422         147,450         148,886         20,994,853         -         804,827         1,013,796         214,361         105,188         1,019,188         499,536         130,946         193,127         134,024         692,663         30,007,108         31,629,490         15,355,683         15,030,783         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         45,362,791         -         11,199,350         44,362,791         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -         11,199,350         -         -	

#### Governmental Activities

The governmental activities' net position for the City of Mason City decreased by \$179,315 during the current fiscal year. The decrease in governmental activities unrestricted net position is due mainly to fewer capital grants received throughout the year and a reduction in investment earnings. However, the City of Mason City received additional operating grants to help offset the loss of capital grants.

#### Business-type Activities

Total net position increased by \$1,875,313 for fiscal year 2017, accounting for all of the increase in the City of Mason City's net position. The increase is due to the City increasing utility rates and increased investment income. However, capital grants were less for the fiscal year lowers the overall increase.

Charges for services for business-type activities remained relatively stable from the prior year. Water, Sewer and Sanitation revenues were up from the prior year resulting in the increase. Ambulance calls were relatively stable all resulting in revenues being slightly greater than the prior year. All business-type fund rates remained the same as the prior year except for Water which increased 1% and Sanitation which increased 1.9%.

Operating expenses for business type activities increased by 0.66%. Expenses in the Water fund decreased by 1.0% while Sewer expenses remained relatively the same. The other business type expenses increased by 3.4%.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Mason City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance serves as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending during the fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2011, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The initial distinction that is made in reporting fund balance information is identifying amounts that are considered nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses. The Statement also provides for additional classification as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Mason City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,426,270, a decrease of \$3,775,905 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is due to using the prior year's reserves to pay for carryover capital projects including the City Hall and Police Department HVAC upgrades, the Blue Zones bike trail project, the downtown street light project and the multi-bridge repair project. The fund balance has been reserved to indicate the amount not available for new spending because it has already been committed for; 1) nonspendable for endowment principal and prepaid expenses (\$860,734); 2) restricted purposes such as streets, employee benefits, parks, museum, cemetery and tort liability (\$10,150,388); and 3) assigned purposes such as Airport, Museum, Library and Recreation (\$1,866,799).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Mason City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,807,449 while total fund balance reached \$5,281,987. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 26.6% of that same amount.

The General Fund balance decreased by \$1,577,846. The major factors in this decrease are as follows:

- > Several capital projects including a \$600,000 HVAC system for City Hall and \$240,000 HVAC system for the Police Department were completed in the fiscal year.
- > The Blue Zones bike trail project was completed for \$670,000.

The Road Use Tax Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,020,512. The net decrease of \$1,096,498 is due to following:

- > Several capital projects including the Downtown Street Light Project for \$815,000 budgeted in FY 2016 but carried over into FY 2017 were paid out of the Road Use reserves.
- > The Monroe Bike Trail project was completed at a cost of \$150,000.
- ➤ The Multi-Bridge repair project from the prior year carryover project was completed at a cost of \$145,000.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$266,664. The net increase of \$35,244 in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund is due to the premium on the sale of bonds and investment earnings on reserves. The premium included in fund balance will be used in future years to offset some of the Debt Service tax levy for bonds.

During the fiscal year, the City of Mason City issued bonds for the following projects:

> \$1,590,000 General Obligation Bonds for Police and City Hall HVAC systems, Police and Fire equipment, Ambulance equipment, Railroad crossing improvements, Museum and Cemetery equipment and Airport projects.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-27.

#### Proprietary Funds

The City of Mason City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$2,888,466. Water reported a decrease in net position of \$527,143 and Sewer reported an increase of \$884,279. Water rates were increased by 1% and Sanitation rates were increase by 1.00%. There were no other rate increases for all other business-type funds. The decrease in Water fund balance is due to the anticipated draw of excess funds to allow for additional capital projects to be completed, most notably the Water Pilot Filtering project. The increase in the Sewer fund is due mainly to the increased usage in Water consumption which directly affects the billings for Sewer. Also, budgeted capital projects were not completed in the fiscal year increasing cash but the projects will continue in the next fiscal year.

The Capital Improvements Plan identifies and quantifies capital needs for the next several years. Rates in Water and Sanitation proprietary funds are anticipated to rise as capital projects are scheduled to begin construction in the next few years. The Sewer rate should remain stable as the fund has paid down debt that allows those funds to be used for capital projects in the future.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between original and final amended budget revenues amounted to \$424,225 and the significant items are summarized as follows:

- ➤ Property tax collections were greater than anticipated due to the State of Iowa Backfill being greater than budgeted.
- > Local Option Sales Tax collections were greater due to more sales in the city.
- > Federal and State grants were less than anticipated for the year.
- > Charges for services were slightly under the budgeted amount.

The variance between the amended revenue budget and actual revenues was due mainly to the delay in receiving additional operating grants and donations for the City.

Differences between original and final amended budget expenses amounted to \$939,112 and the significant items are summarized as follows:

- > The Airport State Vertical Infrastructure Project and the Airport Master Plan project were not completed but carried over for completion in the next fiscal year.
- ➤ Health and Social Services was decreased by \$115,000 for fewer Youth Task Force activities originally budgeted but not funded through new state grants.
- > The Bike trails projects were not completed in their entirety.
- > The North End street and parking projects were not completed, but carried over to the next fiscal year.

The variance between the amended expenditure budget and actual expenses was due mainly to not completing some large capital projects.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

The City of Mason City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2017 amounts to \$181,818,233 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- $\succ$  Added land purchased from the flood buyout property for over 170 homes.
- > Replaced various pieces of equipment at the Police Department.
- > Continued upgrades to the HVAC system at the Police Department.
- > Replaced an ambulance.
- > Continued work on replacement of the boiler at City Hall.
- > The Airport continued the rehab of the runway lights.
- > Several street projects including street rehabilitation, curb and sidewalk replacement and pavement markings for trails were completed.
- > Several parks enhancements including stone bridge rebuild, dam mitigation, vehicles and equipment, pool improvements, trail maintenance and Aquatic Center equipment.
- > Finalized work on the new construction of the south water tower.
- > Water utility truck and water building restoration projects were completed.
- > The Inflow and Infiltration Project continues to update the sewer infrastructure.

### City of Mason City's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Governmental		Busine	ss-Type			
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land	\$ 20,975,492	\$ 2,634,356	\$ 4,823,362	\$ 4,823,362	\$ 25,798,854	\$ 7,457,718	
Buildings & Structures	13,215,270	14,010,927	11,066,246	11,475,150	24,281,516	25,486,077	
Other Improvements	18,633,308	16,502,511	294,030	217,344	18,927,338	16,719,855	
Machinery & Equip	1,458,968	1,324,816	1,068,891	1,052,309	2,527,859	2,377,125	
Vehicles	2,628,271	3,124,646	1,308,918	1,379,853	3,937,189	4,504,499	
Infrastructure	43,572,253	45,673,756	51,464,010	53,177,267	95,036,263	98,851,023	
Const in Progress	6,621,587	21,692,343	4,687,627	3,277,149	11,309,214	24,969,492	
Total	\$107,105,149	\$ 104,963,355	\$ 74,713,084	\$75,402,434	\$181,818,233	\$ 180,365,789	

Additional information on the City of Mason City's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 53-54 of this report.

#### Long-Term Debt

The amount of debt outstanding at fiscal year-end was \$36.60 million as compared to \$41.01 million last fiscal year. The decrease is a result of pay down of outstanding debt while not issuing as much new debt for FY 2017 projects. New debt was issued for Police equipment, City Hall building upgrades, Library building upgrades and Cemetery equipment. Of the total General Obligation Debt outstanding, \$16.67 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder is either General Obligation Debt abated by enterprise revenues or revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, namely tax increment revenues, water, sewer or ambulance revenues.

City of Mason City's Outstanding Debt									
	Govern								
	Acti	rities Activities		Activities		To	tal		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
General obligation	\$16,665,000	\$18,680,000	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,815,000	\$21,865,000	\$24,495,000			
Revenue bonds	-	-	14,735,000	16,512,000	14,735,000	16,512,000			
Total	\$16,665,000	\$18,680,000	\$19,935,000	\$22,327,000	\$36,600,000	\$41,007,000			

Moody's Investor Services continues to rate the City's General Obligation Bonds Aa2.

For more detailed information on the City's debt and amortization terms, please refer to Notes to the Financial Statements on page 66-68.

State statutes limit the amount of General Obligation Debt a governmental entity may issue to 5% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Mason City is \$83,184,180 and the City of Mason City is currently at \$21,865,000 or 26.28% of its outstanding General Obligation Debt. As a comparison, the legal debt limit was \$83,086,020 and Mason City had issued \$24,495,000 or 29.48% of its legal debt capacity for the previous fiscal year.

Additional information on the City of Mason City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 66-68 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- > The national average unemployment for June 2017 is 4.4%. The unemployment level for June 2016 was 4.9%. Cerro Gordo County's rate for June 2017 is 3.3%, and the state's rate is 2.4%.
- ➤ The hourly wage rate in Cerro Gordo County averaged \$19.45 for 2016 and \$19.61 for 1st quarter 2017.
- ➤ Retail sales in Cerro Gordo County were \$730.2 million for fiscal year ending 2017, slightly down from \$719.1 million in fiscal year 2016 and \$687.5 million in fiscal year 2015.
- > The total value of building permits for fiscal year 2017 was approximately \$37.82 million. This compares with an amount of \$52.04 million for fiscal year 2016.

#### Next Year's Budget and Rates

For FY 2018, department managers were instructed to minimize any changes in budget in anticipation of stagnant revenues. However, certain costs such as payroll, insurance and utilities are anticipated to increase. Approximately 75% of our operating costs in the General Fund are for personal services, including wages and benefits. Changes in personal services can be due to changes in the pay rates, changes in benefits, changes in the number of employees, or any combination of these.

The City is planning to continue with a similar amount of spending on improvements for water and sewer infrastructure as well as to increase spending on street improvements. There are anticipated increases in fees for water being projected for FY 2018 due to the water filtering project at the Water plant. The capital projects will be funded with General Obligation or Revenue Bonds, existing fund balances or new revenues from sales tax, road use tax, and water charges for FY 2018. With the projected increases, the combined water, sewer, storm sewer and sanitation rates will again be around the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile of surveyed cities in Iowa that provide similar services.

#### Effect of New Governmental Accounting Standards

Beginning in fiscal year 2015, Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires changes to the City's pension accounting and reporting. The net pension liability (NPL) defined by the pronouncement, similar to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability disclosed in Note 7 in the financial statements, will be reported as a liability on the government-wide statement of net position. It is a present value measure of benefits to be provided based on the employees' past service, and accordingly, recognizes the entire net pension expense, regardless of when this expense will be funded. The Net Pension Liability is in addition to the Net OPEB Obligation we have reported in the past. The OPEB obligation is related to the implicit rate subsidy for the City's health insurance plan. The Net Pension Liability is related to Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) and Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI). The Net OPEB Obligation is \$1,196,834 and the Net Pension Liability is \$19,746,002. The increase in NPL is shown as a decrease in Unrestricted Net Position balance for FY 2017.

#### Financial Information Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact Kevin E. Jacobson, Finance Director, City of Mason City, 10 1st Street N.W., Mason City, Iowa 50401.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Primary Government Component Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Unit Total ASSETS: Current assets: \$ 2,938,840 \$ 1,058,681 \$ 3,997,521 Cash \$175,138 Investments 14,902,722 3,974,971 18,877,693 Receivables: 198,818 1,903 200,721 Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes 14,651,122 156,262 14,807,384 Special assessments-current 148,553 21,376 169,929 Succeeding year special 62,732 62,732 assessments 22,277 2,026,994 2,049,271 Accounts (net) 38,137 Accrued interest 15,320 31,361 16,041 Internal balances 3,080,645 (3,080,645)Due from other governments 1,314,969 1,314,969 287 167,527 35,311 202,838 Prepaid insurance 7,733 Prepaid expenses 62,072 499,764 Inventory 437,692 Total current assets \$ 37,565,597 \$ 4,648,586 \$ 42,214,183 \$221,295 Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash \$ 902 181,020 181,922 \$ 87,765 Investments 617,786 2,535,000 3,152,786 4,256 Receivables 358 3,898 Capital assets: Land and construction in progress 27,597,079 9,510,989 37,108,068 Other capital assets net of 7**,**1<u>88</u> depreciation 79,508,070 65,202,097 144,710,167 Total noncurrent assets \$107,724,195 \$77,433,004 \$185,157,199 \$ 94,953 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pension related deferred outflows 5,172,760 \$ 1,473,047 \$ 6,645,807 \$ 85,895 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$150,462,552 \$83,554,637 \$234,017,189 \$402,143

(continued)

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Primary Government Governmental Business-Type Component Activities Activities Unit Total LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: \$ 1,806,451 \$ 528,702 \$ 2,335,153 \$ 5,125 Accounts payable 714,256 Salaries payable 521,329 192,927 16,189 232,373 112,996 345,369 Contracts payable 322,519 1,259,131 1,581,650 13,215 Compensated absences payable Accrued interest payable 41,522 32,277 73,799 Due to other governments 3,663 34,112 37,775 Due to customers 97,189 97,189 24,566 24,566 Prepaid interments Deferred revenue 450 450 1,880 Current portion of long-term debt: Bonds payable 3,299,000 2,677,000 5,976,000 Total current liabilities \$ 7,163,469 \$ 4,022,738 \$ 11,186,207 \$ 36,409 Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable \$13,499,068 \$17,133,009 \$ 30,632,077 Net OPEB obligation 855,802 341,032 1,196,834 15,263,453 4,482,549 19,746,002 Net pension liability 195,404 Total noncurrent liabilities \$29,618,323 \$21,956,590 \$ 51,574,913 \$195,404 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Succeeding year property taxes \$14,658,046 156,262 \$ 14,814,308 Succeeding year special assessments 70,597 70,597 Pension related deferred inflows 390,435 126,766 517,201 27,840 Total deferred inflows of resources \$15,119,078 283,028 \$ 15,402,106 \$ 27,840 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources \$51,900,870 \$26,262,356 \$ 78,163,226 \$259,653 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets \$90,307,081 \$54,903,077 \$145,210,158 \$ 7,188 Restricted for: Nonexpendable: Museum funding 633,638 633,638 Perpetual care 619,046 619,046 Expendable: Bond retirement 266,664 2,719,918 2,986,582 87,765 Housing Authority Unrestricted 6,735,253 (330,714)6,404,539 47,537 <u>\$57,292,281</u> \$155,853,963 Total net position \$98,561,682 \$142,490

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Program
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Primary government:			
Governmental activities:			
Public safety	\$11,199,350	\$ 336 <b>,</b> 785	\$ 82,920
Public works	8,485,842	71,687	3,603,502
Health and social services	390 <b>,</b> 046	-	254,605
Culture and recreation	4,149,309	537 <b>,</b> 921	247,630
Community and economic development	2,717,656	165,385	707 <b>,</b> 905
General government	2,683,181	348,218	73,340
Interest on long-term debt	623,661	_	_
Total governmental activities	\$30,249,045	\$ 1,459,996	\$4,969,902
Business-type activities:			
Cemetery	\$ 352 <b>,</b> 923	\$ 109,126	\$ -
Water	5,146,266	5,932,570	1,598
Sewer	3,725,216	4,597,032	5 <b>,</b> 926
Parking lots	141,304	36,836	
Storm sewer	192 <b>,</b> 538	293,194	_
Solid waste	1,384,561	1,425,925	216
Golf course	457 <b>,</b> 069	360,825	_
Ambulance	2,017,871	1,804,627	_
Total business-type activities	\$13,417,748	\$14,560,135	\$ 7,740
Total primary government	\$43,666,793	\$16,020,131	\$4,977,642
Component unit:			
Mason City Housing Authority	<u>\$ 2,133,286</u>	<u>\$ 22,364</u>	<u>\$2,178,650</u>

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Other taxes

Tax increment financing

 $\hbox{Local option sales tax}$ 

Hotel/motel tax

Airport passenger facility charge

Unrestricted state tax replacement

Grants and contributions not restricted

to specific program

Unrestricted investment income

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
Primary Government

Revenue Capital	Primary Government			
Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Unit
Contributions	Activities	ACCIVICIES	IOUAI	Onic
\$ -	\$(10,779,645)	\$ -	\$(10,779,645)	\$ -
824,221	(3,986,432)	_	(3,986,432)	-
-	(135,441)	_	(135,441)	-
446,830	(2,916,928)	_	(2,916,928)	_
154 <b>,</b> 393	(1,689,973)	_	(1,689,973)	_
_	(2,261,623) (623,661)		(2,261,623) (623,661)	_
\$1,425,444	\$(22,393,703)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$(22,393,703)	\$ -
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Y</u>	<u> </u>	Υ
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (243,797)	\$ (243,797)	\$ -
80,093	_	867 <b>,</b> 995	867 <b>,</b> 995	-
125,303	_	1,003,045	1,003,045	-
-	_	(104,468)	(104,468)	_
27,474	_	128,130	128,130	_
-	_	41,580 (96,244)	41,580	_
_	_	(213, 244)	(96,244) (213,244)	_
\$ 232,870	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 1,382,997	\$ 1,382,997	\$ <b>-</b>
				<u>*</u>
<u>\$1,658,314</u>	<u>\$ (22 , 393 , 703</u> )	<u>\$ 1,382,997</u>	<u>\$ (21,010,706</u> )	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 67,728
	\$ 14,603,173	147,450	\$ 14,750,623	\$ -
	1,213,704	_	1,213,704	_
	4,873,272	_	4,873,272	_
	728,860	_	728,860	_
	33,706	-	33,706	_
	157,254	-	157,254	-
	96 <b>,</b> 887	_	96,887	340
	368,943	214,361	583,304	_
	75 <b>,</b> 967	193,127	269,094	_
	62,622	(62,622)		
	\$ 22,214,388	\$ 492,316	\$ 22,706,704	\$ 340
	\$ (179,315)	\$ 1,875,313	\$ 1,695,998	\$ 68,068
	98,740,997	55,416,968	154,157,965	74,422
	\$ 98,561,682	\$57,292,281	<u>\$155,853,963</u>	\$142,490

See Notes to Financial Statements.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Road Use Tax
ASSETS:	å 060 070	<u> </u>
Cash	\$ 862,972	\$ 344,443
Investments	5,324,404	750,000
Receivables:	100 262	1 761
Property taxes	108,262	1,761
Succeeding year property taxes Other taxes	9,018,921	_
Accrued interest	1,506 9,478	-
Special assessments - current		76,433
Succeeding year special assessments	56 <b>,</b> 437	70,433
Accounts (net)	22,202	75
Due from other funds	284,063	6 <b>,</b> 727
Due from state government	635,093	363,785
Due from federal government	129,888	303,703
Prepaid insurance	154,615	12,912
Restricted assets:	134,013	12,712
Cash	_	_
Investments	_	_
Accrued interest	_	_
noorded incorese		
Total assets	<u>\$16,607,841</u>	<u>\$1,556,136</u>
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 358,314	\$ 258,810
Salaries payable	468,405	45 <b>,</b> 891
Contracts payable	35,894	125 <b>,</b> 940
Compensated absences payable	1,145,835	102,503
Due to other funds	288,310	2,480
Due to state government	3,251	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,300,009	\$ 535,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Succeeding year property taxes	\$ 9,025,845	\$ -
Succeeding year special assessments		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 9,025,845	\$ -
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		
of resources	\$11,325,854	\$ 535,624
FUND BALANCES:		
Nonspendable	\$ 154,615	\$ 12,912
Restricted	764,810	1,007,600
Assigned	555,113	_
Unassigned	3,807,449	_
Total fund balances	\$ 5,281,987	\$1,020,512
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources and fund balances	<u>\$16,607,841</u>	<u>\$1,556,136</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Service	Other Governmental	Total
\$ 317,483	\$ 1,140,595 8,240,325	\$ 2,665,493 14,314,729
37,343 2,785,101 193	40,724 1,585,380 - 5,646 15,683 62,732 - 508,464 183,809 2,394	188,090 13,389,402
	902 617,786 358	902 617,786 358
<u>\$3,140,120</u>	<u>\$12,404,798</u>	<u>\$33,708,895</u>
\$ 3,500 - - 84,855 - \$ 88,355	\$ 266,291 	\$ 886,915 514,296 232,373 1,248,338 937,982 3,663 \$ 3,823,567
\$2,785,101 - \$2,785,101	\$ 1,585,380 62,732 \$ 1,648,112	\$13,396,326 62,732 \$13,459,058
\$2,873,456	\$ 2,547,691	\$17,282,625
\$ - 266,664 - - \$ 266,664	\$ 693,207 8,111,314 1,311,686 (259,100) \$ 9,857,107	\$ 860,734 10,150,388 1,866,799 3,548,349 \$16,426,270
<u>\$3,140,120</u>	\$12,404,798	<u>\$33,708,895</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Fund balances-total governmental funds

\$ 16,426,270

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Inventories used in governmental activities recorded under the purchases method of accounting are not reported as current assets.

62,072

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

107,078,853

Internal service funds, net position

3,171,007

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	\$(16,665,000)
Accrued interest	(41,522)
Bond premium	(133,068)
Net OPEB obligation	(855 <b>,</b> 802)
Net pension liability	(15, 263, 453)

(15, 263, 453) (32, 958, 845)

Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 5 <b>,</b> 172 <b>,</b> 760	
Deferred inflows of resources	(390,435)	4,782,325

Net position of governmental activities

<u>\$ 98,561,682</u>

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Road Use Tax
REVENUES:	4 0 701 040	
Property taxes	\$ 8,791,343	\$ -
TIF revenues	2 146 470	_
Other taxes	3,146,470	_
Licenses and permits	571 <b>,</b> 825	2 717 520
Intergovernmental	1,776,537 782,932	3,717,520
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		_
Use of money and property	37 <b>,</b> 919	121
Special assessments	277 <b>,</b> 516	442
Miscellaneous	EEO 12E	90
Refunds	550,135	
	8,988	1,060
Total revenues	\$15,943,665	\$ 3,719,233
EXPENDITURES:		
Operating:		
Public safety	\$ 8,612,081	\$ -
Public works	983,615	2,631,231
Health & social services	365,408	-
Culture & recreation	2,860,036	-
Community & economic development	948,914	-
General government	1,880,426	_
Capital projects	4,223,501	1,919,500
Debt Service:		
Principal retirement	_	-
Interest	_	_
Contractual		
Total expenditures	\$19,873,981	\$ 4,550,731
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures	\$(3,930,316)	\$ (831,498)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Other financing sources (uses):		
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ 1,241,230	\$ -
Premium/discount on bonds	-	-
Transfers in	1,291,577	60,000
Transfers out	(180,337)	(325,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 2,352,470	\$ (265,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$(1,577,846)	\$(1,096,498)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year	6,859,833	2,117,010
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	\$ 5,281,987	<u>\$ 1,020,512</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Service	Other Governmental	Total
\$3,062,413 - - - - - 8,270 - - - - \$3,070,683	\$ 1,603,335 1,213,704 2,647,117 - 418,022 51,195 - 75,578 15,683 162,703 - \$ 6,187,337	\$13,457,091 1,213,704 5,793,587 571,825 5,912,079 834,127 37,919 361,485 16,125 712,928 10,048 \$28,920,918
\$	\$ 1,480,247 50,846 8,922 250,513 1,694,987 699,601 2,304,796	\$10,092,328 3,665,692 374,330 3,110,549 2,643,901 2,580,027 8,447,797
3,425,000 587,989 42,211 \$4,055,200	\$ 6,489,912	3,425,000 587,989 42,211 \$34,969,824
\$ (984,517)	\$ (302,575)	\$(6,048,906)
\$ 78,770 379 950,112 (9,500) \$1,019,761	\$ 90,000 - 550,337 (1,474,567) \$ (834,230)	\$ 1,410,000 379 2,852,026 (1,989,404) \$ 2,273,001
\$ 35,244	\$(1,136,805) 10,993,912	\$ (3,775,905) 20,202,175
<u>\$ 266,664</u>	\$ 9,857,107	\$16,426,270

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds

\$(3,775,905)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

General inventories net change

(65,729)

In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in fund balance differs by the cost of the capital assets sold.

(42, 431)

Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay \$8,753,801 Depreciation expense (6,218,232)

2,535,569

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Repayments of bond principal	\$3,425,000	
Issuance of debt	(1,410,000)	
Accrued interest	6,160	
Amortization of bond premium	22,401	
Pension expense	(1,933,663)	
Other post-employment benefits	(137,667)	(27,769)

The current year City employer share of IPERS and MFPRSI contributions are reported as expenditures in the government funds, but are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

1,657,817

Internal service funds net change

(460,867)

Change in net position-governmental activities

(179,315)

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 8,395,750	\$ 8,395,750	\$ 8,791,343
Other taxes	3,015,749	3,015,749	3,146,470
Licenses and permits	611,247	611,247	571 <b>,</b> 825
Intergovernmental	2,573,186	2,573,186	1,776,537
Charges for services	878,710	878,710	782 <b>,</b> 932
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	37 <b>,</b> 919
Use of money and property	365 <b>,</b> 465	365,465	277 <b>,</b> 516
Miscellaneous	178,979	527 <b>,</b> 783	550 <b>,</b> 135
Refunds		<u> </u>	8,988
Total revenues	\$16,019,086	\$16,367,890	\$15,943,665
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public safety	\$ 8,582,517	\$ 8,608,517	\$ 8,612,081
Public works	1,047,767	1,047,767	983,615
Health & social services	404,321	481,221	365 <b>,</b> 408
Culture & recreation	2,948,535	4,091,135	2,860,036
Community & economic development	986 <b>,</b> 715	987,019	948,914
General government	1,995,793	2,022,093	1,880,426
Capital projects	2,890,241	3,575,341	4,223,501
Total expenditures	\$18,855,889	\$20,813,093	\$19,873,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$(2,836,803)	\$ (4,445,203)	\$(3,930,316)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ 1,123,430	\$ 1,123,430	\$ 1,241,230
Transfers in	1,123,373	1,123,373	1,291,577
Transfers out	(180,000)	(180,000)	<u>(180,337</u> )
Total other financing sources			
(uses)	\$ 2,066,803	\$ 2,066,803	\$ 2,352,470
Net change in fund balance	\$ (770,000)	\$(2,378,400)	\$(1,577,846)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year			6,859,833
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ (770,000</u> )	<u>\$(2,378,400</u> )	<u>\$ 5,281,987</u>

#### Variance with Amended Budget Positive (Negative)

\$ 395,593 130,721 (39,422) (796,649) (95,778) 37,919 (87,949) 22,352 8,988 \$ (424,225)

\$ (3,564) 64,152 115,813 1,231,099 38,105 141,667 (648,160) \$ 939,112

\$ 514,887

\$ 117,800 168,204 (337)

\$ 285,667

\$ 800,554

6,859,833

#### \$7,660,387

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA ROAD USE TAX FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual
REVENUES:			
<pre>Intergovernmental:</pre>			
Road use tax allocation	\$3,160,000	\$ 3,160,000	\$ 3,717,520
Use of money and property	-	_	121
Special assessments	-	_	442
Miscellaneous	50,000	50,000	90
Refund			1,060
Total revenues	\$3,210,000	\$ 3,210,000	\$ 3,719,233
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public works:			
Personal services	\$1,442,810	\$ 1,442,810	\$ 1,522,632
Contractual	621 <b>,</b> 785	621 <b>,</b> 785	665 <b>,</b> 046
Commodities	461,261	461,261	443,553
Other		150,000	
Total public works	\$2,525,856	\$ 2,675,856	\$ 2,631,231
Capital projects	1,120,464	2,596,464	1,919,500
Total expenditures	\$3,646,320	\$ 5,272,320	\$ 4,550,731
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	\$ (436,320)	\$(2,062,320)	\$ (831,498)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	\$ -
Transfers in	-	_	60,000
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(325,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ (265 <b>,</b> 000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (371,320)	\$(1,997,320)	\$(1,096,498)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year			2,117,010
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ (371,320</u> )	<u>\$(1,997,320</u> )	<u>\$ 1,020,512</u>

# Variance with Amended Budget Positive (Negative)

\$ 557 <b>,</b> 520
121
442
(49,910)
1,060
\$ 509,233

\$	(79,822)
Y	(19,022)
	(43,261)
	17,708
	150,000
\$	44,625
	676,964
\$	721,589

#### \$1,230,822

\$ (90,000) 60,000 (300,000)

\$ (330,000)

\$ 900,822

2,117,010

#### \$3,017,832

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Waterworks	Sewer Rental
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 365 <b>,</b> 930	\$ 347 <b>,</b> 703
Investments	1,624,971	1,440,000
Receivables:		
Property taxes	-	-
Succeeding year property taxes	_	-
Special assessments - current	_	21,376
Accounts (net)	723 <b>,</b> 597	482 <b>,</b> 942
Accrued interest	11,671	3 <b>,</b> 375
Inventory	304,151	52 <b>,</b> 614
Due from other funds	84,855	_
Prepaid insurance	13,422	16,701
Total current assets	\$ 3,128,597	\$ 2,364,711
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash	\$ 142 <b>,</b> 796	\$ 38,224
Investments	1,510,000	1,025,000
Accrued interest	<del></del>	3,898
Total restricted assets	<u>\$ 1,652,796</u>	\$ 1,067,122
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land	\$ 167 <b>,</b> 220	\$ 316,209
Buildings	15,537,504	-
Equipment	1,466,114	1,068,756
Distribution system	33,387,828	-
Meters	1,279,837	_
Plant and improvements	-	34 <b>,</b> 799 <b>,</b> 177
Sewer lines and lifts	-	18,892,114
Improvements	-	_
Vehicles	421,233	949 <b>,</b> 500
Construction in progress	2,712,974	1,274,663
Total property, plant and equipment	\$54,972,710	\$57 <b>,</b> 300 <b>,</b> 419
Less accumulated depreciation	(21,530,652)	(26, 274, 653)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$33,442,058	\$31,025,766
Total noncurrent assets	\$35,094,854	\$32,092,888
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension related deferred outflows	\$ 270,568	\$ 179 <b>,</b> 980
Total assets and deferred	***	****
outflows of resources	\$38,494,019	\$34,637,579

Governmental
Activities-
Internal
Service

		Internal
Other	Total	Service
\$ 345,048	\$ 1,058,681	\$ 273,347
910,000	3,974,971	587,993
J10,000	3,314,311	301,333
1 002	1 002	0 222
1,903	1,903	9,222
156,262	156,262	1,261,720
-	21,376	-
820 <b>,</b> 455	2,026,994	-
995	16,041	196
80 <b>,</b> 927	437,692	_
308,652	393 <b>,</b> 507	_
5,188	35,311	_
		\$2,132,478
\$ 2,629,430	\$ 8,122,738	\$2,132,478
\$ -	\$ 181,020	\$ -
_	2,535,000	_
_	3,898	_
\$ -	\$ 2,719,918	\$ -
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>**</u>
ė 4 220 022	ė 4 000 0C0	Ċ
\$ 4,339,933	\$ 4,823,362	\$ -
1,568,237	17,105,741	
1,314,726	3,849,596	122 <b>,</b> 786
-	33,387,828	-
-	1,279,837	_
_	34,799,177	_
5,457,189	24,349,303	_
3,315,540	3,315,540	_
2,201,956	3,572,689	85 <b>,</b> 174
		05,174
699,990	4,687,627	<u> </u>
\$18,897,571	\$131,170,700	\$ 207,960
<u>(8,652,309</u> )	(56,457,614)	<u>(181,656</u> )
\$10,245,262	\$ 74,713,086	\$ 26,304
\$10,245,262	\$ 77,433,004	\$ 26,304
	<del></del>	·
\$ 1,022,499	\$ 1,473,047	\$ -
Y 1,022, 133	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
¢10 000 101	¢ 07 000 700	60 150 700
\$13,897,191	\$ 87 <b>,</b> 028 <b>,</b> 789	\$2,158,782

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Waterworks	Sewer Rental
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 276 <b>,</b> 794	\$ 79 <b>,</b> 167
Salaries payable	59,500	39,061
Contracts payable	62,492	31,647
Compensated absences payable	82,005	81,843
Accrued interest payable	15,148	16,944
Due to other funds	_	-
Due to state government	31 <b>,</b> 599	-
Due to customers	97 <b>,</b> 189	-
General obligation bonds	620,000	190,000
Revenue bonds	1,222,000	609,000
Prepaid interments	-	-
Unearned revenue	_	_
Total current liabilities	\$ 2,466,727	\$ 1,047,662
Long-term debt:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,150,000	\$ 1,060,001
Revenue bonds	4,724,016	8,054,992
Net OPEB obligation	114,364	63 <b>,</b> 475
Net pension liability	994,998	667,940
Total long-term debt	\$ 8,983,378	\$ 9,846,408
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Succeeding year property taxes	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -
Pension related deferred inflows	30,013	29,368
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 30,013	\$ 29,368
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		
of resources	\$11,480,118	\$10,923,438
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$23,726,042	\$21 <b>,</b> 111 <b>,</b> 773
Restricted for:		
Bond retirement	1,652,796	1,067,122
Unrestricted	1,635,063	1,535,246
Total net position	\$27,013,901	<u>\$23,714,141</u>

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Net position of business-type activities

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Other_	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
\$ 172,741 94,366 18,857 158,671 185 254,972 2,513 - 36,000 24,566 450 \$ 763,321	\$ 528,702 192,927 112,996 322,519 32,277 254,972 34,112 97,189 810,000 1,867,000 24,566 450 \$ 4,277,710	\$ 919,544 7,033 - 10,793 - - - - - 7,865 \$ 945,235
\$ - 144,000 163,193 2,819,611 \$ 3,126,804	\$ 4,210,001 12,923,008 341,032 4,482,549 \$21,956,590	\$ - - - - \$ -
\$ 156,262 67,385 \$ 223,647	\$ 156,262 126,766 \$ 283,028	\$1,261,720 - - \$1,261,720
\$ 4,113,772 \$10,065,262	\$26,517,328 \$54,903,077	\$2,206,955 \$ 26,304
(281,843) \$ 9,783,419	2,719,918 2,888,466 \$60,511,461	(74,477) \$ (48,173)

(3,219,180)

\$57,292,281

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Waterworks	Sewer Rental
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 5,932,570	\$ 4,597,032
Health insurance contributions	_	_
Total operating revenues	\$ 5,932,570	\$ 4,597,032
Operating expenses:		
Business-type activities:	* 1 = 0 1	* 1 010 010
Personal services	\$ 1,704,692	\$ 1,212,312
Contractual	984,344	581,392
Commodities	651,071	233,719
Other	36 <b>,</b> 869	9,684
Depreciation Amortization	1,455,341	1,305,191
Total operating expenses	6,408 \$ 4,838,725	5,778 \$ 3,348,076
Total operating expenses	<del>γ 4,030,723</del>	<del>y 3,340,070</del>
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,093,845	\$ 1,248,956
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	1,598	5 <b>,</b> 926
Fines and forfeitures	-	_
Use of money and property	54 <b>,</b> 203	17 <b>,</b> 896
Special assessments	-	_
Miscellaneous	4,602	74 <b>,</b> 596
Interest	(234,787)	(337,000)
Gain(Loss) on disposal of assets		
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$ (174,384)	\$ (238 <b>,</b> 582)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ 919,461	\$ 1,010,374
Contributions and transfers:		
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)
Capital contributions	80,093	125,303
Total contributions and transfers	\$ 55,093	\$ 100,303
Change in net position	\$ 974,554	\$ 1,110,677
Net position beginning of year	26,039,347	22,603,464
Net position end of year	\$27,013,901	\$23,714,141

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Change in net position of business-type activities

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Other	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
\$4,000,074	\$14,529,676 - \$14,529,676	\$ 251,943 3,308,275 \$3,560,218
\$2,730,962 746,159 356,846 85,740 536,402 - \$4,456,109 \$ (456,035)	\$ 5,647,966 2,311,895 1,241,636 132,293 3,296,934 12,186 \$12,642,910 \$ 1,886,766	\$4,189,326 9,861 13,327 - 6,755 - \$4,219,269 \$ (659,051)
\$ 147,450 216 30,459 142,262 - 113,924 (1,747) (3,115) \$ 429,449	\$ 147,450 7,740 30,459 214,361 - 193,122 (573,534) (3,115) \$ 16,483	\$1,146,080 - - 7,458 - - - - \$1,153,538
\$ (26,586)	\$ 1,903,249	\$ 494,487
\$ 47,378 (60,000) 27,474 \$ 14,852 \$ (11,734)	\$ 47,378 (110,000) 232,870 \$ 170,248 \$ 2,073,497	\$ - (800,000) - \$ (800,000) \$ (305,513)
9,795,153		257,340
<u>\$9,783,419</u>		<u>\$ (48,173</u> )

( 198,184)

\$ 1,875,313

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Waterworks	Sewer Rental
Cash passived from intentional shapes	\$ -	Ċ
Cash received from interfund charges	۶ –	\$ -
Cash received from employees and others	-	4 500 010
Cash received from customers	5,894,250	
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,003,868)	(1,191,608)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services	(2,409,300)	(264,516)
Cash paid for health and life insurance	-	70 070
Cash received for miscellaneous items	6,200	79 <b>,</b> 879
Net cash provided (used) by operating	ć 1 407 202	¢ 2 222 0CE
activities	\$ 1,487,282	\$ 3,222,965
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Proceeds from property tax levy	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers in	-	-
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		
financing activities	\$ (25,000)	\$ (25,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Net acquisition of capital assets	\$(1,159,082)	\$ (640,214)
Principal payments	(1,795,591)	(764,222)
Interest payments	( 238, 208)	(338, 445)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
related financing activities	\$(3,192,881)	\$(1,742,881)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of investments	\$ 2,140,029	\$ -
Purchase of investments	_	(1,115,000)
Interest received	50,180	12,219
Rent received on investment property		
Net cash provided (used) by investing		
activities	\$ 2,190,209	\$(1,102,781)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 459,610	\$ 352,303
Cash beginning of year	49,116	33,624
Cash end of year	\$ 508,726	<u>\$ 385,927</u>
Noncash capital, investing and financing activities: Decrease in fair value of investments Contributions of capital assets from outside sources Total noncash capital, investing and financing activities	\$ - 80,093 \$ 80,093	\$ - 125,303 \$ 125,303

	Other	Total	Activities- Internal Service
\$		\$ -	\$ 3,016,671
	_	-	566,559
	4,114,497 2,669,989)	14,607,957 (5,865,465)	(211,064)
`	(857 <b>,</b> 785)	(3,531,601)	(31,560)
	140,294	226,373	(4,002,659) 
\$	727,017	\$ 5,437,264	\$ (662,053)
\$	147,226	\$ 147,226	\$ 1,147,324
	47,378 (60,000)	47,378 (110,000)	- (800,000)
-			
\$	134,604	\$ 84,604	\$ 347,324
\$	(590,721) 180,000	\$(2,390,017) (2,379,813)	\$ (8,958)
	(1,562)	(578,215)	
\$	(412,283)	\$(5,348,045)	\$ (8,958)
\$	50	\$ 2,140,079	\$ 1,250,000
	(660,000) 23,921	(1,775,000) 86,320	(1,100,000) 21,729
	31,726	31,726	
\$	(604,303)	483,125	\$ 171 <b>,</b> 729
\$	(154,965)	\$ 656,948	\$ (151,958)
	500,013	582,753	425,305
\$	345,048	<u>\$ 1,239,701</u>	<u>\$ 273,347</u>
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 14,081
	27,474	232,870	
\$	27,474	<u>\$ 232,870</u>	<u>\$ 14,081</u>

Governmental

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Waterworks	Sewer Rental
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating		
Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$1,093,845	\$1,248,956
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	71,093,043	71,240,930
to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,461,749	1,310,969
Rental income	-	-
Miscellaneous income	6,200	80,522
Change in assets and liabilities:	0/200	00/022
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(43,583)	2,178
(Increase) decrease in inventory	2,033	(3,678)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	4,351	537,590
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	4,940	4,105
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(137, 267)	(88,754)
Increase (decrease) in accounts & contracts payable	152 <b>,</b> 920	22,262
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	(291,495)	16,945
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(19 <b>,</b> 748)	(240)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(905,034)	(643)
Increase (decrease) in due to state government	3,774	_
Increase (decrease) in due to customers	5 <b>,</b> 263	_
Increase (decrease) in prepaid interments	-	_
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	_	_
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	8,923	1,968
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	185,001	119,617
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(44,590)	<u>(28,832</u> )
Wat and muchided (word) by manatical		
Net cash provided (used) by operating	¢1 407 000	42 000 005
activities	<u>\$1,487,282</u>	<u>\$3,222,965</u>

Other_	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
\$(456,035)	\$1,886,766	\$(659,051)
536,402	3,309,120	6 <b>,</b> 755
144,599	231,321	-
117,756 (592) 267,311 (3,802) (462,593) (31,652) (66) (1,662) 94,855 535 - (3,783) 450 14,632 594,550 (83,888)	76,351 (2,237) 809,252 5,243 (688,614) 143,530 (274,616) (21,650) (810,822) 4,309 5,263 (3,783) 450 25,523 899,168 (157,310)	- 24,430 - (33,737) 831 137 - - (1,418)
<u>\$ 727,017</u>	<u>\$5,437,264</u>	<u>\$ (662,053</u> )

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Firemen's Pension
ASSETS:	<u> Felision</u>
Cash	\$ 4,065
Receivables:	
Property taxes	40
Succeeding year property taxes	7,899
Total assets	\$12,004
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Succeeding year property taxes	<u>\$ 7,899</u>
NET POSITION:	
Restricted for pensions	<u>\$ 4,105</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Firemen's Pension
ADDITIONS:	\$ 4 004
Property taxes	\$ 4,994
<b>DEDUCTIONS:</b> Public safety:	
Benefits paid	\$ 7,513
Change in net position	\$(2,519)
Net position beginning of year	6,624
Net position end of year	<u>\$ 4,105</u>

#### (1) Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Mason City is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa, located in Cerro Gordo County. It was first incorporated on December 21, 1869 and operates under the Home Rule Provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, public transit and general administrative services. It also operates the airport and provides water, sewer and sanitation utilities.

The financial statements of the City of Mason City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Reporting Entity - For financial reporting purposes, the City of Mason City has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended Component Unit - The City of Mason City has determined the MacNider Art Museum Foundation meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria for a blended component unit and, accordingly, has been included in special revenue funds. The directors of the foundation are appointed by the directors of the museum who are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Council. The Foundation exists to support the City-owned MacNider Museum.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The City has determined the Mason City Housing Authority meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria for a discretely presented component unit due to the nature and significance of its relationship with the City. The Authority's commissioners are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Council, and the Authority provides low-income housing to the citizens of Mason City. Almost all of the component unit's resources are ultimately used for the City and its constituents. Complete financial statements of the Mason City Housing Authority may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 22 N. Georgia, Suite 214, Mason City, IA 50401.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments.

#### (1) Financial Reporting Entity - continued

City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Cerro Gordo County Assessor's Conference Board, City of Mason City's City Assessor's Conference Board, Cerro Gordo County Emergency Management Commission, Landfill of North Iowa Board and Cerro Gordo County Joint E911 Service Board.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (A) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements— The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by property tax and intergovernmental revenue are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the City's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

All remaining non-major governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated within each fund type in the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

Government Fund Types - Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determinations. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

General fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Special revenue funds</u> are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt service fund</u> is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on long term debt.

<u>Capital projects funds</u> are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The City of Mason City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues from general and emergency levies and other revenues not allocated by law of contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the General Fund are paid the general operating expenditures, police and fire protection, public buildings operation and maintenance, airport, museum, library and parks and recreation oriented activities as well as fixed charges and capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

 $\frac{\text{Special Revenue - Road Use Tax Fund}}{\text{the operations of the street maintenance department.}} \quad \text{Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes.} \quad \text{State law requires these taxes to be used to maintain streets.}$ 

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term and special debt principal, interest and related costs. Financing is through annual property tax levies. Tax levies in excess of actual requirements are legally restricted to service this debt.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

<u>Proprietary Fund Type</u> - Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to that of a private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Works Fund</u> - The Water Works Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Rental Fund</u> - The Sanitary Sewer Rental Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The City's Internal Service Funds account for costs in vehicle maintenance, electrical repairs and health insurance. The central services fund is used to account for (1) maintenance and repair costs related to City vehicles and equipment and (2) costs for electrical maintenance repair for all City facilities and traffic maintenance. The health insurance fund is used to account for health insurance premiums and claims for all City employees.

Fiduciary - Pension Trust Fund accounts for assets held by the City to be used for retirement payments for qualified public safety employees.

#### (B) $\underline{\text{Measurement focus and basis of accounting}}$

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Property tax, local option sales tax, intergovernmental revenues (share revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be measurable and are recognized as revenue, if available. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be measurable and recognized as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long term debt, claims and judgements and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing services.

Substantially all shared revenues are recorded when the underlying exchange transaction has occurred. For governmental funds, revenue from grant revenues is recorded as unearned revenue until they become available.

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the City has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred. Income from accounts receivables and unbilled usage is recognized when earned. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeiture fees and refunds, charges for services (other than enterprise), miscellaneous and other revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Special assessment receivables are recorded at the time of their levy. The related revenue is recognized at the time it is due in the governmental funds and when levied for government-wide statements.

Transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then to use less restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Under terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are user fees and charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

### (C) Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - The cash balances of most City funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is allocated among funds in the ratio of cash provided by the fund unless otherwise provided by law. Interest earned by the Road Use Tax Fund is allocated to the General Fund. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$10,217 and \$6,367 of interest income, respectively, was recorded in this manner.

Investments consist of U. S. Government securities, equity securities nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and deposits in Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT) money market accounts. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in IPAIT and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are valued at amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows all short term cash investments that are highly liquid (including restricted assets) are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Receivables and Payables - Receivables are reported net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts. As of June 30, 2017 the governmental and proprietary funds had allowances for uncollectible customer accounts totaling \$13,674 and \$746,422, respectively.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Property taxes receivable are recognized at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified. All City property taxes must be certified to the Cerro Gordo County Auditor on or before the fifteenth day of March of each year for the upcoming fiscal year which runs from July 1 to June 30. The county auditor is then required to place these city taxes upon the tax list. This levying of property taxes procedurally occurs during June prior to the fiscal year for which the taxes are to be collected. The property taxes actually become an enforceable lien against the property when the budget is certified.

Property taxes levied by the Cerro Gordo County Auditor and collectible for the year ended June 30, 2017, were due by July 1, 2016, with the first half installment being delinquent after September 30, 2016, and the second half installment being delinquent after March 31, 2017. Any collections remitted to the City within thirty days subsequent to year end are recorded as property tax revenue. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents the 2017 levy certified on March 15, 2017, based on 2016 assessed valuations. As the levy is intended for use in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the revenue has been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> - Inventories are recognized only in those funds in which they are material to the extent of affecting operations. Inventories of supplies are reported at cost and any inventory held for resale is carried at lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out). The consumption method of accounting is applied to the business-type inventories.

Restricted Assets - Assets within the enterprise funds which can be designated by the City Council for any use within the fund's purpose are considered to be unrestricted assets. Assets which are restricted for specific uses by bonded debt requirements, grant provisions, or other requirements are classified as restricted assets. Liabilities which are payable from restricted assets, are classified as such.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, and machinery and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Buildings, improvements other than buildings, and machinery and equipment of the primary government, as well as component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 to 50	years
Improvements	5 to 100	years
Equipment and vehicles	3 to 20	years
Infrastructure	10 to 45	years

Collections such as library books and museum exhibits are unencumbered, held for public exhibition, education, or research in the furtherance of public service rather than financial gain, protected, cared for, and preserved, and are subject to City policy that requires the proceeds from sales of these items to be used to acquire other collection items and therefore, are not capitalized.

Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the City after the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period.

Compensated Absences - City employees earn vacation and sick leave at rates dependent on years of service. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 960 hours but is forfeited if not used. Therefore, no accrual is recorded for accrued sick leave. Vacation leave is vested as earned, but must be used within one year or is forfeited. The City records these accumulations in the fund in which they are earned for governmental type funds as the City anticipates paying these accruals from expendable available financial resources. For proprietary type funds, these accumulations are recorded as liabilities.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System (Systems') and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems'. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measureable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax and succeeding year special assessments receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied, and the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

 $\underline{\text{Nonspendable}}$  - Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

 $\underline{\text{Committed}}$  - Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the City Council through resolution approved prior to year-end.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

<u>Assigned</u> - Assigned fund balances contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates it authority. The City Council has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance through the approval of the annual budget.

 $\underline{\text{Unassigned}}$  - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance.

#### (D) Budgetary control, compliance and appropriation data

The City prepares and adopts an annual program budget, as prescribed by the Code of Iowa, for all funds except Forest Park TIF, Mason City Downtown, Southside TIF, PDM-FEMA, North Iowa Vocational Center, ADDI, ESGP Grant, HMGP Voluntary Acquisition, FMA Voluntary Acquisition and MacNider Museum Foundation special revenue funds; Cemetery Perpetual Care permanent fund and fiduciary funds. The statutory level of control is on the program level for all funds rather than at the individual fund level. The City's budget as prescribed by the Code of Iowa must contain the following:

a. Expenditures for each program:

Public Safety
Public Works
Health and Social Services
Culture and Recreation
Community and Economic Development
General Government
Debt Service
Capital Projects

- b. The amount to be raised by property taxation
- c. Income from sources other than property taxation

City Council action to legally enact the budget goes beyond the State requirement and includes budgets for individual funds except fiduciary funds. The City budget is prepared and reported on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

A City budget may be amended for any of the following purposes:

- a. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of unexpended unencumbered cash balances on hand at the end of the preceding fiscal year.
- b. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of amounts anticipated to be available from sources other than property taxation.
- c. To permit transfers between funds as prescribed by state law.
- d. To permit transfers between programs.

A budget amendment must be prepared and adopted in the same manner as the original budget. Management has no authority to amend the budget other than as directed by the City Council; furthermore, it is the City Council's policy that only state required budget amendments will be adopted. The City's budget was amended as prescribed and the effect of that amendment is shown in the following table.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

The following table presented on a budgetary basis demonstrates the statutory compliance with the annual fiscal year 2017 budget:

	Original		Final	
	Certified	Budget	Certified	Actual
	Budget	Amendment	Budget	Expenditures
Public Safety	\$10,167,380	\$ 145,000	\$10,312,380	\$10,092,328
Public Works	3,634,779	2,683,700	6,318,479	3,665,692
Health and Social Services	415 <b>,</b> 997	78,000	493 <b>,</b> 997	374,330
Culture and Recreation	3,687,110	1,802,500	5,489,610	3,110,549
Community and Economic				
Development	4,506,479	45,304	4,551,783	2,643,901
General Government	6,182,519	398,600	6,581,119	2,580,027
Debt Service	4,963,801	84,500	5,048,301	4,055,200
Capital Projects	12,425,697	_	12,425,697	8,447,797
Business-Type	14,439,000	1,313,100	15,752,100	13,216,444
Total	\$60,422,762	\$6,550,704	\$66,973,466	\$48,186,268

The fiscal year 2017 budget amendment resulted in an overall increase in the appropriation.

#### (E) Unbilled Revenues

The Waterworks, Sewer Rental, Solid Waste and Storm Sewer Funds accrue unbilled revenues for services rendered subsequent to the last billing date and prior to year-end based upon the number of days unbilled compared to the first billing subsequent to year-end. At June 30, 2017 unbilled utility receivables for the Waterworks, Sewer Rental, Solid Waste and Storm Sewer Funds were included in accounts receivable and totaled \$500,126, \$332,484, \$91,772 and \$20,700, respectively.

#### (3) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's deposits at June 30, 2017 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved pursuant to Chapter 12C, Code of Iowa; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

#### (3) Cash and Investments - continued

The fair value of the City's investments at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	\$ 4,792,890
Mutual Funds	1,139,239
	\$ 5,932,129
Deposits classified as investments:	
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	135,014
Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit	15,963,336
Total Investments	\$22,030,479
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1:	
Unrestricted investments	18,877,693
Restricted investments	3,152,786
Total Investments	\$22,030,479

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

As of June 30, 2017, the City's investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT) were valued at an amortized cost of \$135,014 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are not subject to interest rate.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2017:

			Investme	nt Maturity	(in Years)
Security	Fair	Less			
Description	Value	than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
US Government				·	
Securites:					
FNMA Notes	\$ 335,465	\$ -	\$ -	\$335,465	\$ -
FNMA	685,034	_	-	-	685 <b>,</b> 034
FHLMC	2,724,706	_	-	1,377	2,723,329
GNMA	1,047,685			<u>-</u> _	1,047,685
TOTAL	\$4,792,890	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$336,842	\$4,456,048

Credit risk: Generally credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper and other corporate debt to the top two highest classifications. The City did not invest in any commercial paper or other corporate debt during the year. The City's investments in Money Market Funds and U. S. Agencies were rated by Moody's and Standard & Poor's at Aaa and AA+, respectively.

#### (3) Cash and Investments - continued

Concentration of credit risk: The City's investment policy does not allow for a prime bankers' acceptance or commercial paper and other corporate debt balances to be greater than ten percent of its total deposits and investments, further limited to no more than five percent from a single issuer. The City held no such investments during the year.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all City funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2017, the City's deposits were entirely insured by federal depository insurance or insured by the state through pooled collateral, state sinking funds, and by the state's ability to assess for lost funds. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2017 as they are held by financial institutions in the name of the City.

Fair value measurements: The City uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The city has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017: All the City's investments were determined using the last reported sales price at current exchange rates (Level 1 inputs) except non-negotiable certificates of deposit which were valued using the rates or prices of similar assets with similar maturities (Level 2 inputs).

#### (4) Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following amounts:

Fund		nterfund eceivable	Interfund Payable
Governmental:	_		 
General	\$	284,063	\$ 288,310
Road use tax		6 <b>,</b> 727	2,480
Debt service		193	84 <b>,</b> 855
Nonmajor funds		508,464	562,337
Internal Service funds		_	_
Total governmental	\$	799,447	\$ 937,982
Business-Type:			
Waterworks	\$	84,855	\$ _
Sewer rental		_	_
Nonmajor funds		308,652	254 <b>,</b> 972
Total business-type	\$	393 <b>,</b> 507	\$ 254,972
Total due to/from other funds	<u>\$</u>	1,192,954	\$ 1,192,954

#### (4) Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances - continued

The City's interfund receivables and payables eliminated what would have been negative cash balances in various funds in the amount of \$1,702,876. The remainder of these balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that(1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. In general, these balances will be repaid within one year from year end.

#### (5) Interfund Transfers

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2017 were:

	Transfers	Transfers
<u>Fund</u>	In	Out
Governmental:		
General	\$1,291,577	\$ 180,337
Road use tax	60,000	325 <b>,</b> 000
Debt service	950 <b>,</b> 112	9,500
Nonmajor funds	550 <b>,</b> 337	1,474,567
Internal Service funds	-	800,000
Total governmental	\$2,852,026	\$2,789,404
Business-Type:		
Waterworks	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Sewer rental	_	25,000
Nonmajor funds	47,378	60,000
Total business-type	\$ 47,378	\$ 110,000
Total transfers	\$2,899,404	\$2,899,404

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,634,356 21,692,343	\$18,341,136 6,845,865	\$ - _21,916,621	\$ 20,975,492 6,621,587
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 24,326,699	\$25,187,001	\$21,916,621	\$ 27,597,079
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 23,806,610	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,806,610
Improvements	29,122,906	3,424,768	136,385	32,411,289
Equipment	6,269,439	507,339	194,902	6,581,876
Vehicles	9,605,458	153,523	329,728	9,429,253
Infrastructure	87,750,148	1,069,258	_	88,819,406
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	\$156,554,561	\$ 5,154,888	\$ 661,015	\$161,048,434
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ 9,795,683	\$ 795 <b>,</b> 657	\$ -	\$ 10,591,340
Improvements	12,620,395	1,293,970	136,384	13,777,981
Equipment	4,944,623	372 <b>,</b> 300	194,015	5,122,908
Vehicles	6,480,812	592 <b>,</b> 300	272,130	6,800,982
Infrastructure	42,076,392	3,170,761		45,247,153
Total accumulated				
Depreciation	\$ 75,917,905	\$ 6,224,988	\$ 602,529	\$ 81,540,364
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 80,636,656	\$(1,070,100)	\$ 58,486	\$ 79,508,070
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$104,963,355</u>	<u>\$24,116,901</u>	<u>\$21,975,107</u>	\$107,105,149

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Public safety	\$ 479 <b>,</b> 949
Public works	4,617,450
Health and social services	1,475
Culture and recreation	983,042
Community and economic development	62 <b>,</b> 675
General government	73,641
Internal service funds depreciation is charged to	
various functions based on their usage of assets	6,756
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$6,224,988</u>

#### (6) Capital Assets - continued

Business-type Activities:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated:	+	_	_	
Land	\$ 4,823,362	\$ -	•	\$ 4,823,362
Construction in progress	3,277,149	1,577,921	167,443	4,687,627
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	Ċ 0 100 E11	ė 1 577 OO1	6167 112	¢ 0 510 000
not being depreciated	\$ 8,100,511	<u>\$ 1,577,921</u>	<u>\$167,443</u>	\$ 9,510,989
Capital assets, being				
depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 17,105,741	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,105,741
Improvements	3,213,849	101,691	_	3,315,540
Equipment	3,819,265	254,003	223,674	
Vehicles	3,537,551	221,285	186,146	3,572,690
Meters, plant, sewer lines				
and distribution system	93,291,056	639,295	114,207	93,816,144
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	\$120,967,462	\$ 1,216,274	\$524 <b>,</b> 027	\$121,659,709
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				
Buildings	\$ 5,630,591	\$ 408,904	\$ -	\$ 6,039,495
Improvements	2,996,505	25,005	_	3,021,510
Equipment	2,766,956	234,306	220,559	2,780,703
Vehicles	2,157,698	276,167	170,093	2,263,772
Meters, plant, sewer lines				
and distribution system	40,113,789	2,352,552	114,207	42,352,134
Total accumulated				
depreciation	\$ 53,665,539	\$ 3,296,934	\$504,859	\$ 56,457,614
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	\$ 67,301,923	\$(2,080,660)	<u>\$ 19,168</u>	\$ 65,202,095
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 75,402,434</u>	<u>\$ (502,739</u> )	<u>\$186,611</u>	\$ 74,713,084

Depreciation expense was charged to the following business-type activities:

Business-type	activities.
Business-tvbe	activities:

Waterworks	\$1,349,605
Sewer rental	1,305,191
Other business-type funds	642,138
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$3,296,934

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems

The City maintains three pension plans for employees in various departments.

#### Iowa Public Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u>. IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits - A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012, will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Disability and Death Benefits - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2017, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the City contributed 8.93% of covered payroll for a total rate of 14.88%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$731,632.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$6,994,387 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's collective proportion was 0.1111399% which was a decrease of 0.004785% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$753,168. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 61,817	\$ 83,475
Changes in assumptions	106,713	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	996,479	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contribution		247,237
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	731,632	
Total	\$1,896,641	<u>\$330,712</u>

\$731,632 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Total
2018	\$ 58,389
2019	58,389
2020	474,521
2021	259,055
2022	(16,057)
Total	\$834,297

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2014)	3.00% per annum.
Rate of salary increase	4.00 to 17.00%, average,
(effective June 30, 2010)	including inflation.
	Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return	7.50%, compounded
(effective June 30, 1996)	annually, net of investment
	expense, including inflation.
Wage growth	4.00% per annum based on 3.00%
(effective June 30, 1990)	inflation and 1.00% real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Core plus fixed income	28%	1.90%
Domestic equity	24	5.85
International equity	16	6.32
Private equity/debt	11	10.31
Real estate	8	3.87
Credit opportunities	5	4.48
U.S. TIPS	5	1.36
Other real assets	2	6.42
Cash	1	(0.26)
Total	<u>100%</u>	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.50%) or 1% higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
City's proportionate share			
Of net pension liability	\$11,315,968	\$6,994,387	\$3,346,912

<u>IPERS'</u> Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

<u>Payables to the IPERS</u> - At June 30, 2017, the City reported no material amounts payable to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer contributions or for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI)

<u>Plan Description</u> - MFPRSI membership is mandatory for fire fighters and police officers covered by the provisions of Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. Employees of the City of Mason City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by MFPRSI. MFPRSI issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7155 Lake Drive, Suite #201, West Des Moines, Iowa 50266 or at www.mfprsi.org.

MFPRSI benefits are established under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Members with 4 or more years of service are entitled to pension benefits beginning at age 55. Full service retirement benefits are granted to members with 22 years of service, while partial benefits are available to those members with 4 to 22 years of service based on the ratio of years completed to years required (i.e., 22 years). Members with less than 4 years of service are entitled to a refund of their contribution only, with interest, for the period of employment.

Benefits are calculated based upon the member's highest 3 years of compensation. The average of these 3 years becomes the member's average final compensation. The base benefit is 66% of the member's average final compensation. Members who perform more than 22 years of service receive an additional 2% of the member's average final compensation for each additional year of service, up to a maximum of 8 years. Survivor benefits are available to the beneficiary of a retired member according to the provisions of the benefit option chosen, plus an additional benefit for each child. Survivor benefits are subject to a minimum benefit for those members who chose the basic benefit with a 50% surviving spouse benefit.

Active members at least 55 years of age with 22 or more years of service have the option to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP is an arrangement whereby a member who is otherwise eligible to retire and commence benefits opts to continue to work. A member can elect a 3, 4, or 5 year DROP period. When electing to participate in DROP, the member signs a contract stating the member will retire at the end of the selected DROP period. During the DROP period, the member's retirement benefit is frozen and a DROP benefit is credited to a DROP account established for the member. Assuming the member completes the DROP period, the DROP benefit is equal to 52% of the member's retirement benefit at the member's earliest date eligible and 100% if the member delays enrollment for 24 months. At the member's actual date of retirement, the member's DROP account will be distributed to the member in the form of a lump sum or rollover to an eligible plan.

<u>Disability</u> and <u>Death Benefits</u> - <u>Disability</u> benefits may be either accidental or ordinary. Accidental disability is defined as a permanent disability incurred in the line of duty, with benefits equivalent to the greater of 60% of the member's average final compensation or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Ordinary disability occurs outside the call of duty and pays benefits equivalent to the greater of 50% of the member's average final compensation, for those with 5 or more years of service, or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount, and 25% of average final compensation for those with less than 5 years of service.

Death benefits are similar to disability benefits. Benefits for accidental death are 50% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or the provisions for ordinary death. Ordinary death benefits consist of a pension equal to 40% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or a lump-sum distribution to the designated beneficiary equal to 50% of the previous year's earnable compensation of the member or equal to the amount of the member's total contributions plus interest.

Benefits are increased annually in accordance with Chapter 411.6 of the Code of Iowa, which provides a standard formula for the increases.

The surviving spouse or dependents of an active member who dies due to a traumatic personal injury incurred in the line of duty receives a \$100,000 lumpsum payment.

<u>Contributions</u> - Member contribution rates are set by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa, the contribution rate was 9.40% of earnable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Employer contribution rates are based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate and set by state statute. The required actuarially determined contributions are calculated on the basis of the entry age normal method as adopted by the Board of Trustees as permitted under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. The normal contribution rate is provided by state statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, with such total divided by 1% of the actuarially determined present value of prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions and state appropriations. Under the Code of Iowa, the City's contribution rate cannot be less than 17.00% of earnable compensation. The contribution rate was 25.92% for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The City's contributions to MFPRSI for the year ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$1,490,447.

If approved by the state legislature, state appropriation may further reduce the City's contribution rate, but not below the minimum statutory contribution rate of 17.00% of earnable compensation. The State of Iowa, therefore, is considered to be a nonemployer contributing entity in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

There were no state appropriations to MFPRSI during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$12,751,615 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the MFPRSI relative to the contributions of all MFPRSI participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.02039407% which was a decrease of 0.00044338% from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$307,559. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 329,103	\$ 11,826
Changes in assumptions	538,380	174,663
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,254,781	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contribution		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,490,447	
Total	\$4,749,166	<u>\$186,489</u>

\$1,490,447 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Amount
2018	\$ 507,046
2019	507,046
2020	1,322,112
2021	760 <b>,</b> 248
2022	(24,220)
Total	\$ 3,072,230

Actuarial Assumptions The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation 3.00% Salary increase 4.50 to 15.00%, including inflation.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Investment rate of return

7.50%, net of investment expense, including inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2012.

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disabled individuals set-forward one year (male rates only), with no projection of future mortality improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (i.e., expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large cap	6.0%
Small cap	5.8
International large cap	7.0
Emerging markets	8.8
Emerging market debt	6.5
Private non-core real estate	9.3
Master limited partnerships	8.5
Private Equity	9.8
Core plus fixed income	3.8
Private core real estate	6.8
Treasury inflation protected securitie	s 2.8
Tactical asset allocation	6.0

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at 9.40% of covered payroll and the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the MFPRSI's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

Sensitivity of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.50%) or 1% higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)	
City's proportionate share				
Of net pension liability	\$20,013,013	\$12,751,615	\$6,704,420	

MFPRSI's Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the MFPRSI's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MFPRSI financial report which is available on MFPRSI's website at www.mfprsi.org.

<u>Payables to MFPRSI</u> - All legally required City contributions and legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages were remitted by the City to MFPRSI by June 30, 2017.

#### Firemen Pension Plan

#### (A) Plan Description

The City maintains a contributory defined benefit pension plan for those individuals previously covered under the provisions of Chapter 410 of the Iowa Code. The plan is funded from pension fund reserves. All participants in the plan are presently retired. No information is available regarding actuarially computed liability or assets. As of June 30, 2017, there is one individual receiving benefits in the fire plan.

A summary of financial information relating to the plan as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Fire
Cash and investments	\$4,065
Fund equity	4,105
Pensions paid	7,513

#### (B) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized as revenues for the period.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Investments, if any, are non-participating certificates of deposit and are valued at historical cost.

#### (7) Pension and Retirement Systems - continued

#### (C) Trend Information

Firemen Pension Plan

		Revenues		Expenses
Fiscal	Investment	Property	_	
Year	Income	Taxes	Totals	Benefits
2017	_	\$ 4,994	\$ 4,994	\$ 7,513
2016	13	7 <b>,</b> 730	7,743	7,308
2015	_	7,486	7,486	7,126
2014	_	7,214	7,214	6 <b>,</b> 917
2013	_	7,201	7,201	6 <b>,</b> 790
2012	_	6 <b>,</b> 897	6 <b>,</b> 897	6 <b>,</b> 697
2011	7	-	7	6 <b>,</b> 576
2010	76	-	76	6 <b>,</b> 457
2009	26	25 <b>,</b> 170	25 <b>,</b> 196	9,424
2008	-	15 <b>,</b> 370	15 <b>,</b> 370	12,147

#### (8) Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees several deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. These plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency and participation in the plan is optional.

The City does not own or administer the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding investment are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

#### (9) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt of the City is as follows:

-	Governmental	Business-Type
4.00% to 4.15% Taxable General Obligation bond payable, issued 9/4/07	125,000	1,250,000
4.05% to 4.10% General Obligation bond payable, issued 7/1/08	530,000	-
4.30% to 4.35% General Obligation bond payable, issued 7/1/08	715,000	-
4.00% to 5.00% Taxable General Obligation bond payable, issued 7/1/09 2.35% to 2.90% General Obligation bond	6,005,000	305,000
payable, issued 8/1/10 2.20% to 2.80% General Obligation bond	780 <b>,</b> 000	450,000
payable, issued 10/1/10 1.85% General Obligation bond	1,870,000	-
payable, issued 8/31/11 2.30% to 2.80% General Obligation bond	180,000	-
payable, issued 8/31/11 0.90% to 1.70% General Obligation bond	295 <b>,</b> 000	-
payable, issued 8/7/12 1.40% General Obligation bond	755 <b>,</b> 000	485,000
payable, issued 8/7/12 2.00% General Obligation bond payable,	185,000	-
issued 8/20/13 2.00% to 2.25% Taxable General Obligation	365,000	-
bond payable, issued 9/17/14 2.00% General Obligation bond payable,	2,215,000	2,530,000
issued 9/29/15 1.25% to 1.38% General Obligation bond	1,235,000	-
payable, issued 09/21/16 1.75% Water Revenue Capital Loan note payable	1,410,000 e,	180,000
issued 2/26/03, callable 6/01/13 at par 4.00% Water Revenue bond payable,	-	5,611,000
issued 9/1/06 4.30% to 4.35% Water Revenue bond payable,	-	195,000
issued 9/1/07 3.00% Sewer Revenue bond payable,	-	160,000
issued 8/15/08 Totals	<u>+</u> \$16,665,000	8,769,000 \$19,935,000

#### Bonded Debt:

General Obligation Debt

General obligation bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power of the City for the payment of the debt.

There were \$21,865,000 of general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017. Unmatured general obligation bonds to be paid by governmental funds totaled \$16,665,000. General obligation bonds to be paid by enterprise revenue and, therefore, included as Enterprise Fund obligations totaled \$5,200,000.

#### (9) Long-Term Liabilities - continued

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City issued \$1,590,000 of general obligation bonds. These bonds were used for construction, reconstruction and repair of various public works, parks and utility-related improvements.

Water and Sewer Revenue Debt

The City issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. There were \$14,735,000 of revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, payable through 2030. The City, as a requirement of the bonds, maintains certain reserve requirements while these bonds are outstanding. These reserves include a) one-twelfth of the annual interest and principal due in the succeeding year plus b) the lesser of 10% of the original note proceeds or the maximum amount of principal and interest due in any remaining year of the individual issue or 25% of the amount required to be deposited to a) since issue of the bond. One bond also requires the reservation of an improvement amount equal to the lesser of \$5,000 times the number of months since issuance or \$250,000. The combined total required to be reserved is \$2,420,491. The City has reserved \$2,775,887 as of June 30, 2017. The combined principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,199,408 and \$5,274,340, respectively, amounting to approximately 42% of net revenues.

Tax Increment Financing Revenue Debt

The City issues bonds to finance its contribution to various development projects in the tax increment districts. The principal and interest on the bonds are paid with the additional taxes generated by the various development projects. As of June 30, 2017, there were no tax increment financing bonds outstanding.

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$18,835,469	\$1,410,000	\$3,447,401	\$16,798,068	\$3,299,000
Compensated absences	1,225,221	1,259,131	1,225,221	1,259,131	1,259,131
Net OPEB obligation	718,135	163,870	26,203	855 <b>,</b> 802	_
Net pension liability	11,933,611	3,329,842	_	15,263,453	-
Total	\$32,712,436	\$6,162,843	\$4,698,825	\$34,176,454	\$4,558,131
Business type activities:					
Bonds payable	\$22,189,822	\$ 180,000	\$2,559,813	\$19,810,009	\$2,677,000
Compensated absences	344,169	322,519	344,169	322,519	322 <b>,</b> 519
Net OPEB obligation	315,509	37,038	11,515	341,032	_
Net pension liability	3,583,381	899,168	_	4,482,549	-
Total	\$26,432,881	\$1,438,725	\$2,915,497	\$24,956,109	\$2,999,519

At June 30, 2017, the non-revenue debt issued by the City did not exceed its legal debt margin computed as follows:

Total estimated actual valuation - real property	<u>\$1,</u>	724,713,796
Debt limit - 5% of total valuation Debt applicable to debt limit:	\$	86,235,690
General obligation bonded debt outstanding		21,865,000
Legal debt margin	\$	64,370,690

#### (9) Long-Term Liabilities - continued

A summary of bond principal and interest maturities by type of bond is as follows:

Governm	ental	Business-type	e Activities	General O	bligation
General Ob	ligation	General Ob	oligation	Total	S
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
\$ 3,299,000	\$ 498,249	\$ 846,000	\$136,926	\$ 4,145,000	\$ 635,175
3,029,000	403,164	861,000	114,334	3,890,000	517 <b>,</b> 498
2,274,000	313,426	916,000	90 <b>,</b> 761	3,190,000	404,187
2,149,000	254,608	831,000	66,212	2,980,000	320 <b>,</b> 820
	•	731,000	44,914	2,225,000	244,820
• •	573 <b>,</b> 671	1,015,000	35 <b>,</b> 222	4,305,000	608 <b>,</b> 893
	74,125				74,125
\$16,665,000	\$2 <b>,</b> 137 <b>,</b> 149	\$5,200,000	<u>\$488,369</u>	\$21,865,000	\$2,805,518
Governm	ental	Business-type	e Activities	Revenue O	bligation
Revenue Ob	ligation	Revenue Ok	oligation	Total	S
Principal	Interest	Principal	<u> Interest</u>	Principal	Interest
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,831,000	\$ 446,000	\$ 1,831,000	\$ 446,000
-	-	1,523,000	387 <b>,</b> 120	1,523,000	387 <b>,</b> 120
-	-	1,569,000	341,430	1,569,000	341,430
-	_	1,619,000	294 <b>,</b> 360	1,619,000	294 <b>,</b> 360
-	_	1,668,000	245 <b>,</b> 790	1,668,000	245 <b>,</b> 790
-	-	4,820,000	636,480	4,820,000	636,480
<u> </u>		1,705,000	77,130	1,705,000	77,130
\$ -	\$ -	\$14,735,000	<u>\$2,428,310</u>	\$14,735,000	\$2,428,310
	General Ob Principal \$ 3,299,000 3,029,000 2,274,000 2,149,000 1,494,000 3,290,000 1,130,000 \$16,665,000 Governm Revenue Ob Principal	General Obligation           Principal         Interest           \$ 3,299,000         \$ 498,249           3,029,000         403,164           2,274,000         313,426           2,149,000         254,608           1,494,000         199,906           3,290,000         573,671           1,130,000         74,125           \$16,665,000         \$2,137,149    Governmental  Revenue Obligation  Principal  Interest	General Obligation         General Obligation           Principal         Interest           \$ 3,299,000         \$ 498,249           3,029,000         403,164           2,274,000         313,426           2,149,000         254,608           1,494,000         199,906           3,290,000         573,671           1,130,000         74,125           \$16,665,000         \$2,137,149           Sevenue Obligation         Revenue Obligation           Principal         Interest           \$ 1,831,000           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -	General Obligation         General Obligation           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 3,299,000         \$ 498,249         \$ 846,000         \$136,926           3,029,000         403,164         861,000         114,334           2,274,000         313,426         916,000         90,761           2,149,000         254,608         831,000         66,212           1,494,000         199,906         731,000         44,914           3,290,000         573,671         1,015,000         35,222           1,130,000         74,125         —         —           \$16,665,000         \$2,137,149         \$5,200,000         \$488,369           Business-type Activities           Revenue Obligation         Revenue Obligation         Principal         Interest           \$ -         \$ 1,831,000         \$ 446,000           -         -         \$ 1,523,000         387,120           -         -         1,569,000         341,430           -         -         1,668,000         294,360           -         -         4,820,000         636,480           -         -         4,820,000         636,480	General Obligation         General Obligation         Total           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal         Principal         Principal         Principal         \$ 4,145,000           3,299,000         \$ 498,249         \$ 846,000         \$136,926         \$ 4,145,000         \$ 4,145,000         \$ 3,029,000         \$ 403,164         \$ 61,000         \$ 114,334         \$ 3,890,000         \$ 3,190,000         \$ 3,190,000         \$ 3,190,000         \$ 3,190,000         \$ 3,190,000         \$ 2,149,000         \$ 254,608         \$ 831,000         \$ 66,212         \$ 2,980,000         \$ 3,290,000         \$ 731,000         \$ 44,914         \$ 2,225,000         \$ 3,290,000         \$ 73,671         \$ 1,015,000         \$ 35,222         \$ 4,305,000         \$ 1,130,000         \$ 1,130,000         \$ 4488,369         \$ 21,865,000         \$ 21,831,000         \$ 246,000         \$ 3,831,000         \$ 3,890,0

Industrial Revenue Bonds

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2017, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with a principal amount payable of \$2,711,938.

#### (10) Contingent Liabilities

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. The City Attorney estimates that the potential claims not covered by insurance resulting from these claims would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

#### (10) Contingent Liabilities - continued

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Sales and payroll taxes collected from customers and employees respectively, are subject to audit by federal and state governments. Any adjustments in these amounts may constitute a liability of the City. The amount of changes, if any, made by federal or state governments cannot be determined at this time.

#### (11) Risk Management

As of July 1, 1993 the City established a self-insured medical plan for City employees and families. The plan is administered by and an administration fee paid to Bernie Lowe & Associates. The City is responsible for individual participant coverage of up to \$100,000 of claims annually. Individual claims in excess of \$100,000 and aggregate group claims in excess of approximately \$3,794,888 for the year ended June 30, 2017 are covered by commercial insurance.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Health Care Fund (an Internal Service Fund) based on premiums recommended by the program administrator based on historical information. The premiums are based on the amounts needed to pay current year claims and provide a reserve for claims incurred but not reported during the current year.

The City has adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicated that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Included in the claims liability at June 30, 2017 is \$841,800 for claims incurred but not reported at that date. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning of	Current year		End of
	fiscal year	claims and changes	Claim	fiscal year
	liability	in estimates	payments	liability
Current year	\$907,700	\$3,904,354	\$3,970,254	\$841,800
Prior year	793 <b>,</b> 500	4,516,691	4,402,491	907 <b>,</b> 700

In addition to health risks losses, the City is exposed to various other risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City covers these risks through commercial claims-made insurance policies. The costs of this insurance are paid by the general fund and the enterprise funds. There have been no substantial reductions in coverage from prior years.

#### (12) Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

The basic financial statements include individual fund deficits as follows:

Special Revenue Fund:

Southside TIF	\$ 42,575
Mason City Downtown	213,130
Housing	3 <b>,</b> 395
Softball Improvement	7,664

The deficit balances in these funds will be eliminated by grant proceeds and interfund transfers from the General Fund.

#### (13) Termination Benefits

As of June 30, 2017, the City had one terminated employee participating in COBRA health care coverage available from the City. COBRA participants pay 100% of the premium for continuing coverage. COBRA continuation coverage benefits are available for eligible employees for 18 months. Upon termination, employees are paid for compensated absences that have been accrued up to termination date.

#### (14) Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Descriptions and Funding Policy - The City sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides self-insured medical and prescription drug coverage to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. There are 230 active and 16 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be a minimum of 55 years old and currently be enrolled in the sponsored health insurance plan at the time of retirement to participate. Benefits terminate upon attaining Medicare eligibility.

Eligible retirees receive health care coverage through the same plan that is available for active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Contributions are required for both retiree and dependent coverage. The retiree contributions are based on and equal to the historical full cost of active members. Retiree expenses are then offset by monthly contributions.

Funding Policy - The City, with assistance from their third-party administrators, establishes and amends contribution requirements for both active and retiree members on an annual basis. The current funding policy is to pay health claims as they occur. This arrangement does not qualify as OPEB plan assets under GASB for current GASB reporting.

The required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2017, the City contributed \$37,718 and retirees receiving benefits contributed \$186,193 through their required contributions.

#### (14) Other Postemployment Benefits - continued

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following schedule shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2017, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 251,026 25,843 (76,051)
Annual OPEB cost/expense Contributions and payments made	\$ 200,818 (37,718)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 163,100
Net OPEB obligation July 1, 2016 Net OPEB obligation June 30, 2017	 ,033,734 ,196,834

For calculation of net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

		Percentage	
		of annual	
	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2017	\$200,818	18.8%	\$1,196,834
June 30, 2016	203,942	19.7	1,033,734
June 30, 2015	126,508	27.8	869,934
June 30, 2014	134,239	31.5	778 <b>,</b> 583
June 30, 2013	180,182	15.4	686,563
June 30, 2012	188,746	19.2	534,129
June 30, 2011	133,033	23.7	383,732

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$1,752,129. The City's plan is considered to be unfunded since there are no assets and retiree benefits are paid annually on a cash basis. Because the plans are unfunded, the AAL and UAAL are equal. The covered payroll (fiscal year payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$14,979,844, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 11.70%.

#### (14) Other Postemployment Benefits - continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A Schedule of Funding Progress is required to be presented as supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation date, the frozen entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 2.50% discount rate assuming funding based on the City's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is six percent. The ultimate medical trend rate is six percent and an inflation rate of zero percent is assumed for this computation.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender specific basis. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 4% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

#### (15) Commitments

At June 30, 2017, the following construction and purchase commitments had been made:

The City has entered into various contracts totaling approximately \$5,069,000 for street construction projects, water and sewer improvements, sanitation vehicle upgrade, park repairs and equipment upgrades for Ambulance and Police. As of June 30, 2017, approximate costs of \$2,489,000 have been incurred on the projects. The remaining amounts will be paid as work on the projects progresses.

#### (16) Related Party Transactions

The City had material business transactions between the City and City officials, totaling \$1,504,032 during the year ended June 30, 2017 of which \$1,335,516 was competitively bid.

#### (17) Fund Balances

The details for the City's fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	General	Road Use Tax	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental	. Total
Nonspendable:					
Endowment principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 693,207	\$ 693,207
Prepaid expenses	154,615	12,912		<u> </u>	167,527
Total nonspendable	\$ 154,615	\$ 12,912	\$ -	\$ 693,207	\$ 860,734
Restricted for:					
Streets and road					
construction	\$ -	\$1,007,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,007,600
Employee benefits		-	-	5,031,764	5,031,764
Economic development					
projects	-	-	_	503,608	503,608
Grant qualified					
projects	_	_	_	61 <b>,</b> 795	61 <b>,</b> 795
Street and park				1 (02 410	1 (02 410
improvements Museum funding	<u>-</u>	_	_	1,683,418 265,556	1,683,418 265,556
Cemetery perpetual car	~e =		_	565,173	565,173
Debt Service	_	_	266,664	505,175	266,664
Tort liability	764,810	_	_	_	764,810
Total restricted	\$ 764,810	\$1,007,600	\$266,664	\$8,111,314	\$10,150,388
		·			
Assigned for:					
Airport	\$ 321,133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321,133
Park & Recreation	233,980	_	_	750 027	233,980
Museum Library	<u>-</u>	_	_	759,837 490,897	759,837 490,897
Youth softball complex	_ 	_	_	60,952	60,952
Total assigned	\$ 555,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,311,686	\$ 1,866,799
100al abblynea	+ 333/113	<u>*</u>	<u>'</u>	41/011/000	+ 1/000/133
Unassigned	\$3,807,449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (259,100)	\$ 3,548,349
Total fund balance	\$5,281,987	\$1,020,512	\$266,664	\$9,857,107	\$16,426,270

#### (18) Budget Overexpenditure

Per the Code of Iowa, disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the program level. During the year ended June 30, 2017, disbursements did not exceed the amount budgeted.

#### (19) Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 27, 2017, the date the financial statements were issued.

The City awarded contracts subsequent to June 30 for the following projects:

Street projects	\$	495 <b>,</b> 855
Water		338,387
Storm sewer projects		618,772
Park and Recreation projects		212,215
Police department projects		86,610
Ambulance		249,750
Transit		437,160
Other projects		19,400
Total	<u>\$2</u>	,454,149

#### (20) Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

<u>City Tax Abatements</u> - The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City abated \$422,504 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

#### (21) New Accounting Pronouncement

The City of Mason City adopted the tax abatement disclosure guidance set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77, <u>Tax Abatement Disclosures</u>. The Statement sets forth guidance for the disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements which will make these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. Adoption of the guidance did not have an impact on amounts reported in the financial statements. The Notes to Financial Statements include information about the City's tax abatements and tax abatements of other entities which impact the City.

#### (22) New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued seven statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements, which may impact the City are as follows:

Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions; issued June, 2015, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This statement replaces Statement 45 and 57

Statement 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements; issued March, 2016, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, issued November, 2016, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The objective of this Statement establishes criteria for determining timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's asset retirement obligations, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets.

#### New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards - (continued)

Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, issued January, 2017, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

Statement 85, Omnibus 2017, issued March, 2017, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]).

Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, issued May, 2017, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources-resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to the financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

Statement 87, Leases, issued June, 2017, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]]
2017	7/1/2015	_	1,752,129	1,752,129	0.00	14,979,844	11.70%
2016	7/1/2015	-	1,823,969	1,823,969	0.00	14,571,746	12.02
2015	7/1/2013	_	1,131,586	1,131,586	0.00	12,266,204	9.23
2014	7/1/2013	_	1,167,355	1,167,355	0.00	13,875,756	8.41
2013	7/1/2011	_	1,445,475	1,445,475	0.00	13,727,810	10.53
2012	7/1/2011	_	1,463,752	1,463,752	0.00	14,275,269	10.25
2011	7/1/2009	_	988,388	988,388	0.00	13,670,291	7.23
2010	7/1/2009	_	973 <b>,</b> 974	973 <b>,</b> 974	0.00	13,410,686	7.26

See Note 14 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY

### SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\* (IN THOUSANDS) JUNE 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.112157%	0.115203%	0.116249%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,994	\$5 <b>,</b> 727	\$4,704
City's covered-employee payroll	\$7 <b>,</b> 976	\$7 <b>,</b> 941	\$7 <b>,</b> 763
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	87.69%	72.12%	60.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with GASB statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

**Note:** GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

### IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS)
JUNE 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 732	\$ 712	\$ 709	\$ 693
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contribution	(732)	(712)	<u>(709</u> )	(693)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _
City's covered-employee payroll	\$8 <b>,</b> 197	\$7 <b>,</b> 976	\$7 <b>,</b> 941	\$7 <b>,</b> 763
Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%

See notes to required supplementary information.

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 670	\$ 649	\$ 540	\$ 509	\$ 478	\$ 437
(670)	(649)	(540)	(509)	(478)	(437)
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$7 <b>,</b> 730	\$8,048	\$7 <b>,</b> 776	\$7 <b>,</b> 668	<b>\$7,</b> 530	\$7 <b>,</b> 219
8.67%	8.07%	6.95%	6.65%	6.35%	6.05%

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2017

#### Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

In 2008, legislative action transferred four groups - emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers - from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

#### Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%
- $\bullet$  Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL FIRE AND POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IOWA LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\* (IN THOUSANDS) JUNE 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	.02039407	0.02083745%	0.02005486%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$12 <b>,</b> 752	\$9,789	\$7 <b>,</b> 270
City's covered-employee payroll	5,528	4,833	5,120
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	230.68%	202.55%	141.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.20%	83.04%	86.27%

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with GASB Statement No.68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

**Note:** GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

#### MUNICIPAL FIRE AND POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IOWA

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) JUNE 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$1 <b>,</b> 490	\$1,535	\$1,462	\$1 <b>,</b> 542
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(1,490)	(1,535)	(1,462)	(1,542)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u>\$</u> –	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _
City's covered-employee payroll	\$5 <b>,</b> 748	\$5,528	\$4,833	\$5 <b>,</b> 120
Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll	25.92%	27.77%	30.41%	30.12%

See notes to required supplementary information.

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$1,297	\$1,235	\$1,033	\$ 830	\$ 856	\$1,140
<u>(1,297</u> )	(1,235)	(1,033)	(830)	(856)	(1,140)
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$4,965	\$4,987	\$5,189	\$4,883	\$4,569	\$4,473
26.12%	24.76%	19.90%	17.00%	18.75%	25.48%

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL FIRE AND POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IOWA JUNE 30, 2017

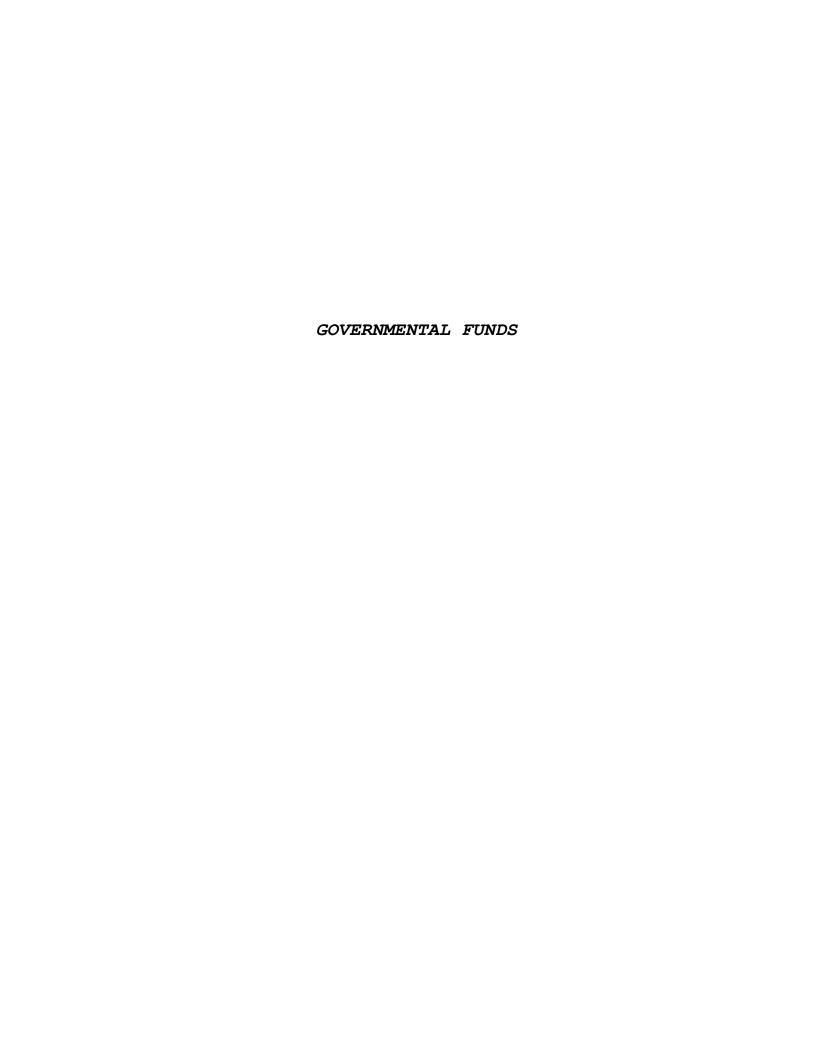
#### Changes of benefit terms:

There were no significant changes of benefit terms.

#### Changes of assumptions:

Postretirement mortality changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disableds set-forward one year (male only rates), with no projection of future mortality improvement.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS:	FMA Voluntary Acquisition	Unified TIF	Hotel/ Motel Tax
Cash	\$18,060	\$ 41,918	\$ 25,595
Investments	-	450,000	-
Receivables:		100,000	
Property taxes	_	16,538	_
Succeeding year property taxes	_		_
Accrued interest	_	951	_
Special assessments - current	_	15,683	_
Succeeding year special assessments	_	62,732	_
Accounts (net)	_	-	_
Due from other funds	_	48,364	203,311
Due from state government	_	-	
Due from federal government	_	_	_
Restricted assets:			
Cash	_	_	_
Investments	_	_	_
Accrued interest	_	_	_
Total assets	\$18,060	\$636,186	\$228,906
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 80,066	\$110,037
Salaries payable	· _	_	-
Contracts payable	_	_	_
Due to other funds	_	_	_
Due to state government	_	_	_
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 80,066	\$110,037
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Succeeding year property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Succeeding year special assessments	_	62 <b>,</b> 732	_
Total deferred inflows of		02/132	
resources	\$ -	\$ 62 <b>,</b> 732	\$ -
165641665	<u>+</u>	<del>+ 02//32</del>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred			
inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	\$142 <b>,</b> 798	\$110,037
FUND BALANCES:			
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	18,060	493,388	118,869
Assigned	-	_	-
Unassigned	_	_	_
Total fund balances	\$18,060	\$493,388	\$118,869
Total liabilities, deferred inflo		6636 106	6000 000
of resources and fund balances	<u>\$18,060</u>	<u>\$636,186</u>	<u> \$228,906</u>

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

(continued)

Police Retirement	Fire Retirement	Employee Retirement	Library Trust	MacNider Museum Foundation	Other Special Revenue
\$ 2,593,899	\$ <b>-</b> 2,373,072	\$ 68,677 -	\$ 85,394 405,147	\$ 66,630 693,207	\$ 123 <b>,</b> 150
5,406 686,530 1,253	3,364 415,557 1,383	15,416 483,293	- - 719	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,433 - 2,394
- - - \$3,287,088	- - - \$2,793,376	- - - \$567,386	- - - \$491,260	- - - <u>\$759,837</u>	- - - \$ 128,977
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 363	\$ -	\$ 17,650
98,879 - \$ 98,879	50,696 - \$ 50,696	- - - \$ -	- - - \$ 363	- - - - \$ -	255,108 412 \$ 273,170
\$ 686,530	\$ 415,557 -	\$483 <b>,</b> 293	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
\$ 686,530	\$ 415,557	\$483,293	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -
\$ 785,409	\$ 466,253	\$483 <b>,</b> 293	\$ 363	\$ -	<u>\$ 273,170</u>
\$ - 2,501,679 -	\$ - 2,327,123 -	\$ - 84,093 -	\$ - 490,897	\$ - - 759,837	\$ - 53,955 60,952 (259,100)
\$2,501,679 \$3,287,088	\$2,327,123 \$2,793,376	\$ 84,093 \$567,386	\$490,897 \$491,260	\$759,837 <b>\$759,837</b>	\$ (144,193) \$ 128,977

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Total Special Revenue	Local Option Capital Improvement	River City Renaissance
ASSETS:			
Cash	\$ 429,424	\$ 16 <b>,</b> 160	\$362 <b>,</b> 230
Investments	6,515,325	1,100,000	_
Receivables:			
Property taxes	40,724	-	_
Succeeding year property taxes	1,585,380	-	_
Accrued interest	4,306	358	_
Special assessments - current	15 <b>,</b> 683	-	_
Succeeding year special assessments	62 <b>,</b> 732	-	_
Accounts (net)	-	-	_
Due from other funds	255 <b>,</b> 108	149 <b>,</b> 574	_
Due from state government	-	183 <b>,</b> 809	_
Due from federal government	2,394	-	-
Restricted assets:			
Cash	-	-	_
Investments	-	-	-
Accrued interest			
Total assets	<u>\$8,911,076</u>	<u>\$1,449,901</u>	<u>\$362,230</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 208 <b>,</b> 117	\$ 54 <b>,</b> 002	\$ 4,172
Salaries payable	-	_	-
Contracts payable	-	70 <b>,</b> 539	-
Due to other funds	404,682	_	-
Due to state government	412		
Total liabilities	\$ 613,211	\$ 124,541	\$ 4,172
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Succeeding year property tax	\$1,585,380	\$ -	\$ -
Succeeding year special assessments	62,732		
Total deferred inflows of			
resources	\$1,648,112	\$ -	<u>\$ –</u>
Total liabilities and deferred			
inflows of resources	\$2,261,323	\$ 124,541	\$ 4,172
FUND BALANCES:			
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	5,597,167	1,325,360	358,058
Assigned	1,311,686	_	_
Unassigned	<u>(259,100</u> )		
Total fund balances	\$6,649,753	\$1,325,360	\$358,058
Total liabilities, deferred inflo	ows		
of resources and fund balances	<u>\$8,911,076</u>	<u>\$1,449,901</u>	<u>\$362,230</u>

Total Capital Projects	Cemetery Perpetual Care	MacNider Museum Trust	Total Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental
\$ 378,390 1,100,000	\$ - -	\$332,781 625,000	\$ 332,781 625,000	\$ 1,140,595 8,240,325
- 358 - -	- - - -	- 982 - -	- 982 - -	40,724 1,585,380 5,646 15,683 62,732
149,574 183,809	103,782	- - -	103,782	508,464 183,809 2,394
- - - \$1,812,131	902 617,786 358 <b>\$722,828</b>	- - - <u>\$958,763</u>	902 617,786 358 <b>\$1,681,591</b>	902 617,786 358 <b>\$12,404,798</b>
\$ 58,174 - 70,539 - - \$ 128,713	\$ - - 157,655 - \$157,655	\$ - - - - - \$ -	\$ - - 157,655 - \$ 157,655	\$ 266,291 70,539 562,337 412 \$ 899,579
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 1,585,380 62,732
\$ <u>-</u> \$ 128,713	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$157,655</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ -</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ 157,655	\$ 1,648,112 \$ 2,547,691
\$ - 1,683,418 - - \$1,683,418	\$ - 565,173 - - \$565,173	\$693,207 265,556 - - \$958,763	\$ 693,207 830,729 - - \$1,523,936	\$ 693,207 8,111,314 1,311,686 (259,100) \$ 9,857,107
<u>\$1,812,131</u>	<u>\$722,828</u>	<u>\$958,763</u>	<u>\$1,681,591</u>	\$12,404,798

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	FMA		
	Voluntary	Unified	Hotel/
	Acquisition	TIF	Motel Tax
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TIF revenues	-	1,213,704	_
Other taxes	-	-	697 <b>,</b> 610
Intergovernmental	-	-	_
Charges for services	-	-	_
Use of money and property	-	6,476	_
Special assessments	-	15 <b>,</b> 683	_
Miscellaneous	-	-	_
Total revenues		\$1,235,863	\$697,610
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public works	_	-	_
Health & social services	_	-	_
Culture & recreation	_	-	_
Community & economic development	240	851 <b>,</b> 346	_
General government	_	-	568 <b>,</b> 336
Capital projects	_	-	_
Total expenditures	\$ 240	\$ 851,346	\$568,336
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$ (240)	\$ 384,517	\$129 <b>,</b> 274
over (ander) empendred	<u>+ (210</u> )	4 001/01/	<u> </u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers in	-	_	<del>-</del>
Transfers out		<u>(676,382</u> )	(95,000)
Total other financing sources-	Ċ	¢ (C7C 202)	¢ (0F 000)
(uses)	<u>\$</u> –	\$ (676 <b>,</b> 382)	<u>\$(95,000</u> )
Net change in fund balances	\$ (240)	\$ (291,865)	\$ 34,274
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year	18,300	785 <b>,</b> 253	84,595
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$18,060</u>	<u>\$ 493,388</u>	<u>\$118,869</u>

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

(continued)

Police Retirement	Fire Retirement	Employee Retirement	Library Trust	MacNider Museum Foundation	Other Special Revenue
\$ 671,816	\$ 418,025	\$513,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
_	-	-	_	_	-
_	_	_	(750)	_	230,600
_	_	_	6 <b>,</b> 607	_	37 <b>,</b> 078
(27,664)	(44,677)	_	(10,700)	106,170	32 <b>,</b> 860
-	-	-	-	_	_
			68,866	28,853	2,338
\$ 644,152	\$ 373,348	<u>\$513,494</u>	\$ 65,523	<u>\$135,023</u>	<u>\$ 302,876</u>
\$ 795,337 - - - - - \$ 795,337 \$ (151,185)	\$ 516,893 - - - - - - \$ 516,893 \$ (143,545)	\$168,017 50,846 8,922 108,406 36,789 131,265 	\$ - - 46,762 - 3,756 \$ 50,518	\$ - - 58,898 - - - \$ 58,898	\$ - - 36,447 422,638 - 4,309 \$ 463,394 \$ (160,518)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	_	337
			(8,123)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,123)	\$ -	\$ 337
\$ (151,185)	\$ (143,545)	\$ 9,249	\$ 6,882	\$ 76,125	\$(160,181)
2,652,864	2,470,668	74,844	484,015	683,712	15,988
<u>\$2,501,679</u>	\$2,327,123	\$ 84,093	<u>\$490,897</u>	<u>\$759,837</u>	<u>\$ (144,193</u> )

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Total Special Revenue	Local Option Capital Improvement	River City Renaissance
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$1,603,335	\$ -	\$ -
TIF revenues	1,213,704	_	_
Other taxes	697 <b>,</b> 610	1,949,507	_
Intergovernmental	231,350	186,672	_
Charges for services	43,685	_	_
Use of money and property	62,465	6,631	_
Special assessments	15,683	_	_
Miscellaneous	100,057	17,598	<u></u> _
Total revenues	\$3,967,889	\$2,160,408	\$ -
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public safety	\$1,480,247	\$ -	\$ -
Public works	50,846	_	_
Health & social services	8 <b>,</b> 922	_	_
Culture & recreation	250,513	_	_
Community & economic development	1,311,013	_	383 <b>,</b> 974
General government	699 <b>,</b> 601	_	_
Capital projects	8 <b>,</b> 065	2,296,731	_
Total expenditures	\$3,809,207	\$2,296,731	\$ 383,974
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ 158,682</u>	<u>\$ (136,323</u> )	<u>\$(383,974</u> )
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ 90,000	\$ -
Transfers in	337	150,000	400,000
Transfers out	(779 <b>,</b> 505)	(661,608)	_
Total other financing sources	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(uses)	\$ (779,168)	\$ (421,608)	\$ 400,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (620,486)	\$ (557,931)	\$ 16,026
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year	7,270,239	1,883,291	342,032
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$6,649,753</u>	\$1,325,360	\$ 358,058

Total Capital Projects	Cemetery Perpetual Care	MacNider Museum Trust	Total Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental
\$ - 1,949,507 186,672 - 6,631 - 17,598 \$2,160,408	\$ - - - 7,510 - - - \$ 7,510	\$ - - - - 6,482 - 45,048 \$ 51,530	\$ - - 7,510 6,482 - 45,048 \$ 59,040	\$ 1,603,335 1,213,704 2,647,117 418,022 51,195 75,578 15,683 162,703 \$ 6,187,337
\$ - - 383,974 - 2,296,731 \$2,680,705	\$ - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - \$	\$	\$ 1,480,247 50,846 8,922 250,513 1,694,987 699,601 2,304,796 \$ 6,489,912
\$ (520,297)	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 510	<u>\$ 51,530</u>	<u>\$ 59,040</u>	\$ (302,57 <u>5</u> )
\$ 90,000 550,000 (661,608)	\$ - - -	\$ - - (33,454)	\$ - (33,454)	\$ 90,000 550,337 (1,474,567)
\$ (21,608)	\$ -	\$(33,454)	\$ (33,454)	\$ (834,230)
\$ (541,905)	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 510	\$ 18,076	\$ 25,586	\$(1,136,805)
2,225,323	557,663	940,687	1,498,350	10,993,912
\$1,683,418	<u>\$565,173</u>	<u>\$958,763</u>	<u>\$1,523,936</u>	<u>\$ 9,857,107</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY

## UNIFIED TIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

			Variance With Budget
	Final	7 atus 1	Positive
REVENUES:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
TIF revenues	\$1,202,659	\$1,213,704	\$ 11,045
Charges for services	5,000	71,213,701	(5,000)
Use of money & property	-	6,476	6 <b>,</b> 476
Special assessments	_	15,683	15,683
Total revenues	\$1,207,659	\$1,235,863	\$ 28,204
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Community & economic development:			
Contractual	\$ -	\$ 851,346	\$ (851,346)
Other	1,680,276	<u> </u>	1,680,276
Total expenditures	\$1,680,276	\$ 851,346	\$ 828,930
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	\$ (472,617)	\$ 384,517	\$ 857,134
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of bonds	\$1,150,000	\$ -	\$(1,150,000)
Transfers out	(677,383)	(676, 382)	1,001
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 472 <b>,</b> 617	<u>\$ (676,382</u> )	\$(1,148,999)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (291,865)	\$ (291,865)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		785,253	785,253
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 493,388</u>	<u>\$ 493,388</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Other taxes	\$ 562,500	\$ 697,610	\$ 135 <b>,</b> 110
<pre>EXPENDITURES: Operating:   General government:</pre>			
Contractual	\$ 262 <b>,</b> 500	\$ 240,349	\$ 22 <b>,</b> 151
Other	250,000	327,987	(77 <b>,</b> 987)
Total expenditures	\$ 512,500	\$ 568,336	\$ (55,836)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 50,000	\$ 129 <b>,</b> 274	\$ 79 <b>,</b> 274
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	\$(110,250)	\$ (95,000)	\$ 15,250
Net change in fund balance	\$ (60,250)	\$ 34,274	\$ 94,524
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		84,595	84,595
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ (60,250</u> )	<u>\$ 118,869</u>	<u>\$ 179,119</u>

## POLICE RETIREMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

			Variance With Budget
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 625 <b>,</b> 042	\$ 671,816	\$ 46,774
Other taxes	19,900	_	(19,900)
Intergovernmental	27,708	_	(27 <b>,</b> 708)
Use of money and property:			
Interest on investments	100,000	(27,664)	<u>(127,664</u> )
Total revenues	\$ 772 <b>,</b> 650	\$ 644,152	\$ (128,498)
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public safety:			
Pension contributions	\$ 772 <b>,</b> 550	\$ 795 <b>,</b> 337	\$ (22,787)
Commodities	100	γ 133 <b>,</b> 331	100
Total expenditures	\$ 772,650	\$ 795,337	\$ (22,687)
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (151,185)	\$ (151,185)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		2,652,864	2,652,864
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,501,679</u>	<u>\$2,501,679</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA FIRE RETIREMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final		Variance With Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 401,302	\$ 418,025	\$ 16 <b>,</b> 723
Intergovernmental	17,241	_	(17,241)
Use of money and property:			
Interest on investments	80,000	<u>(44,677</u> )	<u>(124,677</u> )
Total revenues	\$ 498,543	\$ 373,348	<u>\$ (125,195</u> )
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b> Operating:			
Public safety:			
Pension contributions	\$ 498,443	\$ 516 <b>,</b> 893	\$ (18,450)
Commodities	100		100
Total expenditures	\$ 498,543	\$ 516,893	\$ (18,350)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (143,545)	\$ (143,545)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		2,470,668	2,470,668
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$2,327,123	<u>\$2,327,123</u>

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual_	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 479 <b>,</b> 506	\$ 513 <b>,</b> 494	\$ 33 <b>,</b> 988
Other taxes	9 <b>,</b> 255	-	(9 <b>,</b> 255)
Intergovernmental	<u> </u>		<u>(20,998</u> )
Total revenues	\$ 509,759	\$ 513,494	\$ 3,735
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Public safety	\$ 155 <b>,</b> 505	\$ 168,017	\$ (12,512)
Public works	55 <b>,</b> 387	50 <b>,</b> 846	4,541
Health & social services	9,479	8,922	557
Culture & recreation	119,242	108,406	10,836
Community & economic development	36,982	36,789	193
General government	133,164	131,265	1,899
Total expenditures	\$ 509,759	\$ 504,245	\$ 5,514
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 9,249	\$ 9,249
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		74,844	74,844
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 84,093</u>	\$ 84,093

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA LIBRARY TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## LIBRARY TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

# BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 750	\$ 750
Charges for service	2,500	6 <b>,</b> 607	4,107
Use of money and property	10,000	(10,700)	(20 <b>,</b> 700)
Miscellaneous	81,500	68,866	(12,634)
Total revenues	\$94,000	\$ 65,523	<u>\$(28,477</u> )
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Culture & recreation:			
Contractual	\$62 <b>,</b> 877	\$ 36,666	\$ 26,211
Commodities	7,000	10,096	(3,096)
Other	16,000	-	16,000
Total culture & recreation	<u>\$85,877</u>	\$ 46,762	\$ 39,115
Capital projects	_	3 <b>,</b> 756	(3,756)
Total expenditures	\$85,877	\$ 50,518	\$ 35,359
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	\$ 8,123	\$ 15,005	\$ 6,882
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	\$ 8,123	\$ 8,123	\$ <u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 6,882	\$ 6,882
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		484,015	484,015
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$490,897</u>	<u>\$490,897</u>

## $22^{\text{ND}}$ Street buyout special revenue fund

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final		Variance With Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
<pre>Intergovernmental:</pre>			
Federal assistance	\$ 890,656	\$149 <b>,</b> 079	\$(741,577)
Miscellaneous	<u>157,175</u>		<u>(157,175</u> )
Total revenues	\$1,047,831	\$149 <b>,</b> 079	<u>\$(898,752</u> )
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Community & economic development:			
Personal service	\$ 28,190	\$ 2 <b>,</b> 637	\$ 25 <b>,</b> 553
Contractual	1,001,891	164,732	837,159
Commodities	17,750	115	17,635
Total expenditures	\$1,047,831	\$167,484	\$ 880,347
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	\$ -	\$(18,405)	\$ (18,405)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	_	337	337
ildusters in	<del>_</del> _		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$(18,068)	\$ (18,068)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year	_	19,914	19,914
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<del></del>	<del></del>
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,846</u>	<u>\$ 1,846</u>

## SOFTBALL IMPROVEMENT TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final		Variance With Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES: Charges for services Use of money and property Total revenues	\$27,000 - \$27,000	\$ 797 _12,760 \$13,557	\$ (26,203) 12,760 \$ (13,443)
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Culture & recreation:			
Personal service	\$ 2 <b>,</b> 500	\$ 2 <b>,</b> 083	\$ 417
Contractual	1,300	-	1,300
Commodities	18,000	14,861	3,139
Total culture & recreation	<u>\$21,800</u>	\$16,944	\$ 4,856
Capital projects	5 <b>,</b> 200	2,370	2,830
Total expenditures	\$27,000	\$19,314	\$ 7,686
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$(5,757)	\$ (5,757)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		(1,907)	(1,907)
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$(7,664</u> )	<u>\$ (7,664</u> )

# YOUTH SOFTBALL COMPLEX TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

			Variance With Budget
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
Charges for services	\$37,100	\$36,281	\$ (819)
Use of money and property	<u>-</u> _	20,100	20,100
Total revenues	<u>\$37,100</u>	<u>\$56,381</u>	<u>\$19,281</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Culture & recreation:			
Contractual	\$ 4,600	\$ 3,018	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 582
Commodities	25,000	16,485	8,515
Total culture & recreation	\$29,600	\$19,503	\$10,097
Capital projects	_	1,939	(1,939)
Total expenditures	\$29,600	\$21,442	\$ 8,158
Net change in fund balance	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 500	\$34,939	\$27 <b>,</b> 439
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , ,	, ,
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		33,677	33,677
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	\$68,616	<u>\$61,116</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CITY ADMINISTERED GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES FYDERNOTTURES AND CHANCES IN FUND BA

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

			Variance With Budget
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
<pre>Intergovernmental:</pre>			
Federal assistance	\$100 <b>,</b> 000	\$ 5,314	\$(94,686)
Miscellaneous	<b>5,</b> 000	<u>1,988</u>	(3,012)
Total revenues	\$105 <b>,</b> 000	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 302	<u>\$(97,698</u> )
EXPENDITURES: Operating: Community & economic development: Contractual Commodities Total expenditures	\$104,000 1,000 \$105,000	\$ - <u>-</u> \$ -	\$104,000 1,000 \$105,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 7,302	\$ 7,302
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		<u>(7,302</u> )	<u>(7,302</u> )
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

# BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Variance
	Final		With Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:			<u> </u>
<pre>Intergovernmental:</pre>			
Federal assistance	\$165 <b>,</b> 875	\$ 76 <b>,</b> 207	\$(89 <b>,</b> 668)
Miscellaneous	10,000	350	(9,650)
Total revenues	<u>\$175,875</u>	\$ 76 <b>,</b> 557	\$(99,318)
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Community & economic development:			
Personal service	\$ 10 <b>,</b> 375	\$ 3,566	\$ 6,809
Contractual	165,500	64,445	101,055
Commodities		496	(496)
Total expenditures	\$175,875	\$ 68,507	<u>\$107,368</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 8,050	\$ 8,050
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		(11,445)	(11,445)
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,395</u> )	<u>\$ (3,395</u> )

#### LHAP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET TO ACTUAL

REVENUES:	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
<pre>Intergovernmental:</pre>			
Entitlement funds	<u>\$6,000</u>	\$ -	<u>\$(6,000</u> )
<pre>EXPENDITURES: Operating:    Community &amp; economic development:     Contractual</pre>	<u>\$6,000</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 6,000</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		8,950	8,950
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$8,950</u>	\$ 8,950

## DEBT SERVICE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET TO ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Property tax	\$ 2,885,964	\$3,062,413	\$ 176 <b>,</b> 449
Other taxes	53 <b>,</b> 652	-	(53 <b>,</b> 652)
Use of money and property	-	8,270	8 <b>,</b> 270
Miscellaneous	84,500		(84,500)
Total revenues	\$ 3,024,116	\$3,070,683	\$ 46,567
EXPENDITURES:			
Debt service:			
Principal redemption	\$ 4,949,801	\$3,425,000	\$1,524,801
Interest payments	-	587 <b>,</b> 989	(587 <b>,</b> 989)
Contractual	98,500	42,211	56 <b>,</b> 289
Total expenditures	\$ 5,048,301	\$4,055,200	\$ 993,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$(2,024,185)	\$ (984,517)	<u>\$1,039,668</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ 78 <b>,</b> 770	\$ 78 <b>,</b> 770
Discount on bonds issued	-	379	379
Transfers in	1,902,482	950 <b>,</b> 112	(952 <b>,</b> 370)
Transfers out		<u>(9,500</u> )	(9,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 1,902,482	\$1,019,761	\$ (882,721)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (121,703)	\$ 35,244	\$ 156,947
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		231,420	231,420
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	\$ (121,703)	\$ 266,664	<u>\$ 388,367</u>

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

# LOCAL OPTION CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Other taxes Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,880,000 - - - \$ 1,880,000	\$1,949,507 186,672 6,631 17,598 \$2,160,408	\$ 69,507 186,672 6,631 17,598 \$ 280,408
EXPENDITURES: Capital projects	\$ 3,100,400	\$2,296,731	\$ 803,669
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$(1,220,400)	\$ (136,323)	\$1,084,077
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of general obligation bonds Transfers in Transfers out	\$ 10,000 - (647,077)	\$ 90,000 150,000 (661,608)	\$ 80,000 150,000 (14,531)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (637,077)	\$ (421,608)	\$ 215,469
Net change in fund balance	\$(1,857,477)	\$ (557,931)	\$1,299,546
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		1,883,291	1,883,291
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ (1,857,477</u> )	<u>\$1,325,360</u>	\$3,182,837

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA RIVER CITY RENAISSANCE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

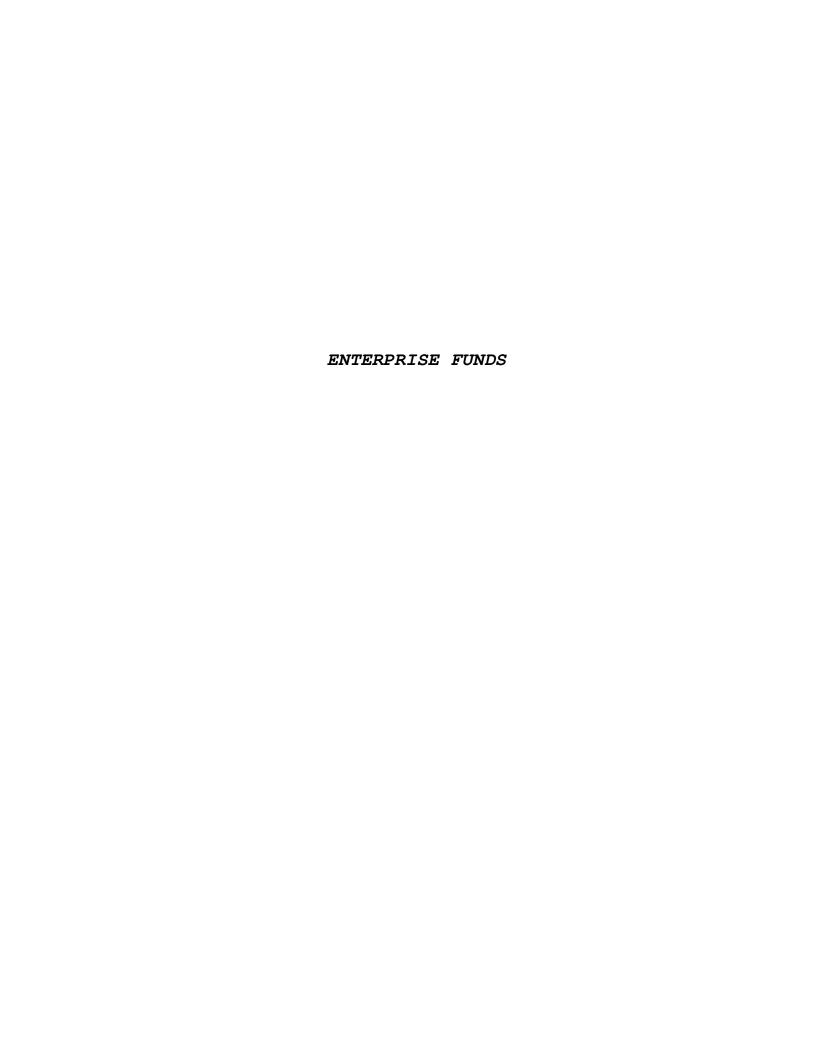
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: None	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -
EXPENDITURES: Operating: Public works:			
Contractual Total public works	\$ <u>-</u> \$ -	\$ 383,974 \$ 383,974	\$ (383,974) \$ (383,974)
Capital projects  Total expenditures	7,000,000 \$ 7,000,000	\$ 383,974	7,000,000 \$ 6,616,026
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$(7,000,000)	\$(383 <b>,</b> 97 <u>4</u> )	\$ 6,616,026
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Issuance of general obligation bonds Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 400,000 7,000,000 \$ 7,400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ - \(\frac{(7,000,000)}{\\$(7,000,000)}\)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 400,000	\$ 16,026	\$ (383,974)
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year		342,032	342,032
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	\$ 400,000	<u>\$ 358,058</u>	<u>\$ (41,942</u> )

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

#### MACNIDER MUSUEM TRUST PERMANENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,482	\$ 1,482
Miscellaneous	30,000	45,048	15,048
Total revenues	\$35,000	\$ 51,530	\$ 16,530
EXPENDITURES:			
Operating:			
Culture & recreation:			
Commodities	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ 35,000
Capital projects	_	_	_
Total expenditures	\$35,000	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 35,000
-	<u>·                                      </u>	<u>-i</u> -	<u></u> ,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 51,530	\$ 51,530
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	\$ -	\$(33,454)	\$(33,454)
			, <u></u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 18,076	\$ 18 <b>,</b> 076
Fund balance (deficit) beginning of year	_	940,687	940,687
rund barance (deficie) beginning of year		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balance (deficit) end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$958,763</u>	<u>\$958,763</u>



# CITY OF MASON CITY NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Cemetery	Storm Sewer
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 32,931	\$ 100,627
Investments	-	310,000
Receivables:		
Property taxes	1,903	_
Succeeding year property taxes	156,262	_
Accounts (net)	25 <b>,</b> 451	33,652
Accrued interest	-	565
Inventory	4,470	_
Due from other funds	157 <b>,</b> 655	_
Prepaid insurance	1,034	
Total current assets	\$ 379,706	\$ 444,844
Noncurrent assets:		
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land	\$ -	\$ -
Buildings	47 <b>,</b> 699	_
Equipment	193 <b>,</b> 623	24,728
Sewer lines and lifts	-	5,457,189
Improvements	624 <b>,</b> 929	_
Vehicles	76 <b>,</b> 006	_
Construction in progress	7 <b>,</b> 502	692 <b>,</b> 488
Total property, plant and equipment	\$ 949,759	\$ 6,174,405
Less accumulated depreciation	(586 <b>,</b> 076)	(2,793,406)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 363,683	\$ 3,380,999
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension related deferred outflows	\$ 42,563	\$ -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 785,952</u>	\$ 3,825,843

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (continued)

Solid Waste	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Ambulance	Total
\$ 98,418 200,000	\$ 11,385 -	\$ - -	\$ 101,687 400,000	\$ 345,048 910,000
- 160,691 78 - - 496 \$ 459,683	8,180 39 5,287 - 1,790 \$ 26,681	1,787 - - - - - \$ 1,787	590,694 313 71,170 150,997 1,868 \$1,316,729	1,903 156,262 820,455 995 80,927 308,652 5,188 \$ 2,629,430
\$ - 461,278 12,606 - 909,410 - \$1,383,294 (860,029) \$ 523,265	\$ 196,813 633,988 453,185 - 105,620 34,586 - \$1,424,192 (778,625) \$ 645,567	\$4,143,120 - - 2,584,991 13,000 - \$6,741,111 (2,597,949) \$4,143,162	\$ - 425,272 630,584 - 1,168,954 - \$2,224,810 (1,036,224) \$1,188,586	\$ 4,339,933 1,568,237 1,314,726 5,457,189 3,315,540 2,201,956 699,990 \$18,897,571 (8,652,309) \$10,245,262
\$ 124,833 \$1,107,781	\$ 58,889 \$ 731,137	\$ 8,815 \$4,153,764	\$ 787,399 \$3,292,714	\$ 1,022,499 \$13,897,191

# CITY OF MASON CITY NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Cemetery	Storm Sewer
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 10,430	\$ 5,499
Salaries payable	9,397	_
Contracts payable	-	18 <b>,</b> 857
Compensated absences payable	11,978	_
Accrued interest payable	_	_
Due to other funds	103,782	_
Due to state government	_	_
Revenue bonds	_	_
Prepaid interments	24,566	_
Unearned Revenue	_	_
Total current liabilities	\$ 160,153	\$ 24,356
Long-term debt:		
Revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB obligation	13,829	8,356
Net pension liability	155,388	<u> </u>
Total long-term debt	\$ 169,217	\$ 8,356
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Succeeding year property taxes	\$ 156,262	\$ -
Pension related deferred inflows	5,859	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 162,121	\$ -
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of		
resources	\$ 491,491	\$ 32,712
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 363,683	\$3,380,999
Unrestricted	(69,222)	412,132
0111636116660	(03,222)	412,132
Total net position	<u>\$ 294,461</u>	\$3,793,131

Solid Waste	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Ambulance	Total
\$ 31,478	\$ 53,368	\$ 1,591	\$ 70,375	\$ 172,741
26 <b>,</b> 796	12,498	1,978 -	43 <b>,</b> 697	94,366 18,857
39,113	19,996	7,447	80,137	158,671
_	_	_	185	185
_	-	150 <b>,</b> 997	193	254 <b>,</b> 972
-	2,513	-	_	2,513
_	_	-	36,000	36,000
-	_	450	_	24,566
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	450	<u> </u>	450
\$ 97 <b>,</b> 387	\$ 88,375	\$ 63,161	\$ 230,587	\$ 763,321
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,000	\$ 144,000
63 <b>,</b> 626	10,617	5 <b>,</b> 670	61,095	163,193
461,409	215,958	31,855	1,955,001	2,819,611
\$525 <b>,</b> 035	<u>\$226,575</u>	\$ 37,525	\$2,160,096	\$ 3,126,804
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156 <b>,</b> 262
24,908	10,165	1,397	25 <b>,</b> 056	67,385
	<del></del>			
\$ 24,908	\$ 10,165	\$ 1,397	\$ 25,056	\$ 223,647
\$647 <b>,</b> 330	\$325 <b>,</b> 115	\$ 201,385	\$2,415,739	\$ 4,113,772
<del>4047,330</del>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ 201,303</u>	<u>42,413,733</u>	<del>Υ 4,113,772</del>
\$523 <b>,</b> 265	\$645 <b>,</b> 567	\$4,143,162	\$1,008,586	\$10,425,262
<u>(62,814</u> )	(239 <b>,</b> 545)	<u>(190,783</u> )	<u>(131,611</u> )	(281,843)
****	****	40 050 055	<b>A</b> 000 000	A 0 700 450
<u> \$460,451</u>	<u>\$406,022</u>	<u>\$3,952,379</u>	<u>\$876,975</u>	<u>\$ 9,783,419</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Cemetery	Storm Sewer
Operating revenues:	* 100 106	
Charges for service	\$ 109 <b>,</b> 126	\$ 293,194
Operating expenses:		
Business-type activities:		
Personal service	\$ 262 <b>,</b> 292	\$ 603
Contractual	14,674	_
Commodities	22,546	7,690
Other	4,840	_
Depreciation	<u>37,695</u>	184,245
Total operating expenses	\$ 342,047	\$ 192,538
Operating income (loss)	\$(232 <b>,</b> 921)	\$ 100,656
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes	\$ 147,450	\$ -
Intergovernmental	_	· _
Fines and forfeitures	_	_
Use of money and property	103,517	2,959
Miscellaneous	52 <b>,</b> 744	· –
Interest	_	_
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(3,115)	_
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	\$ 300,596	\$ 2,959
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ 67,675	\$ 103,615
Contributions and transfers:		
Transfers in	\$ 32 <b>,</b> 700	\$ -
Transfers out	-	(60,000)
Capital contributions	<u></u>	27,474
Total contributions and transfers	\$ 32,700	\$ (32,526)
Change in net position	\$ 100,375	\$ 71 <b>,</b> 089
Net position beginning of year	194,086	3,722,042
Net position end of year	\$ 294,461	<u>\$3,793,131</u>

Solid Waste	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Ambulance	Total
\$1,425,925	<u>\$ 360,825</u>	\$ 6,377	\$1,804,627	\$4,000,074
\$ 832,161 360,462 87,338 - 70,024 \$1,349,985	\$ 259,755 41,389 100,770 9,311 39,890 \$ 451,115	\$ 64,446 72,644 750 - 320 \$ 138,160	\$1,311,705 256,990 137,752 71,589 204,228 \$1,982,264	\$2,730,962 746,159 356,846 85,740 536,402 \$4,456,109
\$ 75,940	\$ (90,290)	\$ (131,783)	\$ (177,637)	\$ (456,035)
\$ - 216 870 1,444 - \$ 2,530 \$ 78,470	\$ - 31,767 2,129 - \$ 33,896 \$ (56,394)	\$ - 30,459 - - - \$ 30,459 \$ (101,324)	\$ - 3,149 57,607 (1,747) - \$ 59,009 \$ (118,628)	\$ 147,450 216 30,459 142,262 113,924 (1,747) (3,115) \$ 429,449 \$ (26,586)
\$ - - - \$ -	\$ 14,678 - - \$ 14,678	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ 47,378 (60,000) 27,474 \$ 14,852
\$ 78,470	\$ (41,716)	\$ (101,324)	\$ (118,628)	\$ (11,734)
381,981	447,738	4,053,703	995,603	9,795,153
<u>\$ 460,451</u>	\$ 406,022	<u>\$3,952,379</u>	<u>\$ 876,975</u>	<u>\$9,783,419</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Cemetery	Storm Sewer
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from customers	\$ 98,594	\$ 293 <b>,</b> 732
Cash paid to employees for services	(260, 405)	- 233 <b>,</b> 732
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services	(33,274)	319,125
Cash received (paid) for miscellaneous items	47,904	
Net cash provided (used) by operating		
activities	<u>\$(147<b>,</b>181</u> )	\$ 612,857
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Proceeds from property tax levy	\$ 147,226	\$ -
Transfers in	32,700	_
Transfers out		(60,000)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	\$ 179 <b>,</b> 926	\$ (60,000)
rinancing accivities	<u>Ψ 179,920</u>	<u> </u>
<pre>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:</pre>		
Acquisition of capital assets	\$ (66,285)	\$ (294,733)
Proceeds from bonds	-	- (231 <b>)</b> (33)
Interest paid on bonds	_	_
Net cash used for capital and		
related financing activities	\$ (66,285)	<u>\$ (294,733</u> )
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of investments	\$ 50	\$ -
Purchase of investments	_	(160,000)
Interest received	17,682	2,503
Rent received on investment property		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 17 <b>,</b> 732	\$ (157,497)
activities	<u>Ψ 17,732</u>	<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (15,808)	\$ 100,627
Cash beginning of year	48,739	
Cash end of year	<u>\$ 32,931</u>	<u>\$ 100,627</u>
Noncash capital, investing and financing		
activities:		
Contributions of capital assets from		
outside sources	\$ -	<u>\$ 27,474</u>

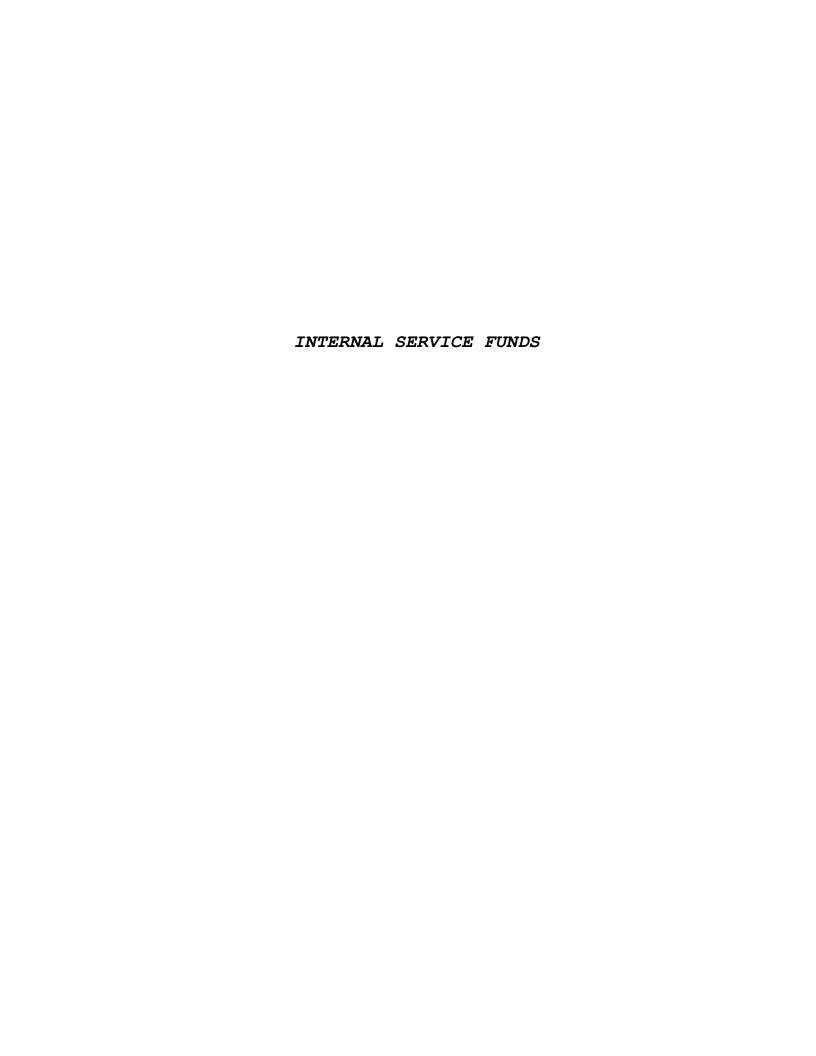
(continued)

Solid Waste	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Ambulance	Total
\$1,427,485 (825,755) (414,777) 1,660	\$ 360,825 (255,878) (140,608) 2,664	\$ 7,317 (64,596) 26,820 30,459	\$ 1,926,544 (1,260,355) (615,071) 57,607	\$ 4,114,497 (2,669,989) (857,785) 140,294
\$ 185,613	\$ (32,997)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 108,725	\$ 727,017
\$ - - -	\$ - 14,678 \$ -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 147,226 47,378 (60,000)
\$ -	\$ 14,678	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 134,604
\$	\$ (11,207) - -	\$ - - -	\$ (218,496) 180,000 (1,562)	\$ (590,721) 180,000 (1,562)
\$	<u>\$ (11,207)</u>		\$ (40,058)	\$ (412,283)
\$ - (100,000) 822 -	\$ - 2 31,726	\$ - - - -	\$ - (400,000) 2,912 -	\$ 50 (660,000) 23,921 31,726
\$ (99,178)	\$ 31,728	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (397,088)	\$ (604,303)
\$ 86,435	\$ 2,202	\$ -	\$ (328,421)	\$ (154,965)
11,983	9,183		430,108	500,013
\$ 98,418	<u>\$ 11,385</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 101,687	\$ 345,048
<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 27,474

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	<u>Cemetery</u>	Storm Sewer
Operating income (loss)	\$(232,921)	\$100,656
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		
to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	37 <b>,</b> 695	184,245
Miscellaneous income	52 <b>,</b> 744	_
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(6 <b>,</b> 749)	538
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(774)	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	-	331 <b>,</b> 380
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	(791)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(21 <b>,</b> 625)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts		
payable	5,511	(4,565)
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	977	_
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	1,472	_
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_	_
Increase (decrease) in due to state government	_	_
Increase (decrease) in prepaid interments	(3,783)	_
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	_	_
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(1,057)	603
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	29,144	_
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(7,024)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating		
activities	<u>\$(147,181</u> )	<u>\$612,857</u>

Solid Waste	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Ambulance	Total
\$ 75,940	\$(90,290)	\$(131,783)	\$(177,637)	\$(456,035)
70,024	39,890	320	204,228	536,402
1,660	2,129	30,459	57,607	144,599
1,560	_	490	121,917	117,756
-	(1,071)	-	1,253	(592)
36,046	_	-	(100, 115)	267,311
(52)	(1,091)	-	(1,868)	(3,802)
(61,206)	(29,428)	(4,512)	(345,822)	(462,593)
822	13,024	1,291	(47,735)	(31,652)
2,448	1,420	290	(5 <b>,</b> 201)	(66)
(4 <b>,</b> 113)	986	(1,652)	1,645	(1,662)
(3 <b>,</b> 793)	_	98 <b>,</b> 923	(275)	94 <b>,</b> 855
_	535	-	_	535
_	_	-	_	(3,783)
_	_	450	_	450
3 <b>,</b> 669	797	1,108	9,512	14,632
82 <b>,</b> 490	39,661	6 <b>,</b> 082	437,173	594 <b>,</b> 550
(19,882)	<u>(9,559</u> )	(1,466)	(45,957)	(83,888)
<u>\$185,613</u>	<u>\$ (32,997</u> )	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$108,725</u>	<u>\$ 727,017</u>



## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

Investments Receivables: Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	\$147,906 - - - - \$147,906	\$ 125,441 587,993 9,222 1,261,720 196 \$1,984,572	\$ 273,347 587,993 9,222 1,261,720 196
Cash Investments Receivables: Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	- - - -	587,993 9,222 1,261,720 196	587,993 9,222 1,261,720
Investments Receivables: Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	- - - -	587,993 9,222 1,261,720 196	587,993 9,222 1,261,720
Receivables: Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	- - - - \$147,906	9,222 1,261,720 196	9,222 1,261,720
Property taxes Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	- - - - \$147,906	1,261,720 196	1,261,720
Succeeding year property taxes Accrued interest	- - - \$147,906	1,261,720 196	1,261,720
Accrued interest	- - \$147,906	196	
	<u>+</u> \$147,906		196
Total current assets	\$147 <b>,</b> 906	\$1 <b>,</b> 984 <b>,</b> 572	
			\$2,132,478
Noncurrent assets:			
Property, plant and equipment:			
Equipment \$	\$122 <b>,</b> 786	\$ -	\$ 122 <b>,</b> 786
Vehicles _	85 <b>,</b> 174		85 <b>,</b> 174
	\$207 <b>,</b> 960	\$ -	\$ 207,960
Less accumulated depreciation (	<u>(181,656</u> )	<del>_</del>	<u>(181,656</u> )
Net property, plant and equipment $\frac{c}{c}$	\$ 26,304	\$ -	\$ 26,304
Total assets	\$174,210	\$1,984,572	\$2,158,782
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable \$	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 145	\$ 918,399	\$ 919,544
Salaries payable	7,033	_	7,033
Compensated absences payable	10,793	_	10,793
Unearned revenue _		7,865	7,865
Total current liabilities	\$ 18,971	\$ 926,264	\$ 945,235
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Succeeding year property taxes	\$ -	\$1,261,720	\$1,261,720
Total liabilities and deferred			
	\$ 18 <b>,</b> 971	\$2,187,984	\$2,206,955
NET POSITION:			
	\$ 26,304	\$ -	\$ 26,304
<u>-</u>	128,935	(203,412)	(74,477)
Total net position	\$155,23 <u>9</u>	<u>\$ (203,412</u> )	<u>\$ (48,173</u> )

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Central Services	Employee Health Care	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$251,943	\$ -	\$ 251,943
Health insurance contributions	_	3,308,275	3,308,275
Total operating revenues	\$251,943	\$3,308,275	\$3,560,218
Operating expenses:			
Business-type activities:			
Personal services	\$212 <b>,</b> 032	\$3 <b>,</b> 977 <b>,</b> 294	\$4,189,326
Contractual	9,861	-	9,861
Commodities	13,327	-	13,327
Other	-	-	-
Depreciation	6,755		<b>6,</b> 755
Total operating expenses	\$241,975	\$3,977,294	\$4,219,269
Operating income (loss)	\$ 9,968	\$ (669,019)	\$ (659,051)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$1,146,080	\$1,146,080
Use of money and property		7,458	7,458
Total nonoperating revenues			
(expenses)	\$ -	\$1,153,538	\$1,153,538
Income (loss) before contributions			
and transfers	\$ 9,968	\$ 484,519	\$ 494,487
Contributions and transfers:			
Transfers out	\$ -	\$ (800 <b>,</b> 000)	<u>\$ (800,000</u> )
Change in net position	\$ 9,968	\$ (315,481)	\$ (305,513)
Net position beginning of year	145,271	112,069	257,340
Net position end of year	<u>\$155,239</u>	<u>\$ (203,412</u> )	<u>\$ (48,173</u> )

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Central Services	Employee Health Care	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from interfund charges	\$ 276 <b>,</b> 373	\$ 2,740,298	\$ 3,016,671
Cash received from employees and others	- (211 064)	566,559	566 <b>,</b> 559
Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid to other suppliers of	(211,064)	_	(211,064)
goods or services	(31,560)	_	(31,560)
Cash paid for health and life insurance	_	(4,002,659)	(4,002,659)
Net cash provided (used) by			
operating activities	\$ 33,749	\$ (695,802)	\$ (662 <b>,</b> 053)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Proceeds from property tax levy	\$ -	\$ 1,147,324	\$ 1,147,324
Transfers Out		(800,000)	(800,000)
Net cash provided by non-capital			
financing activities	<u>\$ –</u>	\$ 347,324	\$ 347,324
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Net acquisition of capital assets	<u>\$ (8,958</u> )	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (8,958)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000 (1,100,000)	\$ 1,250,000 (1,100,000)
Interest received		21,729	21,729
Net cash provided (used) by		<u> </u>	4 171 700
investing activities	\$ -	\$ 171,729	\$ 171,729
Net increase in cash	\$ 24,791	\$ (176,749)	\$ (151,958)
Cash beginning of year	<u>123,115</u>	302,190	425,305
Cash end of year	<u>\$ 147,906</u>	<u>\$ 125,441</u>	<u>\$ 273,347</u>
Noncash capital, investing and financing activities:  Decrease in fair market value of			
investments	\$ -	\$ 14,081	\$ 14,081

(continued)

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Central Services	Employee Health Care	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)			
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating			
Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 9,968	\$(669 <b>,</b> 019)	\$(659,051)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
(loss) to net cash from operating activities	•		
Depreciation and amortization expense	6 <b>,</b> 755	-	6 <b>,</b> 755
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in due from other			
funds	24,430	_	24,430
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	_	-	_
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(8 <b>,</b> 372)	(25 <b>,</b> 365)	(33 <b>,</b> 737)
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	831	-	831
Increase (decrease) in compensated absence:	s 137	_	137
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(1,418)	(1,418)
Net cash provided (used) by operating			
activities	<u>\$33,749</u>	<u>\$ (695,802</u> )	<u>\$ (662,053</u> )

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATIONS

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE JUNE 30, 2017

General capital assets:

Land	\$ 20,975,492
Buildings	23,806,610
Improvements	32,411,289
Equipment	6,459,088
Vehicles	9,344,080
Infrastructure	88,819,406
Construction in progress	6,621,587

Total general capital assets \$188,437,552

Investment in general capital assets by source: General fund

\$188,437,552

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2017

Function and Activity	Total	Land
Public Safety:		
Police	\$ 3,951,905	\$ 115,000
Fire	4,959,608	75 <b>,</b> 150
Civil Defense	225,118	-
Building	51 <b>,</b> 080	-
Inspectors	39,024	-
Neighborhood Services	821,657	
Total public safety	\$ 10,048,392	\$ 190,150
Public Works:		
Airport	\$ 30,733,392	\$ 1,725,891
Street	5,547,901	31,363
Infrastructure	90,559,472	-
Arborist	143,645	-
Engineer	109,643	-
Total public works	\$127,094,053	\$ 1,757,254
Health and Social Services:		
Youth Task Force	\$ 23,031	\$ -
Health	20,660	_
Human Rights	4,769	_
Total health and social services	\$ 48,460	\$ -
Culture and Recreation:		
Parks	\$ 31,343,982	\$19,014,588
Swimming Pool	3,242,882	_
Recreation	563,025	_
Library	10,078,085	13,500
Museum	1,747,618	
Band	2,881	_
Total culture and recreation	\$ 46,978,473	\$19,028,088
Community and Economic Development:		
Growth Development and Planning	\$ 11,026	\$ -
Transit	1,243,438	
Total community and economic development	\$ 1,254,464	\$ -
General Government:		
Mayor	\$ 3,836	\$ -
Council/Coffee room	3 <b>,</b> 758	-
Administrator	16,650	_
Finance	47,218	-
Clerk	3,920	-
City Hall	2,896,109	-
Safety Director	-	-
GIS	42,219	_
Total general government	\$ 3,013,710	\$ -
Total general capital assets	\$188,437,552	<u>\$20,975,492</u>

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

Buildings and Structures	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Infrastructure	Construction in Progress
\$ 1,773,156	\$ -	\$ 985,000	\$ 698,686	\$ -	\$ 380,063
914 <b>,</b> 799	148,187	918,580 225,118	2,902,892	_	_
_	_	14,809	36,271	_	_
_	_	10,001	29 <b>,</b> 023	-	-
791,991		<b>5,</b> 590	24,076		
\$ 3,479,946	\$ 148,187	\$2,159,098	\$3,690,948	\$ -	\$ 380,063
\$ 5,524,801	\$20,816,709	\$ 478,086	\$1,495,909	\$ -	\$ 691,996
1,537,257	215,910	890,432	2,872,939	_	_
_	_	7 215	126 220	88,819,406	1,740,066
_	_	7,315 42,709	136,330 66,934	_	_
\$ 7,062,058	\$21,032,619	\$1,418,542	\$4,572,112	\$88,819,406	\$2,432,062
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,031	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
_	_	4,391	16,269	_	_
	<u></u>	4,769			
\$ –	\$ -	\$ 32,191	\$ 16,269	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
\$ 962,422	\$ 7,553,871	\$1,160,903	\$ 196,865	\$ -	\$2,455,333
20,729	3,122,334	99,819	_	_	-
-	136,691	360,050	66,284	_	_
9,519,775 1,399,325	239,231 169,604	305,579 178,689	_	_	_
-	-	2,881	_	_	_
\$11,902,251	\$11,221,731	\$2,107,921	\$ 263,149	\$ -	\$2,455,333
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11 <b>,</b> 026	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
392,539	<u></u>	49,297	801,602	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$ 392,539	\$ -	\$ 60,323	\$ 801,602	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 836	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -
_	_	3,758	_	_	_
_	_	16,650	-	_	-
-	-	47,218	-	-	-
969 <b>,</b> 816	0 752	3,920 563,412	_	-	1,354,129
909 <b>,</b> 816	8 <b>,</b> 752	503,412 -		-	
_	_	42,219	_	_	_
\$ 969,816	\$ 8,752	\$ 681,013	\$ -		\$1,354,129
\$23,806,610	\$32,411,289	\$6,459,088	\$9,344,080	\$88,819,406	<u>\$6,621,587</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Function and Activity	Balance June 30, 2016
Function and Activity Public Safety:	June 30, 2016
Police	\$ 3,690,826
Fire	4,812,323
Civil Defense	225,118
Building	46,398
Inspectors	39,024
Neighborhood Services	821,657
Total public safety	\$ 9,635,346
	1 0/000/000
Public Works:	
Airport	\$ 28,423,591
Street	5,439,357
Infrastructure	87,750,148
Arborist	143,645
Engineer	212,312
Total public works	\$121,969,053
Harleh and Oraial Oranian	
Health and Social Services: Youth Task Force	\$ 23 021
Health	\$ 23,031
Human Rights	20,660
Total health and social services	4,769 \$ 48,460
Culture and Recreation:	\$ 48,460
Parks	\$ 8,906,594
Swimming Pool	3,247,022
Recreation	449,335
Library	10,082,535
Museum	1,727,477
Band	2,881
Total culture and recreation	\$ 24,415,844
Community and Economic Development:	
Growth Development and Planning	\$ 12 <b>,</b> 797
Transit	1,348,505
Total community and economic development	\$ 1,361,302
General Government:	ć 2.02 <i>C</i>
Mayor	\$ 3,836
Council/Coffee room Administrator	10,775
Finance	16,650
Clerk	55,697 3,920
City Hall	1,424,594
Safety Director	2,020
GIS	42,219
Total general government	\$ 1,559,711
Total general government	<u> </u>
Total Program & Activity	\$158,989,716
Construction in progress	21,692,343
Total general capital assets	<u>\$180,682,059</u>

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017
\$ 57,226 157,655 - 20,736	\$ 176,210 10,369 - 16,054	\$ 3,571,842 4,959,609 225,118 51,080
\$ 235,617	\$ 202,633	39,024 821,657 \$ 9,668,330
\$ 1,765,049 108,544 1,069,258	\$ 147,243 - - -	\$ 30,041,397 5,547,901 88,819,406 143,645
15,878 \$ 2,958,729	118,548 \$ 265,791	109,642 \$124,661,991
\$ - - - \$ -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 23,031 20,660 4,769 \$ 48,460
\$20,040,180 - 115,010	\$ 58,127 4,140 1,320	\$ 28,888,647 3,242,882 563,025
20,141 - \$20,175,331	4,449	10,078,086 1,747,618 2,881 \$ 44,523,139
\$ - -	\$ 1,771 105,068	\$ 11,026 1,243,437
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 106,839 \$ - 7,017	\$ 1,254,463 \$ 3,836 3,758
- - 117,386	8,478	16,650 47,219 3,920 1,541,980
\$ 117,386	2,020 - \$ 17,515	42,219 \$ 1,659,582
\$23,487,063	\$ 660,814	\$181,815,965
<u>\$30,332,928</u>	<u>\$22,577,435</u>	<u>\$188,437,552</u>

### STATISTICAL SECTION

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Mason City's comprehensive annual report presents detailed statistical information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	129-138
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	139-147
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	148-155
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	156-160
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	163-164

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 90,307,081	\$ 86,127,886	\$ 84,727,602	\$ 88,920,358
Restricted for:				
Museum funding	633,638	633 <b>,</b> 638	633,638	633,638
Bond retirement	266,664	231,420	202,580	28,884
Perpetual care	619,046	525 <b>,</b> 647	511,708	505 <b>,</b> 952
Unrestricted	6,735,253	11,222,406	11,276,131	20,354,057
Total governmental				
activities net position	<u>\$ 98,561,682</u>	<u>\$ 98,740,997</u>	<u>\$ 97,351,659</u>	\$110,442,889
Business-type activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 54,903,077	\$ 53,212,613	\$ 49,472,024	\$ 49,736,029
Restricted for:				
Bond retirement	2,719,918	2,783,610	2,861,234	2,854,605
Unrestricted	(330,714)	(579 <b>,</b> 255)	1,324,665	2,963,829
Total business-type				
activities net position	<u>\$ 57,292,281</u>	<u>\$ 55,416,968</u>	<u>\$ 53,657,923</u>	<u>\$ 55,554,463</u>
Primary government:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$145,210,158	\$139,340,499	\$134,199,626	\$138,656,387
Restricted for:				
Museum funding	633 <b>,</b> 638	633,638	633,638	633,638
Bond retirement	2,986,582	3,015,030	3,063,814	2,883,489
Perpetual care	619,046	525 <b>,</b> 647	511,708	505 <b>,</b> 952
Unrestricted	6,404,539	10,643,151	12,600,796	23,317,886
Total primary government				
net position	<u>\$155,853,963</u>	<u>\$154,157,965</u>	<u>\$151,009,582</u>	<u>\$165,997,352</u>

2013	2012	2011(1)	2010	2009	2008
\$ 88,508,650	\$ 84,438,764	\$ 78,121,123	\$ 67,769,666	\$ 60,958,677	\$ 54,151,661
633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638
- E11 000	E 27 102	E00 011	61,631	267,858	362,803
511,089 22,016,269	527,193 	509,011 20,613,538	505,269 21,388,087	486,855 	455,442 23,700,869
<u>\$111,669,646</u>	\$108,397,912	\$ 99,877,310	\$ 90,358,291	\$ 83,258,760	\$ 79,304,413
\$ 47,268,020	\$ 45,942,815	\$ 40,172,842	\$ 38,361,919	\$ 38,209,810	\$ 36,086,120
2,854,934 4,731,482	2,863,129 4,005,609	2,866,968 4,952,139	2,853,334 3,251,027	2,836,655 2,085,637	2,799,606 2,149,576
<u>\$ 54,854,436</u>	<u>\$ 52,811,553</u>	<u>\$ 47,991,949</u>	<u>\$ 44,466,280</u>	<u>\$ 43,132,112</u>	\$ 41,035,302
\$135,776,670	\$130,381,579	\$118,293,965	\$106,131,585	\$ 99,168,487	\$ 90,237,781
633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638	633,638
2,854,934	2,863,129	2,866,968	2,914,965	3,104,523	3,162,409
511,089	527,193	509,011	505,269	486,855	455,442
26,747,751	26,803,926	25,565,677	24,639,114	22,997,639	25,850,445
\$166,524,082	\$161,209,465	\$147,869,259	\$134,824,571	\$126,390,872	\$120,339,715

<sup>(1) 2011</sup> net position components have been adjusted to reflect the July 1, 2011 restatement.

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
Public safety	\$ 11,199,350	\$ 10,754,469	\$ 10,241,751	\$ 10,446,427
Public works	8,485,842	9,511,930	10,250,497	8,903,627
Health and social services	390,046	413,573	439,606	511,107
Culture and recreation	4,149,309	4,258,749	4,149,775	4,177,101
Community and economic	0 717 656	0 054 156	0 000 500	0 070 711
development	2,717,656	2,054,156	2,289,522	2,370,711
General government Interest on long-term debt	2,683,181	2,506,268	2,518,372	2,485,932
Total governmental	623,661	686,189	755,292	736,324
activities expenses	\$ 30,249,045	\$ 30,185,334	\$ 30,644,815	¢ 20 621 220
activities expenses	7 30,249,043	7 30,103,334	7 30,044,013	\$ 29,631,229
Business-type activities:				
Cemetery	\$ 352,923	\$ 356,153	\$ 331,137	\$ 325,879
Water	5,146,266	5,193,904	4,975,418	5,092,230
Sewer	3,725,216	3,739,623	3,749,185	3,741,731
Parking lots	141,304	134,594	128,181	136,465
Storm sewer	192 <b>,</b> 538	189,771	166,928	204,436
Solid waste	1,384,561	1,337,596	1,439,651	1,402,968
Golf course	457,069	467,724	445,611	446,921
Ambulance	2,017,871	1,907,191	1,712,861	1,721,519
Total business-type				
activities expenses	\$ 13,417,748	<u>\$ 13,326,556</u>	\$ 12,948,972	\$ 13,072,149
Total primary government	* 40 CCC F00	+ 40 F44 000	<b>.</b>	+ 10 700 070
expenses	<u>\$ 43,666,793</u>	<u>\$ 43,511,890</u>	<u>\$ 43,593,787</u>	<u>\$ 42,703,378</u>
<pre>Program Revenues: Governmental activities:</pre>				
Charges for services:				
Public safety	\$ 336,785	\$ 409,878	\$ 354,664	\$ 422,028
Culture and recreation	537,921	558,680	542,348	495,266
General government	348,218	372,314	344,976	304,320
Other activities	237,072	240,179	175,334	188,687
Operating grants and	, ,	•	.,	,
contributions	4,969,902	4,638,840	4,357,766	3,957,726
Capital grants and contributions	1,425,444	2,139,435	1,387,300	2,531,898
Total governmental activities	3			
program revenues	\$ 7,855,342	\$ 8,359,326	\$ 7,162,388	\$ 7,899,925
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:	<b>.</b>	<b>* F</b> 010 000	<b>.</b>	<b>*</b> = =0.0 000
Water	\$ 5,932,570	\$ 5,813,383		\$ 5,526,389
Sewer	4,597,032	4,295,594		
Other activities	4,030,533 7,740	4,062,132	4,173,545	3,688,887
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	232,870	171 576	_	_
Total business-type activities		471,576		
program revenues	\$ 14,800,745	\$ 14 642 685	\$ 14,107,827	\$ 13 350 560
Total primary government	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ 14,042,005</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
program revenues	\$ 22,656,087	\$ 23,002,011	\$ 21,270,215	\$ 21,250,485
• •				
Net (Expense) Revenues:				
Governmental activities	\$(22,393,703)	\$(21,826,008)	\$(23,482,427)	\$(21,731,304)
Business-type activities	1,382,997	1,316,129	1,158,855	278,411
Total primary government				
net (expense) / revenues	<u>\$(21,010,706</u> )	<u>\$(20,509,879</u> )	<u>\$(22,323,572</u> )	<u>\$ (21,452,893</u> )

(continued)

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 9,943,882	\$ 9,787,453	\$ 9,402,887	\$ 8,897,795	\$ 8,776,634	\$ 8,836,067
7,553,058	7,382,204	7,450,233	6,910,495	6,912,927	6,547,510
1,790,824	906,341	808,916	779,197	769,456	838,912
3,248,655	4,091,975	3,503,976	3,475,535	3,720,434	3,192,566
3,743,098	1,979,288	2,252,333	2,368,084	1,937,074	1,516,775
2,357,531	2,211,823	2,176,829	2,593,594	2,668,372	2,206,251
863,232	992,502	1,053,911	987,814	695,529	580 <b>,</b> 638
\$ 29,500,280	\$ 27,351,586	\$ 26,649,085	\$ 26,012,514	\$ 25,480,426	\$ 23,718,719
\$ 332,576	\$ 333 <b>,</b> 251	\$ 314,613	\$ 300,661	\$ 282,484	\$ 263,411
5,154,341	5,158,365	5,218,343	5,244,979	5,047,464	4,896,428
3,905,597	3,824,139	3,505,748	3,473,401	3,118,427	2,841,619
125,823	112,947	127,198	135,289	118,762	112,018
188,616	186,745	189,862	182,262	178,107	188,876
1,317,928	1,378,497	1,289,603	1,244,442	1,201,526	1,141,987
435,999	449,534	473,005	453 <b>,</b> 765	463,543	496,383
1,526,010	1,581,505	1,572,168	1,265,397	1,353,951	1,300,570
\$ 12,986,890	\$ 13,024,983	\$ 12,690,540	\$ 12,300,196	\$ 11,779,640	\$ 11,300,831
<u>\$ 42,487,170</u>	\$ 40,376,569	<u>\$ 39,339,625</u>	\$ 38,312,710	\$ 37,260,066	<u>\$ 35,019,550</u>
\$ 417,633	\$ 381,382	\$ 356,340	\$ 287,781	\$ 388,341	\$ 331,821
481,665	540,478	550,848	458,412	474,665	462,564
364,171	311,974	410,024	382 <b>,</b> 266	453,072	399 <b>,</b> 780
328,260	424 <b>,</b> 824	269,465	587 <b>,</b> 134	215,322	266,913
4,679,847	4,303,876	3,748,874	2,380,822	1,970,043	1,586,253
6,022,423	8,315,838	10,109,341	7,737,713	4,828,170	3,383,038
\$ 12,293,999	\$ 14,278,372	\$ 15,444,892	\$ 11,834,128	\$ 8,929,613	\$ 6,430,369
\$ 5,723,723	\$ 5,388,342	\$ 5,238,573	\$ 4,979,982	\$ 4,647,116	\$ 4,701,954
4,370,992	4,388,117	4,658,234	4,304,033	4,196,151	3,060,266
3,986,210	3,830,609	3,645,750	3,612,573	3,637,931	3,525,466
(46,721)	37,354	619,206	188,313	584,695	1 111 400
681,130	4,030,634	914,735	206,190	270,810	1,111,409
\$ 14,715,334	\$ 17,675,056	\$ 15,076,498	\$ 13,291,091	\$ 13,336,703	\$ 12,399,095
<u>\$ 27,009,333</u>	\$ 31,953,428	\$ 30,521,390	\$ 25,125,219	<u>\$ 21,666,316</u>	\$ 18,829,464
\$(17,206,287)	\$(13,073,214)	\$(11,204,193)	\$(14,178,386)	\$(17,150,813)	\$(17,288,350)
1,728,444	4,650,073	2,385,958	990,895	1,557,063	1,098,264
<u>\$(15,477,837</u> )	<u>\$ (8,423,141</u> )	<u>\$ (8,818,235</u> )	<u>\$(13,187,491</u> )	<u>\$(15,593,750</u> )	<u>\$(16,190,086</u> )

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Revenues and Other Changes				
in Net Position:				
Governmental activities:				
General revenues:				
Property taxes		\$16,205,480	\$16,054,359	
Other taxes	6,849,542	5,761,670	5,525,372	4,830,052
Franchise taxes	_	_	_	-
Road use tax	_	_	_	_
Unrestricted state utility				
tax replacement	157 <b>,</b> 254	158 <b>,</b> 272	155 <b>,</b> 992	160,367
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific program	96 <b>,</b> 887	_	6,460	162,241
Unrestricted investment income	368,943	1,013,796	682 <b>,</b> 226	641 <b>,</b> 132
Gain (loss) on sale of capital				
assets	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	75 <b>,</b> 967	130,946	52,321	106,062
Transfers	62,622	(54,818)	(121,215)	(100,378)
Total governmental activities	\$22,214,388	\$23,215,346	\$22,355,515	\$20,504,547
Business-type activities:				
General revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 147,450	\$ 148,886	\$ 137,372	\$ 126,798
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific program	-	-	-	_
Unrestricted investment income	214,361	105,188	86,078	71,380
Miscellaneous	193,122	134,024	164,043	123,060
Transfers	(62 <b>,</b> 622)	54,818	121,215	100,378
Total business-type activities	\$ 492,311	\$ 442,916	\$ 508,708	\$ 421,616
Total primary government	<u>\$22,706,699</u>	<u>\$23,658,262</u>	\$22,864,223	\$20,926,163
Change in Net Position:				
Governmental activities	\$ (179,315)	\$ 1,389,338	\$(1,126,912)	\$(1,226,757)
Business-type activities	1,875,308	1,759,045	1,667,563	700,027
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,695,993</u>	\$ 3,148,383	\$ 540,651	<u>\$ (526,730</u> )

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$14,956,662 5,042,539	\$14,594,866 5,319,902	\$14,145,418 4,783,420	\$13,104,150 4,435,891	\$12,884,283 4,576,634	\$12,343,528 5,032,706
13 <b>,</b> 500 -	- -	- -	2,466,138	2,417,780	2,499,599
159,198	156,531	151,361	174,130	186,493	186,315
11,192 233,535	95,746 1,002,440	386,403 596,673	19,107 1,068,587	44,895 795,157	10,001 1,478,799
114,885 (53,496) \$20,478,015	259,331 165,000 \$21,593,816	259,307 (36,000) \$20,286,582	13,663 (3,749) \$21,277,917	265,548 (65,630) \$21,105,160	104,746 (235,136) \$21,420,558
\$ 120,001	\$ 114,460	\$ 113,987	\$ 112 <b>,</b> 825	\$ 105 <b>,</b> 232	\$ 100,873
63,986 76,956 53,496 \$ 314,439	112,040 108,031 (165,000) \$ 169,531	96,638 81,894 36,000 \$ 328,519	133,399 93,300 3,749 \$ 343,273	198,766 170,119 65,630 \$ 539,747	2,825 346,442 103,638 235,136 \$ 581,329
\$20,792,454	\$21,763,347	\$20,615,101	\$21,621,190	\$21,644,907	\$22,209,472
\$ 3,271,734 2,042,883	\$ 8,520,602 4,819,604	\$ 9,082,389 2,714,477	\$ 7,099,531 1,344,168	\$ 3,954,347 2,096,810	\$ 4,132,208 1,887,178
\$ 5,314,617	\$13,340,206	<u>\$11,796,866</u>	\$ 8,433,699	<u>\$ 6,051,157</u>	<u>\$ 6,019,386</u>

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Fund:				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	_	=	=	_
Nonspendable	154,615	139,659	150,431	150 <b>,</b> 177
Restricted	764,810	902,107	1,041,256	1,159,526
Assigned	555 <b>,</b> 113	1,340,521	244,094	209,235
Unassigned	3,807,449	4,477,546	5,531,032	4,182,542
Total general fund	\$ 5,281,987	\$ 6,859,833	\$ 6,966,813	\$ 5,701,480
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	_	=	=	_
Capital project funds	_	_	_	_
Permanent funds	_	_	_	_
Nonspendable	706,119	573 <b>,</b> 521	547 <b>,</b> 542	797 <b>,</b> 680
Restricted	9,385,578	11,657,353	12,698,720	13,572,250
Assigned	1,311,686	1,199,497	1,154,724	1,394,529
Unassigned	(259,100)	<u>(88,029</u> )	(32,253)	3,922,831
Total all other	·		·	
governmental funds	\$11,144,283	\$13,342,342	\$14,368,733	\$19,687,290

Note: The City implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011.

2	2013		2012 2011		2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	214,097	\$	227,684	\$	209,866
	_		_		-	8	3,311,761		7,035,343	3	3,412,260
	43,958		51,565		39 <b>,</b> 912		-		-		-
1,2	14,910	1,2	95 <b>,</b> 953	1,31	L6 <b>,</b> 949		_		-		_
1	44,553	3	74 <b>,</b> 681	4 7	74 <b>,</b> 153		-		-		-
5,5	42,781	5,1	65,554	5,12	25,768		_		_		_
\$ 7,0	46,202	\$ 6,9	87,753	\$ 7,05	56,782	\$ 8	3,525,858	\$	7,263,027	\$ 8	3,622,126
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	L,211,159	\$ 2	L,398,244	\$ 1	1,457,861
	-		-		_	9	9 <b>,</b> 542 <b>,</b> 365	8	3,662,741	8	3,760,295
	-		_		-		654,364	,	2,371,946	3	8,882,653
	-		_		-		175,591		268,182		299,917
6	46,753	6	46,187	64	15,079		_		_		_
12,9	60,704	13,0	67,223	12,0	77,490		_		_		_
1,0	62,246	1,3	78,163	1,38	30,703		_		_		_
•	42,382)	•	56,514)		91,926)						
\$14,4	27,321	\$14,9	35,059	\$12,71	L1,346	\$11	L,583,479	\$12	2,701,113	\$14	1,400,726

## CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$13,457,091	\$13,448,843	\$13,134,275	\$12,800,233
TIF revenues	1,213,704	1,451,725	1,573,744	1,415,513
Other taxes	5,793,587	5,919,944	5,678,666	5,003,919
Licenses and permits	571,825	594,415	580,014	610,516
Intergovernmental	5,912,079	6,025,276	5,207,187	6,043,361
Charges for services	834,127	894,300	754 <b>,</b> 598	708,049
Fines and forfeitures	37 <b>,</b> 919	74 <b>,</b> 775	59 <b>,</b> 722	71,074
Use of money and property	361,485	984,474	660,836	629 <b>,</b> 500
Special assessments	16,125	17,561	22 <b>,</b> 988	20,662
Miscellaneous	712 <b>,</b> 928	917 <b>,</b> 396	643 <b>,</b> 736	751 <b>,</b> 594
Refunds	10,048	27 <b>,</b> 189	11,077	25,555
Total revenues	\$28,920,918	\$30,355,898	\$28,326,843	\$28,079,976
Expenditures:				
Public safety	\$10,092,328	\$10,309,925	\$10,068,835	\$ 9,461,048
Public works	3,665,692	3,429,410	3,488,692	3,388,778
Health and social services	374,330	398,199	439,271	491,775
Culture and recreation	3,110,549	3,222,303	3,184,421	3,061,843
Community and economic development	2,643,901	2,825,572	2,228,117	2,826,482
General government	2,580,027	2,438,650	2,454,268	2,338,806
Capital projects	8,447,797	6,355,203	4,103,833	4,851,153
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	3,425,000	3,330,000	3,446,922	3,024,646
Interest	587 <b>,</b> 989	653 <b>,</b> 668	693 <b>,</b> 901	710,057
Contractual	42,211	37,374	62,138	30,408
Total expenditures	\$34,969,824	\$33,000,304	\$30,170,398	\$30,184,996
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	\$(6,048,906)	<u>\$(2,644,406</u> )	\$(1,843,555)	\$(2,105,020)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of refunding bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Payment to refunding escrow agent	_	_	_	
Issuance of general obligation bonds	1,410,000	1,335,000	3,185,000	895,000
Premium (discount) on bonds issued	379	30,853	128,026	24,165
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	2,852,026	2,505,126	2,488,068	1,754,526
Transfers out	(1,989,404)	(2,359,944)	(2,309,283)	(2,354,904)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 2,273,001	\$ 1,511,035	\$ 3,491,811	\$ 318,787
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$(3,775,905</u> )	<u>\$(1,133,371</u> )	<u>\$ 1,648,256</u>	<u>\$(1,786,233</u> )
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	18.30%	18.16%	19.16%	17.60%
HOHCAPICAL EXPENDITURES	<u>10.30</u> %	10.100	<u>19.10</u> 0	17.00%

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$12,832,251	\$12,329,153	\$11,933,871	\$11,227,096	\$10,615,964	\$ 9,991,874
1,409,284	1,500,976	1,438,648	1,113,291	1,293,624	1,549,165
5,215,237	5,476,433	4,934,781	4,610,021	4,763,020	5,219,025
587,652	598,403	627,128	526,228	594,809	589,770
10,176,181	12,222,158	13,550,171	11,920,642	8,771,337	7,062,389
889,012	950,316	868,987	1,098,884	788,428	673,796
80,084	83,949	81,317	73,912	117,261	88,621
252 <b>,</b> 129	966,669	580,143	1,046,555	747,268	1,408,275
34,981	25 <b>,</b> 990	9,245	16,569	30,900	108,927
997 <b>,</b> 852	690 <b>,</b> 139	1,016,838	637,005	591 <b>,</b> 339	497,160
53 <b>,</b> 316	15 <b>,</b> 396	7,984	34,447	207,873	72 <b>,</b> 695
\$32,527,979	\$34,859,582	\$35,049,113	\$32,304,650	\$28,521,930	\$27,261,697
\$ 8,936,006	\$ 8,935,302	\$ 8,744,332	\$ 8,377,479	\$ 8,121,819	\$ 8,339,910
3,174,323	3,130,523	3,228,134	3,398,998	2,879,684	3,278,651
734,159	853,755	787,650	765,063	750,863	805,599
3,396,606	3,092,889	2,917,485	2,988,797	3,046,106	2,785,729
5,490,905	5,472,392	12,624,763	7,278,193	1,693,168	1,134,548
2,200,056	2,101,725	2,113,201	2,469,483	2,531,895	2,134,146
6,120,323	6,437,190	7,502,631	13,623,213	16,059,284	7,859,352
3,342,294	3,363,870	2,601,875	2,117,833	1,659,835	1,792,073
818,835	956 <b>,</b> 803	993 <b>,</b> 656	955 <b>,</b> 151	634,734	530,122
52 <b>,</b> 780	62 <b>,</b> 470	41,578	9,669	48,424	50,115
\$34,266,287	\$34,406,919	\$41,555,305	\$41,983,879	\$37,425,812	\$28,710,245
\$(1,738,308)	\$ 452,663	\$(6,506,192)	\$(9,679,229)	\$(8,903,882)	\$(1,448,548)
\$ 890,000	\$ 2,144,077	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	\$ -
(860,000)	(1,994,077)	_	_	_	_
1,325,000	1,400,000	5,785,000	9,108,900	5,485,800	2,400,300
(12,485)	(12,980)	(32,017)	25,275	-	(23,422)
- 2,921,668	- 2,828,522	- 2,578,286	- 2,655,746	2,537,998	1,462,290
(2,975,164)	(2,663,521)	(1,849,286)	(1,965,495)	(2,178,628)	(1,697,426)
\$ 1,289,019	\$ 1,702,021	\$ 6,481,983	\$ 9,824,426	\$ 5,845,170	\$ 2,141,742
<u>\$ (449,289</u> )	\$ 2,154,684	<u>\$ (24,209</u> )	<u>\$ 145,197</u>	<u>\$(3,058,712</u> )	\$ 693,194
<u>20.03</u> %	<u>28.09</u> %	<u>18.31</u> %	<u>15.24</u> %	<u>11.61</u> %	<u>12.17</u> %

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Property	Tax	Ag Land	Monies &
Year	Taxes	Increment	Taxes	Credits
2017	\$14 <b>,</b> 091 <b>,</b> 706	\$1 <b>,</b> 213 <b>,</b> 704	\$21 <b>,</b> 322	\$8 <b>,</b> 704
2016	13,862,196	1,474,317	24,393	8,707
2015	13,108,904	1,573,744	16,664	8,707
2014	12,774,262	1,415,513	17,911	8,060
2013	12,807,444	1,409,283	17,403	7,405
2012	12,329,153	1,500,976	17,243	6 <b>,</b> 635
2011	11,933,871	1,438,648	17 <b>,</b> 385	6,028
2010	11,227,096	1,113,291	17 <b>,</b> 898	6,034
2009	10,595,874	1,293,624	20,090	-
2008	9,991,874	1,549,165	17,051	_

Fiscal Year	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Utility Property Tax Replacement	Local Option Sales Tax	Total Taxes
2017	\$728 <b>,</b> 860	\$157 <b>,</b> 254	\$4,873,272	\$21,094,822
2016	624 <b>,</b> 796	158 <b>,</b> 272	3,850,232	20,002,913
2015	686 <b>,</b> 826	155 <b>,</b> 992	2,892,998	18,443,835
2014	581 <b>,</b> 732	160,367	2,551,976	17,509,821
2013	562 <b>,</b> 295	159 <b>,</b> 198	2,681,986	17,645,014
2012	544 <b>,</b> 623	156 <b>,</b> 531	2,836,036	17,391,197
2011	412,712	151 <b>,</b> 361	2,580,116	16,540,121
2010	449,699	174,130	2,460,515	15,448,663
2009	439,464	186,493	2,458,596	14,994,141
2008	333,278	186,316	2,797,987	14,875,671

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Assessed Valuation						
Levy	Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural			
Year	Year	Property	Property	Property	Property			
2016	2017	\$1,103,186,780	\$442 <b>,</b> 166 <b>,</b> 319	\$104 <b>,</b> 191 <b>,</b> 500	\$13 <b>,</b> 535 <b>,</b> 280			
2015	2016	1,098,783,110	384,732,057	106,730,550	15,291,110			
2014	2015	1,091,398,550	352,091,031	99,274,430	15,455,130			
2013	2014	1,090,626,518	385,599,158	106,395,280	18,155,250			
2012	2013	1,084,170,413	375,551,210	99,342,061	12,935,557			
2011	2012	1,082,708,259	375,761,167	105,170,753	13,014,606			
2010	2011	1,087,197,119	373,188,488	116,132,318	10,462,956			
2009	2010	1,075,186,271	358,218,056	118,180,425	10,603,851			
2008	2009	1,073,694,584	357,754,516	123,274,907	7,445,461			
2007	2008	1,059,165,761	334,628,381	118,779,067	7,401,777			

- (1) State mandated rollbacks have been applied to each class of property
- (2) Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: City Assessor

		Total Taxable	Total Direct
Utilities	Total	Valuation (1)(2)	Tax Rate
\$106,961,652	\$1,770,041,531	\$1,219,655,794	13.71268
70,558,190	1,673,095,017	1,145,774,966	13.51799
63,509,283	1,621,728,424	1,084,921,577	13.85102
63,978,505	1,664,754,711	1,132,555,552	13.02255
51,062,791	1,623,062,032	1,106,330,731	13.55111
58,902,940	1,635,557,725	1,096,817,538	13.56506
55,575,034	1,642,555,915	1,079,732,545	13.39427
39,183,481	1,601,372,084	1,026,972,722	12.73451
38,557,472	1,600,726,940	1,016,064,811	12.80116
38,557,472	1,558,532,458	964,618,055	12.67114

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### REGULAR DISTRICTS

CITY OF MASON CITY

CIII OF MASON CIII						
	Debt		Total			
Operating	Service	Retirement	City			
Millage	<u>Millage</u>	Millage	Millage			
8.41239	2.74350	2.55679	13.71268			
8.33064	2.65228	2.53507	13.51799			
8.37904	2.90537	2.56661	13.85102			
8.43261	2.86429	1.72565	13.02255			
8.43639	3.11309	2.00163	13.55111			
8.49471	2.97035	2.10000	13.56506			
8.67914	2.78243	1.93270	13.39427			
8.71062	2.10902	1.91487	12.73451			
8.83574	1.52791	2.43751	12.80116			
8.86866	1.33259	2.46989	12.67114			
	Millage  8.41239 8.33064 8.37904 8.43261 8.43639 8.49471 8.67914 8.71062 8.83574	Debt Service Millage  8.41239 8.33064 8.37904 8.43261 8.43261 8.43639 8.49471 8.67914 8.71062 8.83574 Debt Service Millage  2.74350 2.74350 2.65228 2.90537 2.90537 2.90537 2.86429 2.86429 2.10902 2.10902 2.10902 2.10902	Debt Millage         Service Millage         Retirement Millage           8.41239         2.74350         2.55679           8.33064         2.65228         2.53507           8.37904         2.90537         2.56661           8.43261         2.86429         1.72565           8.43639         3.11309         2.00163           8.49471         2.97035         2.10000           8.67914         2.78243         1.93270           8.71062         2.10902         1.91487           8.83574         1.52791         2.43751			

Source: Cerro Gordo County Auditor

Note: The City's general fund maximum property tax rate may only be \$8.10 per \$1,000 of valuation. The remaining portion of the operating rate and the rates for debt service and retirement are set based on each year's requirements.

#### MASON CITY COMMUNITY

CERRO	GORDO COU	NTY	SC	HOOL DISTR	ICT		
	Debt	Total		Debt	Total		
Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	School		Total
Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Other	Millage
5.68836	.54478	6.23314	12.69734	1.43302	14.13036	3.00375	37.07993
5.68836	.56098	6.24934	12.51573	1.43507	13.95080	3.00375	36.72188
5.84151	.40783	6.24934	11.32710	1.87119	13.19829	3.00375	36.30240
5.83306	.40276	6.23582	11.04654	_	11.04654	3.00375	33.30866
5.81660	.41922	6.23582	13.31719	_	13.31719	3.00375	36.10787
5.81660	.43417	6.25077	15.11036	_	15.11036	3.00375	37.92994
5.81451	.45591	6.27042	15.11732	_	15.11732	3.00375	37.78576
5.82555	.46592	6.29147	13.61683	_	13.61683	3.00375	35.64656
5.83059	.48632	6.31691	13.67407	_	13.67407	3.00375	35.79589
5.83592	.75876	6.59468	14.08418	-	14.08418	3.00375	36.35375

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
Interstate Power Company	\$ 99,756,045	1	5.64%
Golden Grain Energy, LLC	20,849,490	2	1.18
MFF Mortgage Borrower 20, LLC	16,488,630	3	0.93
Lehigh Portland Cement Company.	15,277,140	4	0.86
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	14,058,960	5	0.79
AADG, Inc.	11,854,330	6	0.67
IPE 1031 Rev 161, LLC & IPE 1031 Rev 172, LLC	11,623,620	7	0.66
(formally known as Principal Mutual Life Insurance Group)			
Mason City Shopping Center LP	11,298,470	8	0.64
Dayton Hudson Corp.	10,395,790	9	0.59
Menards, Inc.	9,713,280	10	0.55
Northwestern States Cement-Holnam, Inc.	_		_
Downtown Mall Associates	_		-
Mills Fleet Farm	_		-
Mercy Medical Center - North Iowa	-		-
Total	\$221,315,755		<u>12.51</u> %

Source: City Assessor

	2008	
Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
\$ 33,329,538 15,519,632	1 3 2	2.14%
18,196,012 10,762,510 14,882,318	2 7 4	1.17 0.69 0.95
9,393,830	10	0.60
-	_	_
	_	_
13,363,723	5	0.86
11,439,113	6	0.73
10,651,904 9,698,158	8 9	0.68 0.62
\$147,236,738	, and the second	<u>9.45</u> %

### CITY OF MASON CITY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	For Fiscal		Collected N Fiscal Year	Within the of the Levy	Collections
Levy	Year Ended	Total		Percentage	in Subsequent
Year	June 30,	Tax Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years
2016	2017	\$14,287,266	\$13 <b>,</b> 945 <b>,</b> 957	97.61%	\$ -
2015	2016	14,019,135	13,731,010	97.94	-
2014	2015	14,405,234	14,101,474	97.89	-
2013	2014	13,543,634	13,249,201	97.83	-
2012	2013	13,822,521	13,488,070	97.58	5,168
2011	2012	13,368,985	13,106,318	98.04	1,560
2010	2011	12,949,529	12,922,145	99.79	20,728
2009	2010	12,269,045	12,246,928	99.82	16,935
2008	2009	11,901,194	11,885,781	99.87	11,174
2007	2008	11,065,910	11,062,272	99.97	1,602

Total	Col	lections	+0	Dato
TOTAL	COT	rections	EO	Date

	Percentage
Amount	of Levy
\$13,945,957	97.61%
13,731,010	97.94
14,101,474	97.89
13,249,201	97.83
13,493,238	97.62
13,107,878	98.05
12,942,873	99.95
12,264,391	99.96
11,897,573	99.97
11,063,874	99.98

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### Governmental Activities

Fiscal	General C	Obligation	TIF Revenue	Settlement
Year	Bonds	Notes	Bonds	<u>Note</u>
2017	\$16,665,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2016	18,680,000	<u> </u>	_	_
2015	20,675,000	_	_	_
2014	20,936,911	_	_	_
2013	23,066,557	_	_	_
2012	23,854,077	150,000	1,049,774	_
2011	25,339,320	295,000	1,233,400	_
2010	21,684,866	594 <b>,</b> 958	1,404,774	_
2009	14,138,132	884 <b>,</b> 958	1,569,339	_
2008	9,776,550	1,333,671	1,727,044	-

			Business-Typ	e Activities	
Fiscal	General Obligation		Revenue	Capital	
Year	Bonds	Notes	Bonds	Lease	
2017	\$5,200,000	\$ <b>-</b>	\$14,735,000	\$ <b>-</b>	
2016	5,818,000	_	16,512,000	_	
2015	6,785,000	_	18,231,000	_	
2014	4,883,090	36,000	20,061,480	_	
2013	5,928,444	123,169	21,971,273	_	
2012	6,100,923	205,085	23,821,018	_	
2011	7,050,680	282 <b>,</b> 887	25,602,694	_	
2010	6,840,134	356 <b>,</b> 890	27,146,278	_	
2009	6,236,868	696 <b>,</b> 052	26,057,827	_	
2008	5,903,450	410,780	18,740,604	105,480	

#### Total

\$16,665,000 18,680,000 20,675,000 20,936,911 23,066,557 25,053,851 26,867,720 23,684,598 16,592,429 12,837,265

Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per <u>Capita</u>
\$19,935,000	\$36,600,000	3.25%	\$1 <b>,</b> 337
22,330,000	41,010,000	3.23	1,498
25,016,000	45,691,000	3.45	1,627
24,980,570	45,917,481	3.59	1,635
28,022,886	51,089,443	4.41	1,819
30,127,026	55,180,877	5.09	1,965
32,936,261	59,803,981	6.14	2,130
34,343,302	58,027,900	5.37	1,989
32,990,747	49,583,176	4.91	1,700
25,160,314	37,997,579	3.88	1,303

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Levy		Taxable Assessed	Gross Bonded	Less Debt Service
Year	Population(1)	Value(2)	Debt	<u>Funds</u>
2017	27 <b>,</b> 366	\$1,219,655,794	\$ 21,865,000	\$266 <b>,</b> 664
2016	27 <b>,</b> 366	1,114,774,966	24,495,000	231,420
2015	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,084,921,577	27,460,000	202,580
2014	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,132,555,552	25,856,001	28,884
2013	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,089,127,619	29,118,278	(10,025)
2012	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,076,208,365	30,310,085	(8,624)
2011	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,079,732,545	32,967,887	(121,160)
2010	29 <b>,</b> 172	1,026,972,722	29,476,848	61,630
2009	29 <b>,</b> 172	1,016,064,811	21,956,010	267 <b>,</b> 858
2008	29,172	964,618,055	17,424,451	362,803

Levy <u>Year</u>	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2017	\$21,598,336	1.77%	\$ 789.24
2016	24,263,580	2.18	886.63
2015	27,257,420	2.51	970.74
2014	25,827,117	2.28	919.80
2013	29,128,303	2.67	1,037.37
2012	30,318,709	2.82	1,079.76
2011	33,089,047	3.06	1,178.43
2010	29,415,218	2.86	1,008.34
2009	21,688,152	2.13	743.46
2008	17,061,648	1.77	584.86

#### Source:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) City Assessor

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2017

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To City Of Mason City	Amount Applicable To City Of Mason City
Direct:			
City of Mason City (1)	\$16,665,000	100.00%	\$16,665,000
Overlapping (2):			
Mason City Community			
School District	\$29,258,595	89.50%	\$26,195,962
Cerro Gordo County	7,810,000	42.64%	3,330,184
North Iowa Area Community College	35,300,000	-	_
Total overlapping	\$72,368,595		\$29,526,146
Total	\$89,033,595		\$46,191,146

Source: Information provided by individual unit.

- (1) Excluding general obligation debt reported in the Enterprise Funds
- (2) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Mason City. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident—and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Debt limit Total net debt applicable	\$86,235,690	\$83,345,118	\$83,252,607	\$83,237,735
to limit	21,865,000	24,495,000	27,460,000	25,820,000
<pre>Legal debt margin Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage</pre>	\$64,370,690	\$58,850,118	<u>\$55,792,607</u>	<u>\$57,417,735</u>
of debt limit as a percentage	<u>25.35</u> %	<u>29.39</u> %	<u>32.98</u> %	<u>31.02</u> %

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Actual assessed valuation:		
Real property	\$1,	705,345,021
Utilities		19,368,775
Total actual assessed valuation	\$1,	724,713,796
Debt limit - 5% of actual valuation	\$	86,235,690
Total net debt applicable to limit		21,865,000
Legal debt margin	\$	64,370,690

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$82,847,356	\$81,919,465	\$82,821,479	\$80,068,604	\$80,036,347	\$77,926,623
28,995,000	31,154,774	33,918,400	30,524,732	23,206,321	15,643,215
<u>\$53,852,356</u>	<u>\$50,764,691</u>	\$48,903,079	<u>\$49,543,872</u>	<u>\$56,830,026</u>	\$62,283,408
34.99%	<u>38.03</u> %	40.95%	38.12%	28.99%	<u>20.07</u> %

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - SEWER LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses(1)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service
2017	\$4,695,450	\$2,037,107	\$2,658,343
2016	4,370,454	1,971,813	2,398,641
2015	4,335,092	1,978,379	2,356,793
2014	4,195,815	1,910,662	2,285,153
2013	4,374,579	1,898,650	2,475,929
2012	4,442,947	1,954,110	2,488,837
2011	5,231,916	1,672,145	3,559,771
2010	4,405,338	2,014,228	2,391,110
2009	4,442,190	1,908,966	2,533,224
2008	3,173,779	1,786,007	1,387,772

Fiscal	Debt	ents		
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2017	\$590 <b>,</b> 000	\$280 <b>,</b> 770	\$ 870,770	3.05
2016	571,000	297,000	868,000	2.76
2015	883,000	327,360	1,210,360	1.95
2014	851,000	355 <b>,</b> 725	1,206,725	1.89
2013	824,000	383,290	1,207,290	2.05
2012	793,000	409,590	1,202,590	2.07
2011	897 <b>,</b> 000	437,287	1,334,287	2.66
2010	867 <b>,</b> 000	413,322	1,280,322	1.86
2009	690,000	169,170	859 <b>,</b> 170	2.95
2008	450,000	119,760	569 <b>,</b> 760	2.43

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - WATER LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses(1)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service
2017	\$5 <b>,</b> 992 <b>,</b> 973	\$3 <b>,</b> 376 <b>,</b> 976	\$2,615,997
2016	5,858,228	3,333,041	2,525,187
2015	5 <b>,</b> 706 <b>,</b> 729	3,114,612	2,592,117
2014	5,554,001	3,223,986	2,330,015
2013	5,751,609	3,161,914	2,589,695
2012	5,476,898	3,164,908	2,311,990
2011	5,337,691	3,263,510	2,074,181
2010	5,171,917	3,315,053	1,856,864
2009	4,950,216	3,145,518	1,804,698
2008	4,889,040	3,065,967	1,823,073

Fiscal	Debt	Debt Service Requirements				
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage		
2017	\$1,187,000	\$141 <b>,</b> 638	\$1,328,638	1.97		
2016	1,148,000	149,038	1,297,038	1.95		
2015	1,109,000	196,048	1,305,048	1.99		
2014	1,071,000	221,675	1,292,675	1.80		
2013	1,038,000	366,230	1,404,230	1.84		
2012	1,001,000	399,010	1,400,010	1.65		
2011	970,000	430,760	1,400,760	1.48		
2010	940,000	461,453	1,401,453	1.32		
2009	915,000	491,288	1,406,288	1.28		
2008	775,000	502,103	1,277,103	1.43		

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Income(2)	Median Age(2)	School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)
2017	27,366	\$1,191,105	\$43 <b>,</b> 525	43.00	3,744	3.5%
2016	27 <b>,</b> 366	1,149,618	42,009	41.90	3 <b>,</b> 737	3.7
2015	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,322,633	47,104	44.40	3,746	4.5
2014	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,277,511	45 <b>,</b> 497	43.80	3 <b>,</b> 725	4.8
2013	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,157,557	41,225	43.80	3 <b>,</b> 751	5.4
2012	28 <b>,</b> 079	1,082,586	38 <b>,</b> 555	43.30	3 <b>,</b> 796	6.5
2011	28 <b>,</b> 079	974 <b>,</b> 538	34 <b>,</b> 707	43.30	3 <b>,</b> 860	6.6
2010	29 <b>,</b> 172	1,080,618	37,043	42.10	3 <b>,</b> 909	7.9
2009	29 <b>,</b> 172	1,010,401	34,636	42.40	3,649	5.4
2008	29,172	980,850	33,623	41.70	3,969	3.5

Source: (1) U.S. Census Bureau decennial census

- (2) Department of Economic Development, State Demographer
- (3) Mason City Community School District
- (4) Iowa Workforce Development

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017	
			Percent of
			Total City
Employer	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employment
Mercy Medical Center - North IA	2,600	1	18.31%
Curries Manufacturing Company	669	2	4.71
Mason City Schools	655	3	4.61
Principal Financial Group	406	4	2.86
Cargill Kitchens Solutions	264	5	1.86
Smithfield	256	6	1.80
City of Mason City	252	7	1.77
Cerro Gordo County	249	8	1.75
Wal-Mart	223	9	1.57
North Iowa Community College	221	10	1.56
Armour Food Co.	_	_	-
Woodharbor Molding & Millwork	_	_	-
Graham Manufacturing	_	_	-
Kraft Foods		_	
Total	<u>5,795</u>		<u>40.80</u> %

Source: North Iowa Corridor Economic Development Corporation

Mason City Chamber of Commerce Iowa Workforce Development

20	80
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Rank	Percent of Total City Employment
1	16.92%
2	6.47
3	3.80
4	3.44
_	_
_	_
6	2.36
_	_
_	_
10	1.60
9	1.63
5	2.61
7	1.82
8	1.79
	<u>42.44</u> %
	1 2 3 4 - - 6 - 10 9 5

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public safety:	4.6	F.O.	47	4 =	4.5
Police - sworn	46 5	50 5	47 5	45 5	45 5
Police - civilian Fire - sworn	-	-	-		_
	44	44	44	44	45
Fire - civilian	2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1
Building Inspection	2	2	2	2	2
Plumbing/Electrical Inspection	۷	۷	2	2	۷
Public works:					
Airport	5	5	5	5	5
Street	23	21	21	19	20
Arborist	1	1	1	1	1
Engineer	7	7	7	6	6
Health and social services:					
Youth Task Force	4	3	3	5	5
Health	1	1	1	1	1
Human Rights	-	-	-	-	1
Culture and recreation:					
Parks	6	6	6	6	6
Recreation	4	4	4	4	5
Library	14	15	17	17	17
Museum	7	6	7	7	7
Community and economic development:					
Neighborhood Services	3	4	4	3	3
Growth Development and Planning	4	3	3	3	3
Transit	16	16	17	18	16
General government:					
Administrator	2	2	2	2	2
Mayor	-	_	_	_	_
Finance	10	10	10	10	10
Clerk	1	1	1	1	1
City Hall	_	_	_	_	1
Personnel/Safety	2	2	2	2	2
Business-type activities:					
Water	18	18	18	18	18
Sewer	15	15	15	15	15
Sanitation	12	12	11	12	12
Cemetery	3	3	3	3	3
Golf course	3	3	2	2	2
Total	<u>261</u>	<u>262</u>	<u>262</u>	<u>259</u>	<u>262</u>

Source: City Finance Department

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
45	48	48	48	45
5	5	5	2	4
44	44	44	44	44
2	2	2	2	2
2	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	1	2
5	5	5	5	5
21	21	20	22	21
1	1	1	1	1
7	7	7	7	7
4	3	4	5	4
1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	2
6	6	6	6	7
3	3	3	4	4
18	18	14	15	15
7	7	7	7	7
3	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3
14	16	17	17	14
3	2	2	2	2
11	11	11	11	11
1	1	1	2	2
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
18	19	19	18	19
14	16	16	16	16
10	12	12	11	12
3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2
<u>261</u>	<u>269</u>	<u> 266</u>	<u>266</u>	<u>263</u>

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police:					
Physical arrests	3,110	3,032	2,904	3,260	3,428
Parking violations Traffic violations	2,414	2,101	•	3,078	2,288
Trailic violations	3 <b>,</b> 568	2 <b>,</b> 675	3,497	3,497	5,210
Fire:					
Fire calls answered	882	676	609	811	795
Ambulance calls answered	5,044	4,962	5 <b>,</b> 068	4,528	4,430
Inspections	1,778	1,735	1,113	708	1,103
Highways and streets:					
Street resurfacing (miles)	_	_	0.79	1.20	1.63
Potholes repaired	6,000	5 <b>,</b> 550		6,000	5,900
-					
Sanitation:					
Refuse collected (tons/day)	30.76				
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	3.95	4.21	4.43	4.53	4.90
Culture and recreation:					
Aquatic Center admissions	31,984	35 <b>,</b> 799	32,791	31,199	37,817
Water:	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
New connections Water main breaks	29 12	32 8	39 11	38 33	32 11
Average daily consumption	12	0	11	33	11
(thousands of gallons)	4,336	4,249	4,528	4,542	4,542
	·	·	·	·	·
Wastewater:					
Average daily sewage treatment	7 005	6 848	6 011	F 400	F 400
(thousands of gallons)	7 <b>,</b> 995	6 <b>,</b> 747	6,311	5,499	5 <b>,</b> 499

Source: Various city departments

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
3,082	2,779	2,295	4,129	3,049
2,678	4,432	4,161	5,885	7,560
5,366	5,311	2,043	3,117	5,952
839	793	731	762	766
4,434	4,057	3,755	3,912	4,032
1,961	1,690	1,411	1,216	1,025
0.37	2.68	2.40	2.60	3.04
5,500	5,400	5,300	5,000	5,000
29.00	31.94	32.60	27.50	32.52
	4.84	4.86	5.50	5.50
42,811	42,179	33,616	39,074	39,726
26	31	15	21	3
21	17	17	11	10
4,828	5,300	5,324	5,865	5,673
6 <b>,</b> 712	6,810	6,689	6 <b>,</b> 658	7,421

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Function</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public safety:					
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1
Public works:					
Street miles:					
Paved	153.16	152.49	152.32	152.32	152.49
Unpaved	40.93	40.93	40.93	40.93	41.12
Street lights	1,784	1,770	1,770	1,768	1,767
Culture and recreation:					
Parks	41	41	41	41	41
Acreage	639	639	639	639	639
Playgrounds	12	12	12	12	12
Baseball/softball diamonds	12	12	12	12	12
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	7	7	7	7	7
Pickleball courts	6	-	-	-	-
Business-type activities:					
Sewer miles:					
Storm	50.12	49.35	49.01	48.46	48.46
Sanitary	165.18	164.99	164.57	164.57	164.57
Cemetery:					
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1
Acreage	74.12	74.12	74.12	74.12	74.12

Source: Various city departments

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
1 1	1 1	1	1	1 1
152.39	152.33	152.33	152.06	151.93
41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
1,765	1,761	1,761	1,760	1,760
41	41	41	41	41
639	639	639	639	639
12	12	12	12	12
12	12	12	12	12
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
7	7	7	7	7
48.46	48.13	48.13	47.95	47.95
164.57	164.53	164.53	164.31	164.31
1	1	1	1	1
74.12	74.12	74.12	74.12	74.12

# COMPLIANCE SECTION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mason City, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mason City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City of Mason City, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control described as item II-A-17 in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, to be a material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mason City, Iowa's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2017 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

#### City of Mason City, Iowa's Response to Findings

The City of Mason City, Iowa's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City of Mason City, Iowa's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Mason City, Iowa, during the course of our audit.

Charles City, Iowa

Kronlage & Obon , P. C.

December 27, 2017

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mason City, Iowa

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Mason City, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget* (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City of Mason City, Iowa's major federal programs are identified in the Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Mason City, Iowa's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the City of Mason City, Iowa's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Mason City, Iowa's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Mason City, Iowa, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Mason City, Iowa is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal programs and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mason City, Iowa's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-17, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The City of Mason City, Iowa's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City of Mason City, Iowa's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles City, Iowa

Kronlage & Olon, P.C.

December 27, 2017

#### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

IEAR ENDER	30, 2017		
Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-Through Number	Program Expenditures
DIRECT:	<u>Number</u>	Number	<u>nxpendredres</u>
Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program		3-19-0059-42-2016	•
Airport Improvement Program		3-19-0059-43-2017	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0059-41-2015	•
Passenger Facility Charge		12-03-C-00-MCW	33,706
Total direct			\$ 484,094
Department of Housing and Urban Development  Iowa Department of Economic Development  Community Development Block Grant/  State Program	<u>ıt</u>		
Owner Occupied Housing Rehab	14.228	15-HSG-002	\$ 76 <b>,</b> 207
Department of Justice:  Governor's Office of Drug Control Politics Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	<u>.cy</u>		
Assistance Grant Program	16.738	14-JAG-159385	\$ 55 <b>,</b> 208
<pre>Iowa Department of Justice   Federal Violence Against Women   Formula Grant</pre>	16.588	VW-17-07-CJ	26,685
Total			\$ 81,893
Department of Transportation: <u>Iowa Department of Transportation</u> Highway Planning and Construction			
Federal Aid Agreement- Monroe Avenu Trail	20.205	STP-E-4822 (632)-8V-17	\$ 200,000
Formula Grants for Other than Urbani	zed Areas		
Operating Assistance Total	20.509	2016-018-482-17	385,132 \$ 585,132
Department of Health and Human Services			
Projects of Regional and			
National Significance	93.243	1H79SM062812-01	\$ 45,664
Projects of Regional and			
National Significance Total	93.243	5H79SM062812-02	82,306 \$ 127,970
Department of Homeland Security: <u>Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency</u> <u>Management Division</u>			
Hazard Mitigation Grant 22 <sup>nd</sup> Street	97.039 HMGP-I	DR-4126-0012-01	\$ 129,288
Total indirect			\$1,000,490
Total expenditures of federal a	wards		\$1,484,584

### CITY OF MASON CITY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2017

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Mason City under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Mason City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of the City of Mason City.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

<u>Indirect Cost Rate</u> - City of Mason City has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results:

- (a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- (b) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (c) One material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (d) The audit disclosed one material weakness in internal control over the major federal program.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance Section 200.515.
- (g) The major programs tested were:
  - CFDA Number 20.106 Airport Improvement Program
  - CFDA Number 97.039 Hazard Mitigation grant
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

#### INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:

There were no prior year or current year instances of noncompliance noted.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

Financial Statement Classification and Valuation - It was noted that the City's financial statements required several material adjusting journal entries to properly classify and value the financial statement amounts. A system of internal control includes the controls over the preparation of the financial statements.

Recommendation - There has been improvement in the initial determination of the financial statement classifications and amounts by the finance department. Additional instruction and supervision should be given by their direct supervisor. In addition, the finance supervisor should review work on a regular basis to determine the correct classification and valuation of amounts in the financial statements.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  - We will be providing additional guidance and supervision to assist with financial statement preparation, including the proper classification and valuation

#### Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

#### INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:

There were no prior year or current year instances of noncompliance noted.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

CFDA Number 20.106: Airport Improvement Grant

Pass through Agency Number: Federal Award Year: 2017

U.S. Department of Transportation

III-A-17 Financial Statement Classification and Valuation

(2017-001) The City did not property classify and value various accounts, including those related to this federal program. See item II-A-17.

#### Part IV: Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-17 Official Depositories A resolution naming official depositories has been adopted by the City Council.
- IV-B-17 Certified Budget Disbursements before amendment exceeded amounts budgeted. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states in part that public monies not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation. Disbursements after amendment during the year ended June 30, 2017, did not exceed the amended amounts budgeted.

 $\overline{\text{Chapter 384.14}}$  - The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.14 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  - We will monitor expenses and amend the budget prior to exceeding the budget.

- IV-C-17 <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No expenditures that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- IV-D-17 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

#### Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

 $\frac{\text{Business Transactions}}{\text{officials or employees are detailed as follows:}} - \text{Business transactions between the City and City}$ 

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction <pre>Description</pre>	Amount
Brian Perkins, N IA Corridor Economics - MetalCraft, Controller	Reimbursement	\$ 596
Jean McAleer, Youth Task Force Francis Lauer Youth Shelter, Director	Ice Machine Repair	700
Tony Johnson, Plumbing Appeals & Exam Board - Johnson Heating/AC, President	Buy money	972
Jeff Brinkley, Housing Commission- City of Mason City, Police Chief	Buy money	1,200
Mike McKelvey, Youth Task Force- City of Mason City, Police Captain	Buy money	1,200
Craig MacDougall, Plumbing Appeals & Exam Board, Hank's Plumbing, Owner	Repairs, Advertising and training	1,395
Robin Anderson, Youth Task Force Mason City Chamber of Commerce, Director	Repairs and supplies	1,927
Jay Leaman, Electrical Examiners & Appeals - The Electricians, Owner	Miscellaneous Electrical repairs	2,873
Steve Clausen, Plumbing Appeals & Exam Board, -Clausen Plumbing, Owner	Plumbing repairs	5 <b>,</b> 072
Les Seltun, N IA Diversity Appreciation - Control Print Creative, Owner	Printng services	5,704
Troy Elwood, Plumbing Appeals & Exam Board - Larry Elwood Construction, Owner	Snow plowing	5 <b>,</b> 998

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount
Dan Varnum,. N IA Corridor Economics Development - Mercy Medical Center, N IA, President, CEO	Refund	7,366
Mark Ewy, Housing Advisory & Appeals - Custom Auto Body, Owner/Self Employed	Various Repairs	10,655
Dennis Reidel, Library Board - Overhead Door of Mason City, President, CEO, CFO	Various Repairs	11,708
Tom Douglas, Housing Advisory & Appeals Edwards Brandt Insurance & Realty, Partial Owner	Airport Insurance	25 <b>,</b> 280
Colleen Devine, Communications Utility Board & N IA Diversity Appreciation - Mainstreet Mason City, Executive Director	Agency funding	30,000
Walter Wendland, MacNider Museum Board - Golden Grain Energy, President/CEO	Tax rebate	168,516
Cheryl Hubbard, Building Advisory & Appeals - Henkel Construction, Construction Project Manager	Construction services	1,335,516
Gary Schmit, NIA Coordinator Economic Development, Henkel Construction, Vice President	Construction Services	1,335,516

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(10) of the Code of Iowa, the first six transactions do not appear to represent a conflict of interest since the transactions were less than \$1,500\$ during the fiscal year.

All or significant amounts of the payments to Edwards Brandt Insurance & Realty, Mercy Medical Center, N IA, Overhead Door of Mason City, Mainstreet Mason City, Henkel Construction and Golden Grain Energy were competitively bid, or part of a development agreement and, therefore, do not represent a conflict of interest. The remaining items may represent conflicts of interest. The City should consult legal counsel to determine the disposition of this matter.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  - We will do this.

#### Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

IV-F-17

Related Party Purchase Discrepancies - City purchasing policy requires department heads to obtain competitive bids (to include publication of a request for bids, description of the item being sought and a public opening and award of bids) for all annual cumulative purchase from a City employee, official or member of a board or commission exceeding \$1,500. Department heads are not aware of this policy and are not complying with the policy.

Recommendation - The policy should be reviewed to determine if this is the policy that the City actually wishes to enforce. The policy requires department heads to know the extent of purchases from a related party and would essentially require publication and taking of bids for purchases of minimal amounts.

<u>Response</u> - We are presently reviewing the policy to determine the extent of restrictions desired by the council.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-G-17 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-H-17 Deposits and Investments We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- IV-I-17 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
- IV-J-17 <u>Revenue Bonds No instances of noncompliance with water or sewer revenue note provisions were noted.</u>
- IV-K-17 <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> The Annual Urban Renewal Report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1 and no exceptions were noted.
- IV-L-17 <u>Financial Condition</u> At June 30, 2017, the City had deficit balances in the following funds:

#### Special Revenue Fund:

Southside TIF \$ 42,575 Mason City Downtown 213,130 Housing 3,395 Softball Improvement 7,664

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits to return these funds to a sound financial position.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  - The City will review available resources to return these funds to a sound financial position.

# CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA Corrective Action Plan for Federal Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

Comment Number Comment Title	Corrective Action Planned	Contact Person Title, Phone Number	Anticipated Date of Completion
III-A-17 Financial (2017-001) statement classification	We will provide additional guidance and supervision to the finance department staff.	Kevin Jacobson Director of Finance 641-421-3613	June 30, 2018

### CITY OF MASON CITY, IOWA Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Finding 2016-001: Determination of Accounts and Contracts Payable

<u>Condition</u> - Material amounts of accounts and contracts payable were not being properly recognized.

Recommendation - Additional instructions and processes should be developed to assist in arriving at a materially correct number for these items.

Current Status - This has been corrected for the current year.

#### Finding 2016-002: Financial Statement Classification and Valuation

<u>Condition</u> - Material adjusting journal entries were required to properly classify and value financial statement amounts.

Recommendation - Additional instruction and supervision by the Director of Finance would reduce the number and amount of misstatements.

<u>Current Status</u> - Additional oversight was provided this year, but additional supervision and oversight is required.

#### Finding 2016-003: Financial Statement Findings

See items 2016-001 and 2016-002 above.

